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Egypt ... 85 P. Libye... ... Dn. 0.30
Ern ... 459 F.M. Lucembourg ... 30 LFr. Turker ... 4.50 S.F.
Fridand ... 4.50 F.M. Madeira ... 45 Esc. Turkey ... 6.50 Deh
Germany ... 200 D.M. Maits ... 30 Cents ... 14A.E. ... 6.50 Deh
Great Britain ... 30 P. Morocco ... 4.50 Dh. U.S. Mil. (Sur.) ... 50.75
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PARIS, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1981

Army Deposes Dacko

In Nonviolent Coup

BANGUI, Central African Re-

public - President David

Dacko was ousted Tuesday by

the army almost two years after

he overthrew his uncle. Jean-

Bédel Bokassa, in a French-

Radio Bangui said the president had resigned at the request of Gen. André Kolingba, the

armed forces chief of staff. It said political parties and the constitution had been suspend-

Informed sources said Tues-

day night that the army planned

to set up a military committee to run the country. They said it was

not yet known who would serve on the committee or how long it

According to a spokesman at the French External Relations Ministry in Paris, Mr. Dacko's

doctor said in a telephone call to

Paris that the president had re-signed for health reasons.

main at his farm in Mokinda, about 60 miles (96 kilometers)

from the capital, and Gen. Kol-

ingba told former ministers to

remain at their homes until fur-

ther orders, The Associated

Mr. Dacko was ordered to re-

would hold power.

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Established 1887

S. Africa Says Soviet Soldiers Slain and Captured in Angola

CAPE TOWN - Several Soviet and one has been taken prisoner during the South African raid into Angola, Defense Minister Magnus Malan said Tuesday.

Gen. Malan said in a statement carried by the news agency SAPA that among those killed were Soviet officers, and a Soviet warrant officer was taken prisoner. He did not say how many were killed.

There was no immediate Soviet reaction to the South African

U.S. Vetoes UNAction

UNITED NATIONS, New York — The United States, in a sharp public split with its closest allies, has cast a veto in the Security Council to block a resolution condemning South Africa's raid last week into Angola. The vote was

13-1, with Britam abstaining
France, Japan, Ireland and
Spain joined other council members from Communist and Third World countries Monday in voting for a strong condemnation, which stopped short of any reference to sanctions against South Africa.

The deputy U.S. representative to the United Nations, Charles Lichenstein, said, "The United States had to vote against a resolution which places the blame solely on South Africa for the escalation of violence which plagues the en-

Some diplomats feared that the open break among allies would undermine the five year-long effort by the United States, Britain, France, West Germany and Canada to negotiate terms of independence for South-West Africa (Namibia), a former German tecritory istered by South Africa. The vote was seen as a setback for the Western plan for Nantibian inde-

Its impact was all the more

By Brian Mooney

WARSAW - The leader of the

Solidarity free trade union, Lech

Walesa, called Tuesday night for

an end to "stupid polemics" and

But the labor leader, speaking

on state radio and television, lam-

basted the government-controlled

media for giving what he said was

a false image of his 9.5-million-

Mr. Walesa, quoted earlier as

saying that Solidarity would have

to assume responsibility for the destiny of the nation because Poles

had lost confidence in the authori-

ties, spoke in an interview with

The Warsaw Solidarity boss,

Zbigniew Bujak, said Poland faced

such a serious crisis that the union

could not let anyone monopolize the mass media. 'No propaganda

based on lies can endure," he said,

Mr. Walesa said that Premier

Yes, Mr. Premier, we will,"

Wojciech Jaruzelski had recently

three other union leaders.

said Solidarity wanted to serve so-

member union.

ciety rather than seize power.

the presence of foreign military forces in Angola had been height-ened by the South African report. But the department said it had no independent confirmation of the South African announcement

Western diplomats in Moscow said it would take some time for the Communist leadership to fornulate its response.

The Soviet Union has never admitted sending military personnel to Angola. The diplomats said South Africa's claim could prove

Opposing South Africa

ing efforts to speak and vote with a single voice on issues involving southern Africa at the United Na-

> African perceptions of U.S. intentions were not likely to be as sharply affected, however, because the vote was preceded last weekend by a statement on the U.S. po-sition toward southern Africa by Chester A. Crocker, assistant secretary of state for African affairs, who said the United States will not choose between black and white"

in dealings with South Africa.
One U.S. official conceded that the victors of Monday's vote were South Africa and the Soviet Union, which portrayed the vote as an example of the West's mability to resolve southern African ques-

For South Africa, the vote was a tangible result of the new U.S. pol-icy of "neutrality" on African questions, which gives Pretoria a free hand to maintain its tough postion on Namibia and on the in-ternal system of apartheid. South Africa reported last week that its troops entered Angolan territory to wipe out Namibian guerrilla po-sitions, and said Monday that its troops were withdrawing.

Mr. Lichenstein, winte deploring

the South African action in Ango-(Confissed on Page 2, Col. 7)

Walesa Calls for End to Polemics,

Attacks Regime for Media Policy

the birth of the union movement.

In a newspaper interview conducted Monday and reported

Tuesday by the news agency, PAP,

Mr. Walesa said the Communist

authorities were losing public sup-

"Things have got to the point that the authorities are losing pub-

he acceptance and support

This situation forces us to assume

responsibility for the country's destiny," Mr. Walesa told the

Roman Catholic daily, Slowo

The interview was to mark Mon-

day's first anniversary of the Gdansk labor accords. The union

observed the anniversary in a gen-

erally subdued mood. It coincided

with steep increases in the price of

bread and cereals and was fol-

lowed by detergent rationing Tues-

Mr. Walesa's television com-

ments were made on one of two

programs offered to Solidarity be-fore its first national congress as

and strikes over government refus-

In Washington, the State De-highly embarrassing to the Krem-partment said its concern about lin. If Pretoria's claim to have captured a Soviet warrant officer proved true it would be the first time there had been any firm evi-dence of Soviet military personnel in southern Africa.

Meanwhile, a South African military spokesman said his country's troop withdrawal from southern Angola has been delayed by mines laid since the drive northward against guerrilla bases of the South-West Africa People's Organization began over a week ago. SWAPO is waging a guerrilla war to end South African rule of South-West Africa (Namibia).

The spokesman said most of the South Africans had left the town of N'Giva, the capital of Cunene province, about 40 kilometers (25 miles) from the border with Namibia. Angola said Tuesday that South African troops were show-

ing no sign of withdrawing.

[Angola's ambassador to Portugal, Adriano Sebastião, said Tuesday that heavy fighting was continuing in southern Angola between government troops and the rem-nants of the 4,000-man South African strike force, United Press In-ternational reported from Lisbon. Mr. Sebastiao termed South African claims that they were with-drawing a "diversionary tactic" to hide their intentions to permanent-

ly occupy southern Angola.

He warned the South Africans that if they continued to remain inside Angola the government be forced to "actively employ the internationalist Cuban forces" permuemanonalist Cuban forces" per-manently stationed in Angola, UPI reported.

Proof Seen

Gen. Malan said it had been generally believed that the Soviet Union was indirectly involved in what he called terrorist move-ments. But now the direct involvement of Soviet military personnel on the lower levels of such move-ments had been proved, he said. There can be no doubt that the terrorist organization SWAPO is given ideological and material sup-port by the Soviet Union," Gen. Malin Said:

During the recent operations some of these Russian officers (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

was meeting in Gdansk to consider

a government offer Monday night

to exchange more air time for so-

cial peace. No concession was of-

fered on the issue of editorial con-

The union fears that its con-

gress, beginning in Gdansk on Sat-urday, will not be fairly reported

unless Solidarity has at least some

editorial control over radio and

But union spokesman Janusz Onyszkiewicz said the government turned down both of Solidarity's

proposals on the editorial issue

during five hours of talks. These

were for separate government and

union programs and for the news

teams to be exclusively Solidarity

black out national television and

radio if the media talks fail. The

government said it would respond

by sending in the security forces to protect what it called a vital com-

ponent of the Warsaw Pact com-

Pact military maneuvers are

The union has threatened to

he said, "but we will not let our- al to grant the union editorial con-

path of last August," referring to Solidarity's executive committee

television.

members.

selves be pushed away from the troi over congress coverage.

Press said Radio Bangui report-Bokassa, then a colonel, who in voting. The president then pro-claimed a state of siege, appoint-ing Gen. Kolingba to administer 1976 proclaimed the country an Witnesses said soldiers had Mr. Bokassa's grandiose and been patrolling the streets of the Dacko Ouster Is First African Test

capital since early morning. But there were no reports of fighting and the coup seems to have been

Airport officials in Abidjan,

Defense Minister Charles

Ivory Coast, said Bangui's air-port was still open.

Hernu of France said in Cher-bourg that the coup in the for-

mer French colony was an inter-nal matter. The 1,400 French troops based there had been

confined to barracks and would

intervene only if French nation-

als were in danger, he said.

About 2,000 French citizens are

in the country, an impoverished, landlocked nation of 2 million

Not in Danger

[Mr. Hernu said foreigners are "for the moment absolutely not in danger," and he indicated

that Mr. Dacko was safe, with a

peaceful transition of power un-der way, United Press Interna-

Mr. Dacko was the republic's

first president when the former

French Equatorial Africa won independence in 1960. He was

overthrown in 1965 by Mr.

tional reported.]

Of French Socialist Foreign Policy By Joseph Fitchett

ional Hereld Tribun PARIS - The putsch in the Central African Republic is the first foreign policy test in Africa — where France traditionally has been a power - for the new So-

cialist government in Paris.

It highlights the dilemmas facing the new French government, which is attempting to break with military interventionism and other pillars of France's traditional ap-proach to African affairs, but without jeopardizing long-term French

President David Dacko, who was deposed Tuesday by his army, was installed in power by French troops after his predecessor, Emperor Jean-Bédel Bokassa, also a Paris puppet, became a political liability to President Valery Giscard

cials, in their initial reactions Tues- the estimated 14,000 French day, said that the French troops in troops - backed by light armor the Central African Republic - a and a small air force - that are strong military force in Africa will stay in their barracks. Even said. The Socialist government's though a takeover by the Central African military is not ideologically palatable to the French left, the cialists have made it plain that they hope to curtail French mili-

tary interventions in Africa. The mainspring of our policy is to escape from the vicious cycle of Albert Speer Dies dependence on Paris that often culminates in intervention to protect a pro-French government," an official said, adding: "People have to understand that it's a fine line: We will not intervene in internal matters, but we will intervene

against foreign interference." Limited Room

In trying to chart a new French course in Africa, members of the relatively inexperienced team han-dling African affairs — just reas-sembled in Paris after a series of orientation trips this summer - of death. have discovered that they enjoy only limited room for maneuver. As explained by officials in a se-

gradual transition to a more liberal approach in Africa. On the one hand, it will lay new

emphasis on development: France hopes to double its aid payments and, more important, to redirect its efforts toward making African states more self-sufficient and less

NEWS ANALYSIS

dependent on Western markets. "We have to cut some of the corrupt French business connections that often have driven French policy in Africa," an official said. In addition, key French officials in African governments are no longer being replaced: Instead, Africans will be trained to take

more management responsibility.
On the other hand, despite its strict political neutrality in the Central African Republic, France spread through Africa, officials overall African strategy will con-tinue to rely on French muscle to resist any military offensives or destabilization campaigns by Libya or the Soviet Union.

In London at 76

LONDON - Albert Speer, 76, Hitler's wartime minister for industrial production, died Tuesday night at a London hospital, a hospital official said

The Press Association, Britain's domestic news agency, said Mr. Speer was brought to the hospital from a hotel and was believed to have had a stroke. The hospital official would not confirm the cause

Mr. Speer was convicted by the Nuremberg war crimes tribunal and spent 20 years in Spandau nies of background briefings, the Prison in Berlin. An obituary will Socialist government envisages a appear in Thursday's editions.

This bulwark will continue to be necessary for several years to give France's new approach a chance to work, the officials said. But, a French diplomat said,

David Dacko

brutal rule as emperor was doomed when reports leaked out

of a massacre of school children

by imperial guards in 1979. He

was overthrown in September that year by a French-backed coup, which reinstated Mr. Dacko. Mr. Bokassa now lives in

The political atmosphere in

the country L d been tense since

elections last farch, which con-

firmed Mr. Dacko in the presi-

dency but which his opponents claimed were rigged. Several people were killed in rioting.

some of it anti-French, after the

exile in the Ivory Coast.

France probably will intervene in Africa only in cases of aggression or to protect French civilians. Another probable condition is that French troops would have to be part of a larger force that includes African units.

This pledge has only partially re-usured the United States and France's European allies, diplomats said. While France is preserv-(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Khomeini Eases Crackdown on Iran Dissidents

BEIRUT - Ayatoliah Ruholiah Khomeini ordered his regime Tuesday to ease its crackdown against dissidents in the aftermath of the assassinations of President Mohammed Ali Rajai and Premier Mohammed Javad Bahonar.

Mujahaddin Khalq guerrilla leader Massoud Rajavi, who had fled to Paris with former President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, said Ayatollah Khomeini's speech showed his "obvious weakness and exposes his speedy disintegration."

Ayatollah Khomeini issued the

order in a speech at his north Tehran home, Tehran Radio said in a live broadcast. Afterward, the Pars news agency reported that the interior minister. Ayatollah Mohammed Reza Mahdavi Kani, was named interim premier to replace Mr. Bahonar.

Pars said that the speaker of the Majlis (parliament), Hashemi Rafsanjani, announced the designation of Avatollah Kani at the end of an open session of the Mailis. and that a vote on the nomination would take place Wednesday. Ayatollah Kani, 50, was jailed several times and banished during the rule of the late shah.

Mr. Bahonar and Mr. Rajai were assassinated in a bombing Sunday. They were buried Monday, and within hours two more re-ligious-political leaders were re-

Meanwhile, Hojatoleslam Seyyed Ali Khamene'i, one of the three surviving founders of the ruling Islamic Republican Party, was elected secretary-general of the party, also succeeding Mr. Baho-nar, who had headed the party since the death in a bombing June 28 of Ayatoliah Mohammed Beheshti.

Hojatoleslam Khamene'i, the religious leader of Tehran, is still recuperating from wounds he received in an assassination attempt June 27 when a bomb concealed in a tape recorder exploded at a Tehran mosque where he was preaching.
Mr. Khamene i's appointment

didate for the premiership. Under Iran's Islamic constitution, it is up to the presidential council to choose a new premier. A new president, Iran's third in less than two years, must be elected by popular vote within 50 days.

The two other surviving foun-

ders of the Islamic party were named Monday to serve as a presi-dential council and carry out the functions of the preside are Mr. Rafsanjani and Chief Jus-tice Musavi Ardebili.

Ayatollah Khomeini's call for an ease in the crackdown against dis-sidents came as assassinations and attacks against the regime grew throughout Iran. On Monday, guerrillas killed a senior clerical judge and a guard in his court-room, Tehran Radio said.

'Imperialist Agents'

Hojatoleslam Seyyed Naser Bani-Jamal, the internal affairs director of the Court Combating Violations of Islamic Law, was killed by "imperialist agents," Tehran Radio said. Also Monday, two assassins fatally shot Hojato-leslam Seyyed Mortaza Ayatollahi Tabatabai Yazdi in front of his Tehran house, the Islamic Revolutionary Party newspaper reported.
About 4,000 "counterrevolutionaries" are known to have been arrested in the past two months.

Ayatollah Khomeini, whose re-gime has acknowleded executing more than 600 people since the ouster of Mr. Bani-Sadr in June, said Tuesday that authorities "must not lose control and not act more harshly than what is pre-scribed by God and Islamic law."

In response, Iran's powerful
Islamic clergy openly challenged
the ayatollah, attacking his softer line toward dissidents.

The security issue is of top priority and unless full security is established, nothing can be done," said a sharply worded declaration by the Religious Sciences Circle in Qom. a strengholi of Ayatollah Ashiq Montazari. It called on the government to create "a powerful large-scale intelligence organiza-

Bani-Sadr Says He Turned Down Reauests to Order Khomeini Slain

By Edward Cody **K'ashington Post Service**

AUVERS-SUR-OISE, France --Former President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr of Iran has declared that the rebels who assassinated Iran's president and premier are also aiming for the country's revolutionary leader. Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, and have asked Mr. Bani-Sadr in the past for authorization to "finish him off."

Mr. Bani-Sadr, in an interview at his heavily protected refuge in this Paris suburb, said that despite 500 security guards and anti-aircraft guns around the north Tehran house that Ayatollah Khomeini rarely leaves, the 82-year-old Iranian leader is vulnerable and his assassination is "of course"

But Mr. Bani-Sadr added that he has refused the requests for or-ders to kill the ayatollah, and that his assassination would be a tragedy for Iran "because the risk of civil war would be so great." However, he said the under-

ground resistance to Ayatollah Khomeini's rule is trying to rid Iran of what Mr. Bani-Sadr described as an increasingly bloody repression that has turned all but 10 or 15 percent of the population against the Shiite Moslem leader whom they once revered as their national savior.

"He is a man who does not know what to do," the deposed president said of Ayatollah Kho-

No Direct Knowledge

Mr. Bani-Sadr and Massoud Rajavi, the leader of the leftist Mujahaddin guerrillas, who accompa-nied Mr. Bani-Sadr to Paris, said they have no direct knowledge of who set the explosives that killed President Mohammed Ali Rajai and Premier Mohammed Javad Bohanar.

But Mr. Rajavi sought to imply that the Mujahaddin was responsi ble, and Mr. Bani-Sadr's declaration that he had vetoed assassina tion attempts against Avatollah Khomeini suggested that he wielded at least moral authority over those who conducted the terror campaign against the ayatollah's

"They asked me several times for the authority to finish him off." Mr. Bani-Sadr said. "I did not ac-

cord it. [It was] not only the Muiahaddin. Others also," he added, without elaborating. His comments came at the end of a long day of interviews with

French and foreign reporters. For Mr. Bani-Sadr, 48, the public declarations represent what he be-lieves to be the most effective political action open to him without remaining in Iran and running the risk of capture and execution. His method is parallel to that

adopted by Ayatollah Khomeini after he was expelled from Iran and set up headquarters in another Paris suburb. Through public exhortations and private contacts to supporters in Íran, the ayatollah built up the revolution that top-pled the late shah, Mohammed Reza Pahiavi.

Freedom of Action

After the French government evacuated most of its nationals from Iran earlier this month, it allowed Mr. Bani-Sadr the same freedom of political action that was accorded Ayatollah Khomeini, lifting a gag order imposed when Mr. Bani-Sadr emerged from more

Quake Hits Samoan Islands The Associated Press

GOLDEN, Colo. - A major earthquake, measuring about 7.5 on the open-ended Richter scale, struck through the Samoan Islands in the Pacific Occan late Monday, the U.S. Goological Survey said.

than a month of hiding and sought refuge in France on July 29. He and Mr. Rajavi insisted that the bombing Sunday afternoon at Mr. Bahonar's office could not have occurred without help from inside. Everyone in the building is supposed to be searched every two hours to prevent such an attack, Mr. Bani-Sadr said. This means the bomb could only have been

planted with the knowledge of se-

curity guards, he added. He depicted the opposition to Ayatollah Khomeini as a widening circle, including some among the Islamic clergy on whom the ayatollah bases his support. Also opposing his methods - described by Mr. Bani-Sadr as "savage repression" - are military officers, enlisted men and businessmen from the Tehran bazaar who played an important role in the shah's fall, the former president said.

"I symbolize another tendency." he added, contrasting his goals with the "religious authoritarianism" of Ayatollah Khomeini. "I symbolize the possibility for Iran to live in liberty and independence, and to stay free and pros-

INSIDE

Five months after turning

back a military coup attempt. Thai Premier Prem Tinsulanonda is coming under renewed challenge, this time from a civilian adversary determined to unseat him by democratic means. Page 2.

lectuals who it believes are

U.S. Spending

House aide says, is prepared to cut planned defense spending by up to \$30 billion to achieve a balanced budget by 1984. White House chief of staff James Baker also acknowledges that soaring interest rates may push the deficit for the current fiscal year bevond the administration's \$42.5 billion estimate. Page 3.

Bolivian Leaders Are Linked to Lucrative Cocaine Trade

published in May? The way of the way and was and was and was and was and was and was and the major trained in the

been involved in extraordinarily lucrative drug trafficking and other corruption since the armed forces took power 13 months ago, according to foreign and Bolivian officials and two individuals with first-hand knowledge of the drug flow. Some officers have received millions of dollars

for protecting traffickers or for trafficking themselves in the processed and semiprocessed cocaine leaving Bolivia, the source of most of the cocaine cials of the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency.

covered the corruption. The junta has called for a "return to morality," but two of its three members have themselves been charged with corruption in the past.

Among the allegations are: • Gen. Garcia Meza received millions of dollars from drug traffickers, which he used to buy the allegiance of key commanders and to call off a U.S. aided drug crackdown in June, according to the DEA officials, three Bolivian military officers

and the drug-trade sources. · Col. Luis Arce Gomez, who was removed as interior minister in February after international pressure focused on him as the government's chief drug contact, reportedly remains a powerful figure behind the scenes.

paid newspaper advertisement last week.

• Gen. Waldo Bernal of the air force, the senior junta member, regularly received payments of up to \$100,000 a week for coca-loaded planes leaving the country for an undefined period after the coup, according to the same sources. Gen. Bernal declined

mostly by several large families. The drug-trade sources and diplomats say that army trucks are regularly used to transport coca leaves to clandestin processing centers. Air force guards are posted at some of the country's many private airfields used

driving flashy cars and living in expensive homes. But few of the "coca dollars" appear to reach the ordinary soldier.

than \$1.5 billion a year from cocaine exports, which is more than the country earns from its legal exports. Most of the money is invested abroad, but an estimated \$300 million comes back into Bolivia, much of it to finance the black market.

ment effectively has been out of foreign reserves. and about the only dollars available even through international business transactions come through the black market. The United States has not had an ambassador in

Bolivia's record on human rights. The Reagan administration shifted the focus to the drug trade.

edged in an interview here last week that some military officers had been corrupt but said that "the government has no proof to prosecute" and that the

new image," trying to stop the drug flow.

The trade, however, is a major factor behind the continuing instability of the junta and the country.

Arce Gomez and is trying to rally support for a

mandant of the military college. The colonels were once the backbone of Gen. Garcia Meza's support, many of them receiving up to several hundred thousand dollars from the president last year, the sources said.

own, some reportedly having their own close ties with the drug trade. Former President Hugo Banzer, a retired general, returned to the country from exile last week; he still commands some alle-giance among officers, who remember his tenure as president from 1971 to 1978 as a period of stability.

Gen. Banzer has denied personal involvement in

The reformists are led by Gen. Lucio Anez, who by all accounts appears virtually spotless. He has the support of many junior officers, who see the lack of U.S. and international support because of the drug trade as a primary cause of the country's

army and the third junta member, is also considered honest, but he does not command much of a

Bolivian governments, civilian and military, have always had a measure of corruption. Bolivian busi-

The coca dollars have been put to little produc-

Bolivia since shortly after last year's coup, when the Carter administration recalled Marvin Weissman and sharply curtailed eight programs because of

Foreign Minister Mario Rolon Anaya acknowl-Reagan administration "should not condemn all for

He said, "The junta is a new government with a

return to power.
Young colonels who call themselves the "black cagles" are pushing for power behind their leader, Col. Faustino Rico Toro, the strong-willed comBut now they appear to be acting more on their

backs, and the drug trade grew in earnest, according to businessmen and diplomats. An appointee of the general's in Miami provided key United States connection, and processing that

landholdings provided some of the cocaine.

precedented.

By Edward Schumacher

New York Times Service LA PAZ - Senior military officers here have

called on Solidarity to define its part of a deal to head off protests

that reaches the United States, according to offi-The junta now governing Bolivia stepped in three weeks ago when Gen. Luis Garcia Meza was forced to resign as president by a military rebellion, prompted in part by reformist officers who had dis-

The Reagan administration, meanwhile, is withholding appointing an ambassador or giving the country badly needed economic aid because of the involvement of government leaders in the cocaine traffic, administration officials have said.

munications network.

scheduled for later this week.

He controls a force of government security agents and foreign mercenaries while trafficking in cocaine in a fleet of private planes that he co-owns, according to the diplomats, military officers and other sources close to the drug trade here. Col. Arce Gomez denied some of the trafficking charges in a

The cocaine trafficking in Bolivia is controlled

for flying out the cocaine. Many military officers display their new wealth,

U.S. officials estimate that Bolivians earn more

'A New Image'

Gen. García Meza, who still lives in the presidential palace and enjoys such trappings as the executive helicopter and limousines, is allied with Col.

Gen. Banzer is negotiating to return to the presidency, but it was during his administration that am-bitious development projects became mired in kick-

is said to continue today on the general's extensive

economic chaos. Gen. Celso Torrelio, commander in chief of the

nessmen and foreign diplomats said. But they said that in the last year under Gen. Garcia Meza and Col. Arce Gomez the amounts of money were unPrem's Problems

China Criticism

The Chinese Communist Party moves to rein in the country's writers, artists and other intelquestioning its leadership. Party Deputy Chairman Deng Xizoping calls for renewed criticism of "bourgeois liberalism." Page 6.

President Reagan, a White

Ex-Premier Mounts New Challenge Against Bangkok's Drifting Regime

By William Branigin

Washington Pass Server
BANGKOK — Five months after he turned back a military coup attempt Premier Prem Tinsulanonda is coming under renewed challenge, this time from a civilian adversary determined to unseat him by democratic means.

A landslide victory by former Premier Kriangsak Chomanan in a provincial by-election Aug. 9 for a seat in Thailand's House of Representatives has added to the pressures on Gen. Prem's drifting government, which observers say has failed to consolidate its hold on power following the abortive April
1 coup engineered by young army

officers.
Like the coup attempt itself, the election of the 64-year-old retired army general to Thailand's House has stirred the issue of the Thai

royal family's role in politics.

Gen. Kriangsak's declared intention in returning to politics a year and a half after he was forced to resign as premier is to revive "the democratic process" in Thailand through an invigorated parlia-

Gen. Kriangsak's critics, howev-

Egypt Defense Chief Blames Russians for Libya Air Clash

CAIRO — Egypt's defense min-ister said last week that he believed the Soviet Union was behind the recent air clash between U.S. and Libyan planes and that he expected increased Soviet and Cuban involvement in Libya as a result.

Interviewed during the recent meetings of Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and Egyptian President Anwar Sadat in Alexandria, the defense minister, Gen. Abdel Halim Abu Ghazala, said Egypt had requested 150 F-16 fighters and 600 M-60 tanks from the United States. He cited the threat from Libya and increased

Crackdown Eased in Iran

(Continued from Page 1) tion" to disarm all except "reliable

religious individuals." Ayatollah Khomeini said the "unpleasant episode in which we lost two of our best young men and best workers" should not cause officials "to become tougher towards their prisoners, their captives, or arrest people who, God may forbid, are not guilty."

Prosecutors "must punish the corrupt, but free those who are innocent. Their attitude must be Islamic, as this is an Islamic republic," the revolutionary leader said. Mr. Bani-Sadr, interviewed at his home near Paris by ABC television, said the number of executions in the last two months was

much higher than 600. "We know of at least 800 executions and really, it is many more than that," he said.

France Assailed

Mr. Rafsanjani, in a speech broadcast Tuesday, criticized France for continuing to give asylum to Mr. Bani-Sadr and Mr. Rajavi: "It would be shameless for the French government to say that Bani-Sadr and Rajavi were not involved in this assassination."

There were indications Tuesday that authorities believe insiders were responsible for the bombing Tehran Radio called for the setting up of an intelligence service to safeguard the leadership, to supervise the security services and Revolutionary Guard corps and to purge dissident elements.

The radio said, meanwhile, that 37 leftists, including Mujahaddin guerrillas, were arrested Monday in the Caspian Sea town of Babol and that two were seized in Emamrud, also in north-central Iran. About 20 supporters of the Mujahaddin occupied the Iranian mission to the Vatican on Tuesday. The peaceful demonstration lasted about 40 minutes before the protesters were arrested by Rome po-

Soviet involvement in the Horn of

Africa as the major reasons for the "The Russians were behind [Li-byan leader Moamer] Qadhafi, pushing him to intercept the F-14s. in my personal point of view," Gen. Abu Ghazala said, referring to the clash over the Gulf of Sidra in which two Libyan jets were shot down by Navy F-14s after the Li-

byans had fired a missile at the U.S. fighters. The Russians pushed him to do it." Gen. Abu Ghazala said of Col. Qadhafi, "to find an excuse to be-come more involved in Libya, to bring more advisers and more Cubans. That's the way the Soviets

follow up." In an effort to counter what Egyptian policy-makers and mili-tary officials see as the danger of Soviet encirclement, and to modernize its arsenal, Egypt has embarked on a major rearmament program, with the United States as

its major supplier. It has announced a five-year, \$5billion arms agreement with the United States beginning in 1982. This succeeds the 1979 "peace package," a three-year program of arms sales worth \$3.5 billion.

In addition to the F-16s and the M-60 tanks, the new arms requests include 12 Hawk air-defense batteries and four Hawkeye recon-naissance planes. As with the "peace package," in paying for the weapons Egypt will have a 10-year grace period before a 20-year payment schedule begins.

Egypt has been urging the Reagan administration to increase its military sales credits for 1982 from \$900 million to \$1.5 billion. with \$200 million given as grants. The United States has reacted coolly to the suggestion so far. Egypt's request for \$106 million for fiscal 1982 to develop the Ras Banas base on the Red Sea is still awaiting congressional approval.

U.S. arms transfers to Egypt have rapidly grown and will probably continue to do so until the end of the decade. Officials have estimated that Egypt will be granted \$1.3 billion in 1983, with similar aid levels continuing until the end

3 Dutch Parties Reach Accord on Coalition The Associated Press

THE HAGUE — A program for a new center-left coalition Cabinet won approval Tuesday night from three parties in the Second Cham-ber of the Dutch States-General (parliament) after more than three months of negotiations.

The breakthrough followed agreement on a compromise economic policy worked out earlier in the day by parliamentary leaders istian Democratic Appeal, the Labor Party and the Democrats 66. was involved in two military coups himself in the 1970s. These critics contend that Gen. Kriangsak has no political goals other than to re-

capture power.
"He's not going to do anything," said Kukrit Pramoj, another former premier whose Social Action Party bitterly opposed Gen. Kri-angsak in the recent by-election. "He merely wants to become prime minister in the future." Gen. Kriangsak acknowledges

he intends to seek the premiership in Thailand's next general elec-tions, scheduled for April, 1983. In the meantime, Gen. Kriangsak is trying to build up his newly founded National Democracy Party and broaden his support in the 301-member House of Representa-

New Law on Parties

Having a large well-organized political party as a power base has become the major factor in future Thai politics. A new law, taking effect following amendments to the constitution, requires a nationwide organization with membership exceeding certain minimum standards for a group to qualify as a le-gal political party. The aim is to limit the number of parties and eliminate splinter groups that have had a tendency to sell their alle-

giances to the highest bidder.' Gen. Kriangsak "is trying to get in a position so that when the political parties law goes into effect, he will be able to form a major party," a Western diplomat said. The diplomat called the law "a noble and interesting experiment." Although the bill was passed by the parliament in June and has

military approval, it could be obviated by another army coup; which some Thai politicians regard as in-

"A coup will happen again," Mr. Kukrit said nonchalantly in an interview. "If I were American or English I would be horrified by the prospect of a coup," he added, "but being Thai it couldn't concern me less." The 70-year-old Mr. Kukrit said a military coup was merely "a Thai way of having a presidential election.

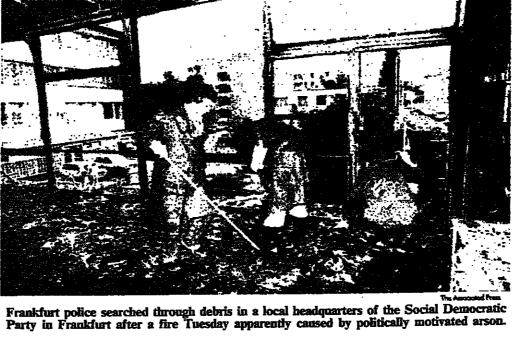
Royal Role

Although that prospect apparently does not bother some Thai politicians jaded by four successful military coups in the last decade, it does worry other Thai and foreign observers because of what they see as a dangerous precedent set during the April 1 attempt. Then, the highly revered royal family shunned the past practice of avoiding an overt political role and came down firmly on the side of Gen. Prem's countercoup.

King Bhumibol Adulyadej's consort, Queen Sirikit, issued appeals for the surrender of troops under the coup leader, Gen. Sant Chitpatima, and the takeover bid collapsed after a few days. Since then the royal household has stayed in the limelight.

is precisely this prospect that wor-ries him. To avoid any future threat to the popular institution that serves as the country's main unifying force, he thinks the largely ceremonial monarchy should not be so closely identified with the present administration.

"The Prem government has not consolidated" after the April coup, a Western diplomat said. Nor has the 61-year-old army general "established any kind of sense of di-rection or personal leadership," the official said. "He's a professional military man and knew how to manipulate the military system. but he has been out of his depth in the wheeling and dealing of the po-



Cars Set Afire at U.S. Site in Wiesbaden

FRANKFURT — Seven cars were set on fire and destroyed in a U.S. military housing area in Wiesbaden early Tuesday in the second attack on a U.S. installation in West Germany in two days, the U.S. Army said. No injuries were reported. "Destroyed were five vehicles with American forces license plates and two German rental vehi-cles," at different locations inside the military

ters) west of Frankfurt, a statement said. The gas tanks of the cars apparently were punctured with an ice pick and the gasoline was ignit-ed, the Army's V Corps said. "The motive for the

housing area in Wiesbaden, 18 miles (28 kilome-

fires is unknown," it said. Terrorists Suspected

The burnings came less than 24 hours after a car-bomb exploded at the headquarters of the U.S. and NATO air commands at Ramstein Air Base, injuring 18 Americans and 2 West Germans. U.S. Brig. Gen. Joseph D. Moore, the assistant deputy chief of staff for operations at the headquarters, was reported in "serious" condition at the U.S. Army's Landstuhl hospital. Lt. Col. Douglas R. Young was in stable condition in the

Authorities believed the explosion to be the work of leftist guerrillas, although no group claimed responsibility. West German police began a search a for a wanted terrorist, Christian Klar. who they said may have entered the Ramstein base before the bombing. They said maps and information on security at the base were found last year in the Heidelberg apartment of two terrorists after they died in an auto accident.

U.S. officials stepped up security at other installations in West Germany, where 260,000 U.S. troops are stationed.

In Frankfurt, an annex to a Social Democratic Party (SPD) headquarters was set on fire. The star of the Red Army Faction was painted on the building along with slogans that read: "The SPD is carrying out atomic arming with the U.S. Gov-

Dacko Ouster Tests French African Policy

(Continued from Page 1) ing a Western presence in Africa, several diplomats said it seems un-likely that France would again act rapidly to quell an insurrection of the kind that erupted in Zaire in

This approach is not radical enough for some Socialists: "Enlightened neocolonialism in place of Giscard's stupid variety," one complained. To placate the militants, Presi-

dent Francois Mitterrand's gov-ernment has adopted a tough, strident attitude toward South Africa, pledging to stifle French investment there and leading Western

LISBON — Premier Francisco

Pinto Balsemão on Tuesday pre-sented his second center-right Cab-

inet in eight months to President

António Ramalho Eanes amid dire

Balsemão, leader of the Social

Democratic Party, handed his Cabinet list to Gen. Eanes during a one-hour meeting at the Belem

Palace. Gen. Eanes was expected

to announce his approval Wednes-day of Mr. Pinto Balsemão's Cabi-

net, Portugal's 14th government

since the leftist 1974 military coup

Gen. Eanes could install the

Cabinet Thursday, whereafter it has 10 days to present its program

On his 44th birthday, Mr. Pinto

economic forecasts.

restored democracy.

Pinto Balsemão Finishes

New Portugal Cabinet List

noise about South Africa to distract attention from what they're

doing — or not doing — in black Africa," an analyst said. An official retorted: "We are convinced that France's interests in South Africa can be more than compensated for if we succeed in black Africa."

The new government showed its realpolitik side in staying in the so-called "contact group" of five Western nations, led by the United States, trying to find a solution in South-West Africa (Namibia). Some Socialists urged France's

withdrawal, claiming that French participation was political camou-

France chose to remain, an official said, because it is the only fo-

rum that offers any realistic chance of a Namibian settlement. This orientation — idealism modified by pragmatism — seems to be accepted in all the key French offices dealing with African affairs.

flage for the Reagan administra-

In the French presidency, Mr. Mitterrand's adviser on Africa, Guy Penne, a former dentist, seems to outweigh a better-known diplomatic adviser, Régis Debray, a former revolutionary.

The External Relations Minis-

try, headed by Claude Cheysson, who has extensive Third World experience, is concentrating on Namibia and South Africa and hopes later to help promote a settlement between Ethiopia and Somalia.

Major operational responsibility has settled in the Cooperation and Development Ministry, where Jean-Pierre Cot, the minister, has been asked to broaden his activities to cover English-speaking and Portuguese-speaking Africa as well as the former French colonies.

French officials emphasize that they are concentrating their Third World political thrust and development aid on Africa because it is the only region where French efforts can have tangible impact.
As French diplomacy edges toward a new African equilibrium.

there are risks of friction with the Reagan administration. Politically, French African hands are alarmed by signs of deepening U.S. commitment to South Africa and U.S. insistance

on linking any Namibian settle-ment to a Cuban withdrawal from Angola. French diplomats have argued for a more subtle approach The national news agency ANOP reported that Mr. Pinto avoiding any formal linkage.

An economic sore point is the French commitment to increased aid as a lever for African development. The Reagan administration see a larger role for private enterprise as the key to prosperty and stability. The State Departfalling and negotiations for ment is expected to create a highlevel post to press business interests in Africa.

State Department Says Cubans Join Salvador Rebels

The Associated Press WASHINGTON - Cuban advisers have joined guerrilla forces against the ruling junta in El Sal-vador, the U.S. State Department

Intelligence sources have identified "at least some" Cuban advisers in El Salvador but there are no estimates of how many may be present, the department said in a written response to a reporter's question.

Although U.S. officials have complained that Soviet-bloc arms funneled through Cubs are fueling guerrilla warfare in El Salvador, the statement was the first firm assertion that Cuban personnel are helping direct operations on the

In its statement Tuesday, the State Department also said U.S. sources have observed "the presence of some Nicaraguan nationals with the Salvadoran guerillas over the past year."

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Sierra Leone Declares a State of Emergency

FREETOWN, Sierra Leone - President Sizka Stevens doclared a state of emergency Tuesday as Sierra Leone's trade unions staged a general

strike in support of economic reforms.

The headquarters of the Sierra Leone Labor Congress was scaled of The headquarters of the Sterra Leone Labor Congress was scaled off by security forces. Unconfirmed reports said about 15 leading union officials had been arrested. Union demands include cuts in prices of basic foods, measures to ease unemployment and improved housing and

Mr. Stevens proclaimed the state of emergency in a nationwide broad-cast Tuesday morning. It provides for detention without trial for the duration of the emergency.

Spanish Justice Minister's Resignation Accepted

From Agency Depoteds:

MADRID — Premier Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo accepted Tuesday the resignation of Justice Minister Francisco Fernández Ordófiez and named Pio Cabanillas Gallas, minister of the premier's officer, to replace

Saying he quit "to rediscover myself and regain my personal freedom" and because of "my political circumstance," the former minister added in his letter of resignation: "I do not think I could continue at my post to fulfill my political aims without an enormously costly and debilitating

struggle within the actual [roling centrist] party.

As leader of the Social Democratic faction within the Democratic Center Party, Mr. Ordonez came under fire from the Christian Democratic wing in June when his supporters pushed a liberal divorce his through parliament. He also reportedly had been at odds with the premier on grounds that the government had turned too far right.

UN Command Accuses N. Korea of Aggression

The American Press
PANMUNIOM, Korea — The UN Command charged Tuesday that North Korea committed a "premeditated and unprovoked act of aggression" by firing a missile at an unarmed U.S. spy plane in international airspace last Wednesday. It said the incident could have brought a major

U.S. Rear Adm. James G. Storms 3d, speaking for the UN Command at a meeting of the Military Armistice Commission, said the command will "take whatever measures are necessary to ensure the safety of our aircraft and crew. Make no mistake about our resolve."

Maj. Gen. Han Jn Kyong, the North Korean member of the commission, denied the charge. Echoing North Korean broadcasts, he accused the United States of intensifying efforts to provoke another war in Korn.

Mitterrand Urges Coordinated Aid to Poor States

and of making South Korea a nuclear base for its war efforts.

The Associated Press PARIS - President Francois Mitterrand of France opened a UN coaference on aid to the world's 31 poorest nations Tuesday by calling on the international community to help these countries for the ultimate common good of all.

France believes, he said, that it is only within the framework of a global development strategy that aid to these countries can be truly

More than 100 countries are attending the two-week conference which is aimed at adopting a new program of international action to help the 31 countries designated by the United Nations as "least developed."

Qadhafi Threatens U.S. Bases in Mediterranean The Associated Press

TRIPOLI, Libya - Col. Moumer Qadhafi threatened on Tuesday to attack U.S. nuclear bases in the Mediterranean Sea and cause "an international catastrophe" if the United States again "attacks" the Gulf of Sidra off Libya.

"We are warning the peoples of Sicily, Crete, Turkey and all the states of the Mediterranean that if America again attacks the Gulf of Sides, then we will intentionally attack the nuclear depots in their countries and cause an international catastrophe," Col. Qadhafi said in a speech marking the 12th anniversary of the military coup that brought him in

U.S. fighters shot down two Libyan planes on Aug. 19 in disputed airspace over the Gulf of Sidra.

U.S. Vetoes UN Resolution **Condemning South Africa**

explosive atmosphere of confron-

The Soviet representative, Rich-

U.S. vote was "eloquent proof" of

Washington's support for South

African racism. He compared the U.S. stand to that of a "raging ball

Britain explained its abstention

by saying the resolution continued

charged rhetoric, such as a rele-

ence to South Africa as "racist."

They won French support, which

appeared to be their prime objective. But many diplomats doubted

that it had been Angola's objective

pursue a negotiated settlement in Namibia, which would rid that

territory of South African troops

and guerrillas from the South-Was

Monday's U.S. veto, however,

does not end the pressure on South

Africa with respect to Namibia A

special emergency session of the

UN General Assembly will open

Thursday, devoted exclusively to the Namibian issue.

Tass Accusation

MOSCOW (Reuters) - Tass

accused the United States on Total

day of "abominable conduct" in the veto, "Washington is prepared for a confrontation with the whole

of Africa for the sake of salvaging the criminal apartheid regime" in

South Africa, the news agency

Haughey Urges U.K.

To Talk With Fasters

Africa People's Organization.

The Angolans remain anxious to

to demonstrate U.S. isolation.

The outcome of the debate was mixed blessing for the Angolus.

Ovinnikov, replied that the

tation and violence."

facing a red flag."

(Continued from Page 1)

la. explicitly criticized the "particlarge Cuban force" la and the Soviet arms and advisers supplied to Namibian guerrillas. These he said, "fuel the

Pretoria Says Russians Slain

working together with SWAPO

came into contact with us," he said. "In the skirmishes some of these officers, among others, were killed, a Russian warrant officer was also taken prisoner. The statement added: "Besides

these incidents, providing indisputable evidence of the Russian involvement, an enormous amount of Russian propaganda material was found in SWAPO headquarter areas, clearly indicating the Russian aspirations with southern Af-

Foreign correspondents taken into southern Angola by the South African force last weekend spoke of seeing Marxist posters, Russian snapshots and maps covered with

writing in Russian Gen. Malan said: "The South African government trusts that the Western world will take serious note of this and that this evidence will lead to a more balanced approach by the Western powers."

According to Western reports, Soviet military aid in Africa has gone chiefly to Ethiopia and Angoa. Western reports have repeatedly mentioned sightings of Soviet officers in the two African states. Military experts said it was likely that Moscow had at least sent small groups of instructors to train local troops in the use of sophisticated weapons

condemned the South African push into Angola in official com-mentaries and daily reports from Luanda. The reports have never contained any suggestion that Soviet citizens could be in danger.

South African-backed Angolan nerrillas claimed to have captured two Soviet pilots last year. The guerrillas, from Jonas Sa-vimbi's National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA), produced photographs of the men but they were never brought before Western reporters

United Press Internation DUBLIN — Former Insh Promier Charles Haughey urged the British government Tuesday to be gotiate directly with prisoners in Northern Ireland's Maze prison in settle the human set let the set let the human set let the set let the let the set let th The Soviet media have fiercely

Northern Ireland's Maze passes to settle the hunger strike there.

Mr. Haughey, leader of the mast lirish opposition party. Flanse Fail, made his plea after meeting for an hour with Owen Caroli, who was elected last month to the British Desired last month to the lirish to the lirish the lirish has been seen to the lirish the lirish the lirish to the lirish that the lirish the lirish the lirish that the lirish the l British Parliament to replace Bot by Sands, the first of 10 hands strikers to die. "The prisoners at in control of the simation." 30 there could be no objection in negoriating directly with them. M. Haughey said.

U.S. Customs Seeks to Honor Alien Laws on Art Exports

By Robert Reinhold

. New York Times Service WASHINGTON - Under pressure from many countries that contend their cultural patrimony is being plundered to feed the American art market, the U.S. Customs Service is testing its ability to control this trade in a case involving more than \$1 million worth of gold, silver, pottery and other pre-Columbian artifacts seized on the way to New York from Peru.

The case raises a thicket of complex issues involving international relations and international law scholarship and business. A federal grand jury is believed likely to hand up indictments early this month, according to those familiar with the case, which involves a New York art dealer and others.

Outside Interest

If successfully prosecuted, the case could set a legal precedent empowering the Customs Service to interdict shipments of cultural materials as "stolen property" on the basis of foreign laws declaring them national property. Up to now the Customs Service, with certain exceptions, has not intercepted such materials unless the objects have been stolen in the conventi-

onal sense, as in a burglary. The case is being closely monitored by the governments of Peru and other "art exporting" coun-tries, as well as by academic ar-

cheologists, who contend that the art market in this country and Europe is encouraging the wholesale pillaging of the archeological remains of ancient civilizations, particularly those of the pre-Columbian Indians of Central and South

At the same time, it is stirring resentment and anger among the importers and dealers in such antiquities. They contend that the Customs Service has no business enforcing the laws of other countries and that the agency is trying by administrative fiat to impose law that Congress has specifically declined to pass for nearly a dec-

Privately, high customs officials concede that they are on shaky legal ground in the Peruvian seizure. Moreover, they are uncertain how far they want to go with the legal principle under which it might be prosecuted, which involves a new interpretation of the smuggling

Technical Violation Because they are forbidden to discuss cases under investigation. customs agents handling the Peruvian matter declined to provide details. However, the following sequence of events was learned hrough conversations with dealers in New York, museum experts and

others: A few months ago, an aircraft from Peru landed at Dulles Inter-

national Airport in Virginia near Washington. On board customs agents found a shipment of art objects bound for New York. They were properly labeled, but their value was underdeclared in the view of agents. On this technical violation, the material was impounded for further investigation. Under U.S. law, works of art and antiques may be freely import-ed into the United States without duty, but they must be properly declared.

Unusual Ruling

On the basis of the investiga-tion, which soon became a criminal matter, customs agents subsequently raided the New York apartment of David Bernstein, who is described by art dealers in New York as a private dealer operating out of his apartment.
In all, more than 700 pieces described as of "spectacular" qual-

ity by one person who has seen them — are being held in customs warehouses in Virginia and New Mr. Bernstein's lawyer, Sheila Riesel of New York, said that she and her client would have no com-

ment "until there is a resolution"

Congress has largely halted the importation of large pre-Columbian

artifacts such as wall murals and large ceremonial sculpture called stelae, small pots and jewelry of

Although a 1972 law passed by

the sort seized from Mr. Bernstein have continued to enter legally even though the countries of origin strictly forbid their export. Mexico, Guatemala, Peru and

other countries have exerted considerable pressure on U.S. authorities to shut off this flow of material, much of it bought from local people digging in remote areas. Some customs officials believe

they have found an indirect way of controlling this traffic as a result of an unusual recent ruling in a noncustoms case. That case, known to lawyers as the McClain case, involved five persons who were convicted under the National Stolen Property Act of selling Mexican antiquities in Texas. In two sets of complex appeals that ended in 1979, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit in Orleans, held that even though the material may have been properly purchased in Mexico it was still considered stolen because Mexican law declares that all pre-Columbian objects are owned by the government. Peru has a similar

national patrimony law. Thus, the customs people reasoned, they could prosecute under the U.S. smuggling act, which makes it a crime punishable by a \$10,000 fine or five years in prison, or both, to knowingly import merchandise "contrary to law" this case, contrary to the Stolen

coalition, composed of Mr. Pinto Balsemão's Social Democrats, Christian Democrats, and Popular Monarchists, control an 18-seat majority.

The ruling Democratic Alliance

Mr. Pinto Balsemão accepted his party's call to head another government after his dramatic resignation Aug. 10 silenced a small, vocal minority within his party. Observers cautiously gave his sec ond. Cabinet greater chances of success with the inclusion of coalition partner Diogo Freitas do Amaral as deputy premier and defense minister.

The new center-right govern-ment gives the conservatives a stronger voice in the Cabinet than when Mr. Pinto Balsemão resigned three weeks ago.

Balsemão kept most of the key ministries in the hands of his Social Democratic Party. Mr. Pinto Balsemão's primary obstacles are economic. The inflation rate is 17.8 percent, exports

\$1.2 billion in International Monetary Fund credits delayed. Gen. Eanes has warned that if internal squabbling broke out again in the three-party coalition, or if Mr. Pinto Balsemão's new team could not curb the inflation rate and restore international investment, he might call new elec-

Turkey Said to Drop Case Against Newsman

United Press International
ANKARA — Turkish military authorities have dropped charges against the BBC correspondent in Turkey, Metin Munir, following the intervention of Justice Minister Cevdet Mentes, a ministry source

said Tuesday.
Mr. Munir, 38, will not have to attend a hearing on Sept. 17, to which he was summoned by the deputy prosecutor of Ankara, the source said. The proceedings against Mr. Munir, a Cypriot national, stemmed from the correspondent's story broadcast over the BBC's Turkish service Dec. 29, which quoted a Turkish group as claiming that 50 Armenians would be killed for each Turkish diplomat assassinated abroad.

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Nixon Library Plan Raises a Storm at Duke

Opponents Would Accept Papers but Object to 'Shrine' on Campus

By Bill Peterson Washington Post Service DURHAM, N.C. — Duke University has a big problem with its most famous alumnus. It keeps his portrait hidden in a vault. His name doesn't appear anywhere on campus, And when trustees tried to give him a honorary degree, the faculty rejected

W. L. War

A great many people here simply would like to forget that Richard M. Nixon ever graduated from the Dake Law School. But now many fear the university's name and reputation will be-come permanently linked to Mr. Nixon by construction of a presidential library on university property. The Duke president Terry Sanford, wants such a library, and has staked his prestige on bringing it to the cam-

The proposal, which is to go before university trustees Fri-day, has touched off a virtual rebellion among some of the university's most respected faculty members and alumni.

Issue Debated

At the opening of the debate Monday by the university's Academic Council, 25 of the 30 Duke professors speaking on the issue opposed the proposal to build the library on the campus, according to the Associated

[Although supporters called it n issue of academic freedom, opponents said the library would also include a museum that would amount to a shrine to Mr. Nixon and an embarassment to

The 80-member council, the faculty's representative body, is

By John Noble Wilford

New York Times Service

PASADENA, Calif. - With Sa-

turn receding in the background

and the sun growing smaller and dimmer, the Voyager-2 spacecraft is heading farther out in the solar

system to its next planetary desti-nation — Uranus. Scientists know

so little about Uranus that they

have few preconceptions of what

To get to Uranus, the 1,800-pound craft must cruise another billion miles during the next four and a helf years. It got an indis-

pensable boost in momentum and

shift in trajectory from Saturn's gravity as it passed that planet last

week. A rare alignment of the

planets in recent years makes possible such gravity-assisted, multi-

planet missions.

Mission planners at the Jet Pro-

pulsion Laboratory here believe

that Voyager, a craft designed to travel only as far as Saturn, its ma-jor objective, has at best a 60-per-

41 Snails, 3 Plants Put

On U.S. Protected List

The Amociated Press

Department, facing a threatened

lawsuit on the matter, has quietly

agreed to list 41 Hawaiian tree

snails and three exotic plants as

endangered species. The designa-

tions had been recommended by

the Carter administration but were

caught up in a freeze that Presi-

dent Reagan ordered on all pend-

on the Hawaiian Island of Oahu.

The other three species are the

Texas poppy-mallow, a wildflower found in one West Texas county,

the gypsum wild buckwheat and

Todsen's pennyroyal, both found

on U.S. government land in New

The 41 tree snails are found only

Voyager may find there.

to continue its debate Thursday and vote on a resolution before. the trustees take up the matter Friday.]

Some of the most outspoken words have come from the history and political science departments, which supposedly would benefit most by such a library. "We know more about presiden-tial papers than Terry Sanford," Lawrence C. Goodwin, a history professor, said. "We know what presidential libraries are. They're not archives; they're

But harsh words have come from elsewhere. "To build a library here is an effort to recognize a man who disgraced the presidency and dishonored his country," said H. Sheldon Smith, professor emeritus of American religious thought. "It would be an albatross around Duke University for years to come, an object of censure, scorn and derision."

Political Risk

Mr. Sanford, a former North Carolina governor, is among the nation's best known university presidents, a man with a secure political and academic reputation, a liberal in a conservative Southern state. His credentials as a Nixon opponent are impressive. At considerable political risk, he seconded the nomination of John F. Kennedy at the 1960 Democratic convention and in 1972 launched an ill-fated attempt to win his party's nomi-

nation to oppose Mr. Nixon. The most persistent question asked here these days is: Why is a man like this risking so much

Mr. Sanford, 64, and in the twilight of his presidency, argues

cent chance of reaching Uranus in working order. By then it will be nine and a half years and more than two billion miles out from the

"Right now, we're going there blind," remarked Dr. Bradford A.

Smith, Voyager's chief photo-inter-

preter and an astronomer at the

University of Arizona. "We don't

even know the questions to ask our cameras. We're not sure what

Astronomers Disagree

zy blur in telescopes, that astro-nomers are not sure of its size,

mass or atmospheric chemistry.
They cannot even agree on whether its rotation period, and thus the length of a Uranian day, is 17 hours, 24 hours or something

"That gives you an idea of how

difficult it is to say much about

Uranus," said Dr. Edward C. Stone, the physicist at the California Institute of Technology who is Voyager's chief scientist. "We'll

surely see new phenomena that we

can't observe from Earth."

The seventh planet out from the

sun, Uranus was unknown until a

century and a half after the invention of the telescope. The planet was discovered in 1781 by William Herschel, an English musician and

astronomer. Only in recent years have astronomers with more pow-

erful telescopes been able to de-

scribe Uranus as anything other

Uranus appears to be denser than the other, largely gaseous out-

er giants, according to Dr. Tobias Owen of the State University of

New York at Stony Brook, who is

also a Voyager scientist. Uranus, he said, is deficient in the light

gases, hydrogen and helium, com-

pared with Jupiter and Saturn.
Instead, the Uranian atmos-

phere seems to consist of heavier et's meteorology.

than a blob of light.

Uranus is so remote, such a fuz-

Earth,

filters to use."

there is no risk to himself or the university in the library conflict.
These are the most extensive, controversial and probably most interesting presidential papers in history," history," Mr. Sanford said. "More timid people might shirk from controversy. But I feel the opposition of the moment will be overcome by the long-range

benefit to scholarship and that's what a university is all about." Mr. Sanford first approached Mr. Nixon about the possibility of a presidential library at Duke during a meeting in New York on July 28. Mr. Nixon was amicable but noncommittal

Interest Shown

But within the next 10 days, Mr. Nixon's lawyer, R. Stan Mortenson, had visited Duke twice. Mr. Nixon was interested. He apparently has warm feelings about Duke. He entered its school on a \$250-a-year law school on a hard-a-year scholarship during the heart of the Depression, and was well-liked and respected as a student. He worked in the law library, served as president of the student of the studen dent bar association, and in 1937 was graduated third in his class. He has regularly contributed to the law school alumni fund ever

Like many other students, Mr. Nixon was poor. With three classmates, he lived in one large room in a rundown house, called Whippoorwill Manor, with a woodstove and no running water. He seldom socialized, and was nicknamed "Gloomy Gus" by his classmates.

The campaign for the Nixon library began secretly. Mr. San-ford first sold the idea to top university administrators and a select group of senior faculty

Owen wants to know. Is there any

Mystifying Orientation

Models for Uranus, taking into

ccount its greater comparative

density, were recently developed by Dr. William Hubbard and J.J. MacFarlane of the University of Arizona. Combining what they know of the planet's bulk proper-ties and temperatures they be-

ties and temperatures, they hy-pothesized a three-layer structure for Uranus. A rocky core, chiefly silicon and iron, is surrounded by

a liquid mantle of water, methane and ammonia. Above the mantle is

a low-density layer of mostly hy-drogen and helium gas. The pro-

portions of the three layers cannot

be estimated until more is known of the Uranian mass and density.

where temperatures may be at

least 360 degrees below zero Fahrenheit, methans probably is freezing out into an icy haze, Dr. Owen said. This could absorb light

in such a way as to give Uranus its

bivish-green hue, as seen from

Uranus apart from others in the

sun's family, none is more striking and mystifying than the planet's very orientation. Uranus seems to

float sideways. Its axis of rotation

is tipped toward the sun, instead of standing perpendicular to the plane of the planets at orbit

What happened to cause Uranus's peculiar crientation is not known. One hypothesis is that

sometime near the beginning of

the solar system some large object hit Uranus and knocked it out of

position. Scientists believe the

strange orientation must cause

some bizarre patterns in the plan-

Of all the features

Earth.

around the sun.

In the upper clouds of Uranus.

Scientists Are Unsure What Voyager May Find on Mystifying Uranus

members. They were told that a group of Mr. Nixon's friends, led by former Ambassador Walter H. Annenberg, would raise the \$25 million needed to build the library. Duke would simply donate the land.

The first hint of opposition did not come until Mr. Sanford phoned Richard L. Watson, acting chairman of the history department, on Aug. 8. Mr. Wat-son was shocked and surprised. His anxieties rose when he was told later that the whole matter had to be settled by Aug. 19 be-cause the University of Southern California was concluding lengthy negotiations for Mr.

Nixon's papers.
"All that is false," says Cornelius J. Pings, senior academic vice president at USC. Although negotiations between USC and Mr. Nixon began in 1977, "rela-tively nothing" has occurred be-tween them in years, he said.

Opponents Meet

Mr. Watson rounded up 13 Mr. Watson rounned up 13 members of the history depart-ment for a meeting. Twelve of those present, including two conservative Republicans, opposed the library.

"With few exceptions our con-cern is that the possibility of dramatically acquiring a magnificent presidential library may obscure the aura of dirty tricks which will inevitably surround this particular presidential library," Mr. Watson wrote Mr. Sanford in explaining the department's position. "We'd all love to have Benedict Arrold's love to have Benedict Arnold's papers, but we don't want a Benedict Arnold building on cam-

William Styron, the Pulitzer

Three of the four largest planets, Jupiter, Saturn and Neptune, radi-ate more heat than they receive

from the sun, indicative of internal

heat engines of some sort. Uranus

radiates no excess heat. No one

knows why. But, without an inter-

nal heat engine, Uranns may be the only major planet in the solar system without magnetic fields.

In 1977, when U.S. scientists

traveled to the Indian Ocean to ob-serve the occultation of a star by Uranus, they made a serendinitous

discovery. They saw that Uranus had at least six faint rings around

it. Later observations detected nine rings. The Uranian rings seem

to be different from those of Sa-

turn and Jupiter. They are not

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — The president of Yale University has attacked the Moral Majority and other con-

coercion" in "a radical assault" on pluralism, civil rights and religious and political freedoms in the Unit-

A. Bartlett Giamatti also ex-

pressed concern that many U.S.

political and religious leaders appeared to have been intimidated

into silence by the Moral Majori-

Blast at U.S. Base in Korea

The Associated Press

SEOUL - Four members of the

U.S. Air Force were injured in an

explosion and flash fire at Taegu

Air Base, 200 miles south of Seoul, the U.S. Forces Korea Command

reported Tuesday.

Voyager-2 should find out.

carbon, nitrogen and oxygen com-pounds as well as hydrogen. What happened to the light gases? Dr.

Other anomalies of Uranus, ac-cording to Dr. Smith, include the planet's heat and its recently dis-

covered rings.



Richard M. Nixon

Duke graduate, has issued a leta similiar broadside.

Almost everyone would like to have the former president's papers at Duke, if only they could be quietly put in the university library. Some, like law professor Walter Dellinger, think even broaching the subject with Mr. Nixon was a mistake. "I fear the university in entering negotia-tions with Nixon landed a strong

ter attacking the library proposal. Fourteen of the university's most respected professors signed

punch in the belly of a tar baby," he said.

made in a month or so.

"When it's done, they will have to take a look at their assumptions, and one of the assumptions that has not been met is the interest rates," he said. The interest rate has remained higher than when the OMB originally projected the 1982 budget deficit, and therefore, assurning all other economic factors are constant, you might see the OMB having to increase its esti-mate of what that deficit will be. But how much, I can't tell you."

In Washington, Murray L. Weidenbaum, chairman of the president's Council of Economic

are composed of extremely dark material. A question for Voyager-2 will be how did the rings of cold Uranus escape being coated with

largely icy, as are the others, but

Even more questions about Uranus, and some guidance for planning the Voyager flyby, could be forthcoming. Dr. Smith said, from the orbiting Space Telescope. The optical instrument is scheduled to be launched by the space shuttle into an orbit of the Earth in January, 1985, a year before Voyager-2's encounter with Uranus. Though the orbiting telescope will be focused primarily on distant galaxies, it will also make ob-

servations that should reveal details of Uranus never seen through ground-based telescopes. This could alter some of the mission plans, but not Voyager-2's arrival date at cold and distant and strange Uranus: Jan. 24, 1986.

ty's appeals for "a closed society," as well as by incidents of anti-Sem-

itism and spreading activities of

jority and its satellite or client

groups, cunning in the use of a na-tive blend of old intimidation and

new technology, threaten the val-ues" of the nation, Mr. Giamatti told 1,267 members of Yale's en-

tering freshmen on Monday.

"Angry at change, rigid in the application of chauvinistic slogans,

absolutistic in morality," he said, "they threaten through political pressure or public denunciation

vhoever dares to disagree with

the Ku Klux Klan.

Aide Says Reagan Ready to Trim Military Budgets for '83 and '84

LOS ANGELES — President remained totally committed to the Reagan is prepared to cut planned military spending by up to \$30 billion to achieve a balanced budget by 1984, according to a James A. Baker 3d, the White House chief of

In an interview Monday, Mr. Baker also acknowledged publicly for the first time that high interest rates may push the deficit for the

Reagan was ready to slash the Pen-tagon budgets for the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years by between \$20 billion and \$30 billion to achieve his goal of balancing the budget by the end of his presidential term.

There was no immediate com-Armed Services Committee.

Weinberger Reluctant

Mr. Baker said that by midweek Mr. Reagan would have proposals for major spending cuts from De-fense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger. He acknowleded that Mr. Weinberger has been reluctant to propose any reduction in the Pen-tagon's \$222-billion budget au-thority for fiscal 1982, which be-

gins Oct. 1.

The Washington Post reported that the Defense Resources Board met Monday to consider the Armed Services Committee's lists of programs that could be cut or delayed to defer or reduce spending. Among the steps the Air Force said might be needed, the Post reported; are cutbacks in strategic defenses

Mr. Reagan also has directed his Cabinet members to search for more possible spending cuts in so-

cial programs.

Mr. Baker said that the Office of Management and Budget still holds to its forecast of a \$42.5-billion 1982 deficit, but he added that there will be another projection

Faulty Assumption

Advisers, said that he regarded the \$42.5-billion deficit figure only as an estimate, not a commitment. He was quoted by reporters present at a breakfast meeting Monday as saying, however, that it was the administration's "best estimate, and that officials were doing their

Yale President Calls Moral Majority a Threat to Freedom tian fundamentalist political move-ment founded in 1979 by a television evangelist, the Rev. Jerry Falwell. It espouses conservative

Liberia Frees 19 Jailed Since Tolbert's Ouster

ligious and political issues.

United Press International MONROVIA, Liberia -- The Liberian leader, Samuel K. Doe, has freed 19 political prisoners held since the April, 1980, coup that overthrew President William P. Tolbert Jr., government sources said Monday.

their authoritarian positions. Using television, direct mail and eco-Those released include two fornomic boycott, they would sweep mer Cabinet ministers. Mr. Tol-bert's son-in-law, Tonie King, forbefore them anyone who holds a mer commissioner of immigration, The Moral Majority is a Chris-

Mr. Baker said that Mr. Reagan into effect on Oct. 1, the beginning concept of a balanced budget in 1984. He said the president believed that the recent drop in stock prices should not be interpreted as a lack of confidence in his eco-

nomic recovery program. The effectiveness of the administration's economic programs cannot be judged before they are put

of the 1982 fiscal year, he said. Citing inflation as the "No. 1 problem facing the country." Mr. Baker argued that the stock market slowdown was a function of infla-

tion moderating. As inflation is reduced, "interest rates will come down," Mr. Baker said. "We'll begin to see some relief by the first of

current 1981 fiscal year beyond the administration's \$42.5-billion estimate. Joseph Hirshhorn, 82, Dies; Millionaire, Art Collector

WASHINGTON - Joseph H. Hirshhorn, 82, an immigrant, selfmade uranium millionaire and art ment from members of the Senate collector who donated \$50 million in paintings and sculpture to establish the museum here named for him, died Monday after a heart attack at his Washington home. Born in Latvia the 12th of 13 children, Mr. Hirshhorn came to the United States with his widowed mother when he was 6, set-

OBITUARIES

tled in an immigrant section of Brooklyn, and surmounted a dismal boyhood and poverty to make a great fortune, acquire in-fluence with the famous and powerful and see a museum named for

Dropping out of school at the age of 12, Mr. Hirshhorn started out by selling newspapers, moved to Wall Street as a broker, and made his first million before he was 30.

Found Gold

Two months before the great crash of 1929, having amassed \$4 million, Mr. Hirshhorn suddenly pulled out of the stock market demonstrating either luck, wisdom or some combination of the two that he appeared never to lack

Canada became his next financial arena. In 1936, having obtained substantial holdings in what appeared to be unrewarding ies, he found gold within a few yards of an old shaft.

Then in the late 1940s, through shrewd and secret maneuver, he acquired vast and fabulously valuable Canadian uranium mines. His financial support of the unconventional theories of one Canadian geologist led to successful drilling tests and prompted an elaborate strategem to stake claims quietly before news could leak out. In 1956, Mr. Hirshhorn ob-

tained \$50 million, mostly in stock. for his Canadian properties, and in 1960 he sold his uranium interests and began reducing his business

Active and decisive in business, where he was known as a hunter of bargains, he showed similar traits as a collector, stunning dealers with the speed and size of his pur-Much of his growing fortune

was spent on the art collection that helped make the Hirshhorn Museum a success from the day it opened in 1974. By 1976, the collection built on Mr. Hirshhorn's artistic and acquisitive instincts was drawing 1.5 million visitors a year to the gleaming circular building on the Mall, outstripping the Museum of Modern Art in New York to become the fourth most popular art museum in the United

His collection ranged from paintings by Jackson Pollock to those of Thomas Eakins and in-cluded the sculpture of Henry Moore and Auguste Rodin.

There was considerable controversy about his insistence that the building be named after him. He got his way, but for a time afterward was separated entirely from

the museum and its activities. Finally, in December, 1977, he was

M.O. Mathai

NEW DELHI (AP) — M.O. Mathai, 72, once a top assistant to India's first prime minister, heart attack in Madras. After his resignation in 1959 following Communist allegations of misuse of power, he wrote two controver-sial books, "Reminiscences of the Nehru Age" in 1978 and "My Days With Nehru" in 1979. In his books, he wrote critically about Nehru's daughter, Prime Minister Indira Gandhi.

Gen. Hugh J. Casey

NEW YORK (NYT) — Maj. Gen. Hugh J. Casey, 83, a highly decorated Army engineer who served with MacArthur in the Phil-ippines in World War II died Sunday of a heart attack in White River Junction, Vt.

Gen. Casey, who was born in Brooklyn, was a career soldier who helped draft the original plans for the design of the Pentagon in the late 1930s. He served as Mac-Arthur's chief engineer. He was at the general's victory celebration when Japan surrendered in 1945. He became chairman of the New York City Transit Authority in the early 1950s after retiring from the

2d Atom-Powered Sub Is Launched by France

The Associated Press CHERBOURG. France -France launched its second nuclear-powered submarine Tuesday. the 2,400-ton Saphir.

The ship, which has a cruising speed of 25 knots, carries a crew of 66 and is armed with four missile launchers, is expected to become operational in 1984 following tests and exercises, In 1979, France launched its first nuclear-powered submarine, the Rubis, which is to become operational next summer.

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Wednesday, September 2, 1981

Attack on Angola, 'in Context'

national standards, there is nothing so-called about the violation of Angolan territory by South African forces. Flagrant would be more like it. London, Paris and Bonn strongly condemned the aerial and ground attack. Not Washington, which used every possible locution to avoid doing so. That puts the United States at odds with its allies over an adventure contrary to law or sense. Why? It looks as if an ambiguous policy is bearing bitter fruit.

Yes, as the Reagan administration insists, Pretoria's thrust must be understood in context. Yes, Angola has served as a base for Namibian guerrillas who for years have been skirmishing with South African forces. And yes, Marxist Angola has gotten military help from the Soviet bloc, claiming that it needed some 20,000 Cubans to counter South African raids. But there is a wider context.

For a generation, South Africa has been illegal master of a huge and mineral-rich territory known as South-West Africa, or Namibia. It has rebuffed every proposal for genuine independence, fearing that its own client regime in Namibia might lose to leftist guerrillas in a free election.

The United States and its Western allies devoted years of diplomacy to creating a reasonable solution. But that all went by the boards-last November when Pretoria disa-

To Pretoria, it is a "so-called invasion" or vowed its earlier support for the plan, just "simply a follow-up operation." But by interca's leaders evidently calculated that Mr. Reagan cared more about their minerals and anti-Marxism than about Namibia.

The new administration took the pressure off Pretoria and put it on Angola instead. While little was asked of South Africa, Angola was told that getting rid of those Cubans was the link to progress on Namibia. The turn in U.S. policy startled black Africa and emboldened South Africa, where resurgent hard-liners had already been clamoring for a show of force against Angola.

South Africa was not acting in concert with the United States — or so most Americans would like to believe. Yet by signaling its indifference. Washington was giving tacit assent to this adventuring — or so most of black Africa will conclude. One result may be to harden the Cuban presence in Angola and offer a wider opening for Soviet diplomacy. That is precisely what the Reagan Administration says it wants to discourage.

South Africa's attack, even if now ended, will unsettle post-colonial Africa and fan pressure for economic sanctions on Pretoria. This is deeply unsettling to Europeans who want trading relations with both white and black Africa. And speaking of contexts, just when will Washington spell out its policy on

THE NEW YORK TIMES.



While the U.S. hostages were still held captive, some Americans were so outraged they urged Jimmy Carter to bomb Iran — "turn it into a parking lot." Now it is the former Ira-nian president, Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, who from his exile home in France suggests to his countrymen that bombs might be the right way to answer the governmental terrorism practiced by his former partners.

With the bombing deaths Sunday of Iran's latest president and premier, two of the five top leaders on what amounts to Mr. Bani-Sadr's death list have now been eliminated. The United States — its foot freed from the hostage bear trap — can stand aside as yet another revolution devours its children.

Sunday's carnage was hardly the beginning. Two months ago, another bomb killed the party leader, Ayatollah Beheshti, and about 70 of his followers. And the regime has, throughout, been spilling blood endlessly. Its firing squads have been working overtime since Mr. Bani-Sadr was ousted in June; more than 470 victims have been executed.

And yet a well-organized and deadly opposition network has not been eliminated. Strategically placed sympathizers have given the bombers access to the government's innermost precincts. It has been more than 30 months since the shah's fall, but Iran's revolutionary upheaval still has not rocked to a halt or achieved stability. And that is now the main U.S. interest in Iran. A stable government could restore oil production, defend Iran's borders against opportunistic neighbors and perhaps even improve the lot of a long-misgoverned population.

Washington, however, can do little to promote the return of stability. The one issue that united disparate Iranians in 1978 and 1979 was their passionate rejection of past Western kingmaking. It is probably the only issue that could reunite them behind the embattled clerical regime today. Iran's political course will have to be determined by its own people - or its armed forces.

So the most appropriate course for foreign governments is to do just what the Reagan administration has done since it took office, on the day the bear trap was opened and the hostages were released: stand back. In this case, at least, U.S. diplomatic luck has turned around. The United States harbors no pretenders to the peacock throne; the only hostages Iran now holds are its own.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The Next U.S. Tax Increase

the bill to increase taxes.

But, you protest, it's been hardly a month since President Reagan and Congress cut taxes. It was, you say, the grand, final cut in the income tax, designed and built to run for-

How true. You are entitled to a deep sigh. Mr. Reagan and Congress got a bit carried away with themselves. Those income tax reductions are going to grow larger as time passes. Under the new tax law, there won't be enough money to provide both an adequate national defense and a level of public services that most Americans consider a barely decent minimum. Without a tax increase, the 1984 federal budget, far from coming into balance as Mr. Reagan promises, will be running large and rising deficits. Last month's legislation — the tax cut and the spending cuts together — put the budget on a track that, by 1984, in the absence of further action, would produce a deficit around \$120 billion. There will be some further reductions in spending before then, but it is hardly realistic to expect them to amount to more than a small fraction of that \$120

What then? If you join us in thinking it important to work consistently toward smaller deficits - and, not incidentally, toward lower interest rates - you will want to look at some of the possibilities. In the distance you can already hear the drums beating for a VAT — a value-added tax, in the European style - but that's merely a federal sales tax and not a very inviting proposi-

tion. What else? First on the list is a national severance tax on oil and gas — a percentage of the well-head price, collected from the producer, It's time to abandon the concept of a windfall, and to make the present oil windfall tax permanent. It's also time to deregulate natural gas, and to tell the natural gas producers that

Sorry, but it's time to start thinking about the price for it is a federal tax. In addition to raising revenue, a stiff severance tax would also serve the useful purpose of slowing down the rate at which the gas and oil industries are drawing investment and profits away from the rest of U.S. business.

Another target is the series of wide-open deductions that Congress should have - but did not - limit when it passed this year's bill. Congress should have abolished the deduction for consumer credit. Why should credit charges be paid in untaxed dollars when the rent and the groceries are not? How about a limit on the mortgage interest deduc-

Why not revive those user charges that Mr. Reagan proposed last March - and hastily abandoned when the private airplane and boat owners squawked? It's not a huge amount of money in comparison withthe coming deficits, but it's several billion dollars

All of these suggestions put together do not come to \$120 billion a year, or to half that much. But, if pursued promptly, they would buy a little time while the country comes to terms with the implications of the tax bill that has just been enacted.

The tax bill was intended to force further budget cutting and, despite some obvious errors, the present wringing-out of the budget is a healthy process. As Mr. Reagan inherited it, the budget had a lot of slop in it, and most Americans seemed to feel that their tax money was being spent with a good deal less care than it had been earned. But the budget-cutting will reach a point at which voters let Congress know that it's gone far enough, When that moment comes - and it's evidently not far away - Mr. Reagan and Congress will have the melancholy duty of raising taxes to pay for what's left. It's not too soon to start considering which taxes, paid by

THE WASHINGTON POST.

In the International Edition

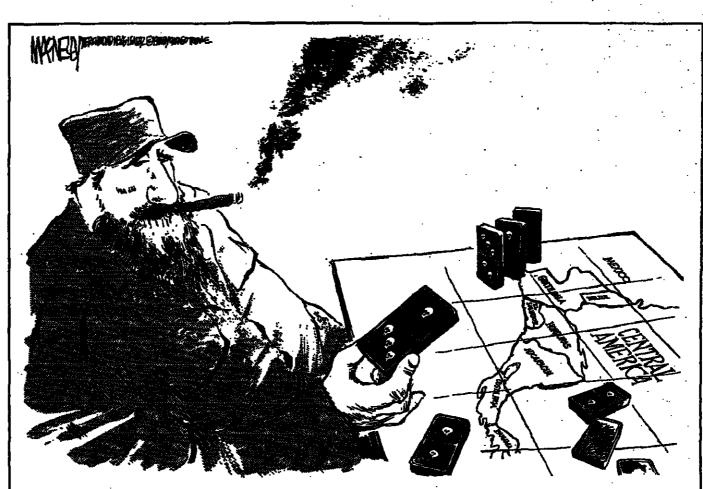
Seventy-Five Years Ago September 2, 1906

ROME - In consequence of certain suspiciouslooking specks that had made their appearance on the masonry of the new Campanile of St. Mark's, the Venice municipal authorities recently requested Prof. Luzardo, a well-known chemist, to make a report on the materials employed in its construction. Prof. Luzardo states in a preliminary report that the bricks are made of clay from Treviso, while the Portland cement used comes from Casale sul Sile. Both of these materials have a high reputation, but this is the first time that they have been used for a monument intended to endure for centuries. It remains to be seen whether they possess the requisite pow-

ers of resistance to the ravages of time.

Fifty Years Ago September 2, 1931

PARIS -- The white man as master has gone from Asia and his position there now is the one of adviser, according to Dr. Herbert Adams Gibbons. American writer on international affairs, who has just returned from eight months of travcling in Africa and Asia. "Things are slipping out of the white man's hands in the Far East, and Asiatic colonization is in a very difficult and delicate state now. By contrast, there is a great opportunity to develop the vast wealthy country of Africa, because there they are ready to accept the superiority of the white man." Dr. Gibbons. who has visited two-thirds of the French colonies, considers that France is in the premier position for direct colonial work in Africa.



Central America: Those Linked Myths

By Abraham F. Lowenthal

OS ANGELES - Public discussion of Central America's crisis suffers from daily repetition of several linked myths. One set — the myths of U.S. benevolence and malevolence — deals with U.S. motives and

Both the Reagan administration and the left perpetuate the myth of benevolence by saying that they want what is best for Central America's people: freedom, development, equity and the like. But both side is said to be a supplement of the like of the like is the same of the like of the like is the same of the like of the like is the like of the like is the like of the like is the like is the like of the like of the like is the like of sudden concern with Central America is more instrumental than benevolent. Washington sees Central America as the easiest place to "draw a line" against the Soviet Un-ion. The left sees Central America as a means of reviving the anti-war movement. Neither side appears to know very much about the region itself.

The myth of U.S. malevolence blames

Central America's troubles, particularly its repressive regimes, mainly on the United States. U.S. support for repression surely should be avoided, but Central America's history was very bloody long before U.S. military missions began.

'Second Cuba'

A second pair of myths discusses Central America in terms of a "second Cuba" or "another Vietnam." One view argues that Washington "lost" both Cuba and Vietnam by not opposing the Communists early and forcefully enough. Others contend that Washington helped force Castro into the arms of his eventual Soviet backers, and that more fundamental reforms might have saved Vietnam. Both sides apply their lessons to

Central America. These views mislead, however, both by exaggerating what Washington's role was or might have been in each case, and by missing crucial differences between the Central American situation and those earlier faced. шу, мка agua is not Cuba. There is, furthermore, no Fidel Castro in Managua. And Mr. Castro's own influence reinforces these distinctions, for he has urged Nicaragua's leaders not to emulate his policies. The much-discussed

America. Even if U.S. involvement ever escalated to full-scale direct military interven-tion, the Dominican Republic operation of 1965 would be a closer analogy than the pro-

A third pair of myths, of Soviet expansionism and of "falling dominoes," is equally misleading. Much of the discussion of Central America has portrayed the region as a crucial link in the Soviet Union's master plan. The Reagan administration's White Paper on El Salvador claims that more than 800 tons of military equipment has been committed there from Communist sources.

Dominoes?

But the White Paper itself suggests that El Salvador's insurgents have found the Soviet Union cautious and even unresponsive to their pleas. Soviet involvement is being grossly exaggerated, no doubt because "Soviet expansionism" is easier to stop where it is not happening than where it is.

Even less convincing is the assertion that Central America's countries are a set of dominoes, the fall of any of which would topple the others and eventually bring a left-ist-nationalist regime to power in Mexico. In fact, even if all Central America were swept to the left, Mexico probably would be pushed to the right. A left-nationalist regime would only be more likely to emerge as a response to U.S. military intervention in Central America than to radicalism there.

The myths of the "democratic center" and of "popular revolution" cloud discussion of Central America's domestic politics. The preference of successive U.S. administrations for "democratic centrists" in Central America seems oblivious to the fact that much of the problem there arises precisely from the absence of moderates with whom Washington would feel comfortable. Nor is there prevailing assumption among liberal intellectuals that popular revolution is likely or even inevitable in Central America. Continued violence and unstable despotism may be more

Those who admire Castro and those who despise him seem to think that Cuban policy despise him seem to think that Cuban policy almost always succeeds, despite contrary evidence from the Dominican Republic, Venezuela Bohva, Peru, Chile, Jamaica and elsewhere. The fact that Mr. Castro's only real aly in this hemisphere, aside from Nicaragua, is tiny Grenada illustrates that there is no reason to be mesmerized by Havana.

Equally dubious is the common assumption that the United States could shape the outcome in Central America if only Washington could choose the right policies on mil-itary aid, land reform or human rights. The United States still may be the single most important foreign influence on Central America, but many other external factors af-America, our many other external factors ar-fect the region: Cuba and the Soviet Union, Mexico and Venezuela, Israel and the Pales-tine Liberation Organization, the European Social Democrats and Christian Democrats, the church, the media, business, labor and hnman-rights activists. And no foreign factor is as significant as the region's own people, every month more fully mobilized. For better or worse, the United States no longer controls Central America.

Hard Question

Debunking the myths that obscure the de-bate on Central America admittedly does not tell us what to do. That question is hard, to be sure, if it involves analyzing what is at stake for the United States, what is happening in the region and why and how best to achieve U.S. aims.

Reasonable and well-informed people can and do disagree about the nature and the dynamics of Central America's civil strife, about what the United States can do to affect the outcome there, and about how the United States might be affected by alternative outcomes. These issues deserve more attention and debate - but on the basis of careful analysis, not misleading analogies of simplifications.

Abraham F. Lowenshal is a visiting scholar at the University of California Los Angeles Latin American Center. He wrote this article for the Los Angeles Times.

Finally, it is time to question the myths of Cuban omniscience and U.S. omnipotence. Vietnam analogy is even less apt. Not a single U.S. soldier has died yet in Central Japan: Patriotism Glimpsed, Once Again

By Ken Ishii

TOKYO — For the first time since the end of World War II, a word that has been taboo has begun to come back into use: patriotism. The term is still referred to somewhat hesitantly in public, for it continues to have militaristic overtones for many Japanese. But the fact the subject can now be discussed at all signifies an important shift in Japanese thinking.

No less than the government has taken the lead in bringing the sub-ject to public attention in a series of actions that can hardly be called coincidental.

For its most recent effort, the government chose its white paper on defense. In a sharp departure from past practice that limited the contents of the annual report to the world military situation and the role of the defense forces, the paper stated (in its summarized translation): "We must exercise our best ef-

forts to defend our free and peaceful life, our economic prosperity, and our beautiful land from unjust aggression. This is the duty each person has toward his descendants and ancestors. Motivation toward performance of this duty consists of the desire for defense, care for one's country, and the expression of patriotic sentiments.

"Patriotic sentiments are an af-

fection for one's native land and are a natural feeling for any human being who desires his com-munity to develop peacefully."

Defend the Nation

Then it went on to explain:
"What is important is how and ircumstances - these feelings should be expressed. True patriotic sentiments are not necessarily limited to the love of peace and love of one's country. In case of emergency, they include the zeal to join together to defend the

Until not long ago this sort of exhortation would have invited a political crisis and large leftist

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Letters to the Editor," and must include the writer's address and signature. Priority is given to letters that are brief and do not request anonymity. Letters may be abridged. We are unable to acknowledge all letters, but value the views of readers who submit

As expected, several newspapers expressed editorial concern that the tone of the defense paper re-flected an unhealthy swing to the right by Premier Zenko Suzuki's administration. Commentators warned that it represented a desire to return to the kind of militarism that brought Japan to disaster. But gether before the war. after a few days, the subject faded into the background, much in the manner of the reaction to the visit

by Cabinet members to the Yasukuni Shrine on Aug. 15, the day of Japan's surrender in 1945. Newspapers front-paged the Yasukuni visit amid charges it violated the constitutional ban on state interference of religious af-

Sensitive Subject

There was much hair-splitting over whether the visit had been made by the ministers in their offi-cial or private capacities, but in the end, the government's insistence that the visits were as private citizens won out

Although premiers and even the emperor have in recent years prayed at Yasukumi, where the spirits of Japanese soldiers killed in battle are enshrined, never since the war have Cabinet members paid their respects on masse.

For some time a proposal has been circulating at top government levels to declare Aug. 15 a national holiday dedicated to the war dead, with the day's events highlighted by an official visit to Yasukuni by all government leaders. The shrine, in downtown Tokyo, was built during Emperor Meiji's reign to honor the nation's war dead, who include those killed in the Chinese-Japanese and the Russian-Japanese wars as well as in World War

It is unlikely the government's proposal will find enough support to materialize in the immediate future, but the fact that such a oncesensitive subject can now be brought into the open indicates the shifting undercurrent of the na-

Few if any Japanese today believe Shintoism can ever again become an instrument of national policy dedicated to the deification of the emperor. But the Japanese have for so many postwar years identified Yasukuni with World War II militarism that they associate it with defeat. The feeling has been that if defeat was the price of patriotism, however misguided, they want no part of it, that patri-

otism is for victors. But memories have faded with time, a new generation is taking over, and economic prosperity is the order of the day. Yet, in the pursuit of material affluence, the Japanese have left themselves in a spiritual vacuum. There has been nothing to replace the values of family and the respect of one's elders that held the social fabric to-

Surveys indicate the Japanese today have little sense of nation-hood. To the question of what the Japanese would do if their country were invaded, one survey (by the nationwide daily Yomiuri) found only 20.6 percent willing to fight with arms. Of the remainder, 33.7 percent were prepared to resist only by nonmilitary means, 23.9 percent preferred simply to escape to a safe haven, 6.7 percent invored immediate surrender, and the rest were noncommittal.

As its recent actions indicate, the government has judged the time has come to try to instill in the public a greater sense of identi-ty with the state. But it will have to tread very carefully.

Though calling for patriotism to support a larger defense budget (drawn up under U.S. pressure), the government is aware that most Japanese approve of their defense forces only half-heartedly, as something that exists for an attack they believe will never occur. they believe will never occur.

Attitudes are changing to be sure, but only slowly. It would be dangerous to miscalculate the pace of this change. The tendency of the Japanese to identify patriotism with military strength, and military strength with aggression may have lessened but it was not disappeared. Despite consument and peared. Despite government en-courangement to do so, a large percentage of the Japanese do not display the rising sun flag outside their homes on national holidays.

Yet, the Japanese traditionally have a great potential for patriotic feeling. For in a society where group loyalty is a virtue, the ulti-mate group is the nation. No one at international sports events feels a greater sense of pride than the Japanese when their national flag

is raised in victory. The elements were there for the militarists to manipulate in the 1930s and 1940s. As obvious as it is, the government's job is to con-vince the public that the new patriotism it seeks to inculcate does not mean a return to the old order.

sponsibility to ourselves and others. It gives us, as I see it, the perfect out for which we have waited so long. Paul Quinnett, a writer and psy-chologist, is director of the Spokane Mental Health Center. He wrote this article for The New York

—Letters

Qadhafi and U.S.

In the midst of the furor about the recent Libyan incident, I should like to remind readers of the International Herald Tribune that the issue at stake is not whether the United States is being virtuous in being nasty to Moamer Qadhafi, or whether Col. Qadhafi is nice, which he is not. The real issue is, to paraphrase a famous U.S. general, not whether Col. Qadhafi is an s.o.b., which he is, but whether he is Uncle Sam's s.o.b., which he is not. A perusal of recent history will demonstrate the pertinence of this statement. J.F.T. SPENCER Montpellier, France.

On Neutron Weapons

Demonstrations in front of the U.S. Embassy are fine for meeting friends and getting your picture in the papers, but the youth of Eu-rope can and should do more to prevent deployment of the neutron bomb here. The ostensible and possibly even the real reason is to

neutralize the admitted Soviet superiority in tanks. But this can be done more clearly and simply by the youth of Europe if they:

Perfect

Out

By Paul Quinnett SPOKANE, Wash. — At least one of the reasons proferred

by the air-traffic controllers for their strike was that, as a group, they were "burned-out." To a psy-chologist who tries to keep up with

chologist who tries to keep up with the latest fads in psychological in-firmities, this increasingly popular phraseology caught my attention. I mow that burn-out is ravaging medicine, psychology, social work and most of the helping profes-sions but was unaware it had jumped the fire lines into the ranks of the air-traffic controllers. Burn-out as a fresh clinical syn-

Burn-out as a fresh clinical syn-

drome has, as yet, had only a dubi-

ous scientific reputation and a small but ardent following, even

though some clinicians have been betting that burn-out would, with the 1980s, emerge as the victor among the host of emotional mala-dies visited upon 20th-century

Ripe With Promise

people burning out at various points in their tribulations on the

planet, is ripe with promise for the

rest of the decade. A frustrated people stand ready and waiting for

an answer to that chronic and uniquely American question,
"What's wrong with me anyway?"

From my reading on the prob-lem (which is considerable and, I

assume, if overdone can bring on

the disorder) the syndrome is suffi-ciently vague, even shadowy, that its signs and symptoms can be loosely fitted to almost anyone

who has been frustrated in his or her quest for perfect contentment. This, as I see it, is a great improve-

ment over more rigorous attempts

to define what is wrong with peo-

When the latest version of the

American Psychiatric Associa-tion's catalog of ills, the "Diagnos-tic and Statistical Manual, III,"

rolled off the presses last year my first reaction to the expanded list

was that it was too carefully de-

fined and that the public and chin-cians everywhere would have to

get busy inventing a problem more

general in scope. The listings of proper psychiatric infirmities in the new manual are simply too

narrow to be of any practical use

to a nation as exasperated and in-

Develops Slowly

derstand it, develops slowly, is progressive in nature and insidious in

onset and course. It sneaks up on

people. Where they thought they were tired, bored, apathetic about

their work or even underpaid, they

can now see themselves as victims

of inhumane systems and that new

nemesis, stress.

Fortunately, this spanking-new malady is sufficiently obscure in meaning, encompassing almost

any complaint or dissatisfaction

with the way things are, that I be-lieve people can handily diagnose

themselves and each other, then

No Remedy

cepted remedy for burn-out, I think we have stumbled upon a worthy and thoroughly modern concept with which to label our

discontent. It fits nicely with the increasingly popular view that humans, like androids, are a com-

plicated series of relays, switches,

condensers, resistors and so forth

and thus augurs well for a new sci-

cure, burn-out — the visual image of which is a pile of cold ashes —

covers our personal failures much

better than ordinary forms of irre-

While someone else looks for a

ence of man.

Finally, because there is no ac-

get busy searching for a cure

The burn-out syndrome, as I un-

trospective as ours.

The idea of burn-out, or rather

Americans.

1.7 1.7:-

a) Support the expansion of the conventional forces of the NATO countries until they can stop the Soviet forces without thinking of recourse to any type of tactical nuclear weapon.
b) Enlist in the anti-tank and

tank forces of their own countries so that these can be built up to deter a Soviet armored attack without a neutron bomb. Not only would these steps climinste the need or excuse for the

neutron bomb — they could make it possible for the West to propose negotiations on the elimination of all tactical nuclear weapons in En-

But I fear that these proposals will not be supported by the antinuclear movements. It is easier to take a high moral position than lie in the mud and learn how to use an anti-tank weapon.

CLIFFORD BERNETT.

Herald Tribune

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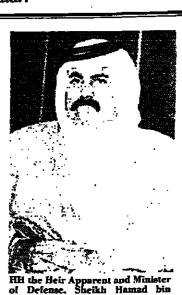
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Qatar Celebrates 10 Years of Independence.



Education is the key to independence and development.



On September 3 1971, Qatar, a small peninsula state in the heart of the Arabian Gulf, broke the ties which had held it under British sway for more than a half a century and took control of its own future.

Appropriately, the declaration of Independence was broadcast to the people of Qatar, by HH Sheikh Khalifa bin Homad al-Thani, the Crown Prince and Prime Minister at the time, who six months later was to formally take over the rains of power as Emir of Qatar. HH Sheikh Khalifa had been working for more than a decade to build up a state administration and to prepare the ground for economic development, so that when the day come that Qatar would at last stand free from foreign influence, its people would be prepared and ready to take responsibility for their future.

Oil was discovered in Qatar in the late nineteen thirties, and every Qatari knew instantly that this was a great blessing bestowed on the country, which if properly exploited would mean that the days of

hardship, where a living could be squeezed from pearl diving - a long exhausted trade - coastal fishing, or local trade between Gulf parts, were over for ever. But the oil did not begin to flow until 1949, because of the Second World War, and when it did flow, the people of Qatar received little of the revenues, and few benefits. The fact that oil was being produced in Qatar aid not mean automatic development, for the oil companies concerned were not interested in the local people and their welfare.

and if the revenues of all were to be used to the benefit of the people, they had to gain control of their destiny and resources. HH Sheikh Khalifa at the beginning of his coreer in administration in the mid fillies, knew that the first step had to be education. Qutar had no formal schools offering a modern academic syllobus - only the traditional Koronic schools, where boys learned the precepts of Islam at the feet of a teacher in the mosque, offered some learning, which though important

If the state of Qatar was to develop.

Sheikh Khalifa set about hiring teachers from sister Arab states who could bring education combined with understanding of the Arab and Gulf way of life, reinforcing rather than destroying the Qatari culture. In 1956 the first state school opened its doors to 100 boys.

The education movement spread quickly and within a few years there were several thousand children, boys and girls in separate schools, pressed by education starved parents to make the most of this great apportunity. Education rought confidence, and also sowed the seeds which would be reaped some twenty years later, when those young boys returned home to Qatar rom studies at foreign universities to take up posts of senior responsibility, replacing foreign management. The education system now coters for

more than 40,000 young people and offers every stage of studies from primary school to university. Qatar's university which was given its charter by HH the Emir in 1977, and has now seen four issues of graduates is steadily expanding and offering more and more faculties as the educational standards of the school children increase, and especially since girls are now keen for higher studies. Attempts are made to link university studies to the country's needs particularly in providing teachers and scientists. For example a new engineering faculty was opened last year.

Technical education has also been available for some years as Qatar prepared its youthful manpower to work on industrial projects with the aim of reducing dependence on foreign manpower in the long term. HH the Emir Sheikh Khalifa bin Homad al-Thani summed up the development when he said that the individual . . . " is both the means of

We are doing our utmost and fallowing the best course so that our youth can absorb from education what is most useful for our country, and derive from experience what is most beneficial in our circumstances. In this manner, each of them can quality for assuming public responsibility and enhance-by his awakened mind and enlightened experience in his field of specialisation the great and continuous efforts we are making to elevate this country

Once independence was achieved ten years ogo, HH Sheikh Khalifa began to introduce changes into the state which would indeed allow the people to play their full part in the development of the state. After acceeding to the position of Emir in February 1972, HH the Emir lost no

Each year as its members acquire experience, the Advisory Council is accorded more powers and a wider range of involvement by HH the Emir, who believes that democracy like education cannot be acquired overnight if it is to be meaningful but must be allowed to develop at a pace which the society can absorb. A similar policy has been adopted in the growth of the civil service. In the early days before independence as

and people. In Qatar, the Emir has

always been totally accessible to his

people, but dearly the constraints

imposed by a fast modernising soci-

ety required new forms of contact.

HH Sheikh Khalifa as Crown Prince and Prime Minister worked to establish a framework of government, it was necessary to rely on Arab advisers brought from friendly coun-



HH the Emir, Sheikh Khalifa bin Hamad al-Thani at the ins Gulf Cooperation Council in Abu Dhabi last May.

Council—a particularly Arab form government structure, modelled on the traditional council of elders Representatives of all the prominent ies in Qatar were appointed to body, to discuss the measures being taken by ministers to develop

tries, simply because the experience oil companies, and the development of the state and economy in a twentieth century context had not yet been acquired by the people of Qatar. But over the past few years, undersecretaries and directors of government departments has been put in the hands of Qatari grodu-

This gradual approach to development has meant that Oatari repre sentatives can now play a full role for their country in the international as well as domestic fields, confident of the "experience they have acquired From the date of independence Datar had expressed the firm belief that it had a commitment to fulfill to the international commu nity and especially to the less-devel oped countries whose plight it understood only too well

Thus Qatar through its representatives in the United Nations and other world bodies has been working hard on the compaign to gain radical change in the relationship between the advanced industrial and the poor developing countries—the soas HH the Emir decided wisely that Qatar's security and prosperity lay in ordered economic development. education and social progress, so Qatar believes that economic develnt, to produce a greater level of equality throughout the world, is the only way to ensure world peace. On the regional level this has led to the creation of the Gulf Cooperation Council last May, a step for which Qatar's Emir had been calling for a decade or more. The purpose of the Council is to ensure that the states of the Gulf work together as one to develop the entire region to the benefit of all and to ensure that a new level of understanding is achieved, with positive effects on the stability of the region, decreasing the risk of opportunities arising for foreign

This philosophy also applies to the Arab world as a whole, where Qatar is contributing to the financing of the Arab Decade of Develop-

League Summit meeting in Amman. developing all the poorer countries of the Arab region so that a more equitable economic framework may help to remove inter state frictions and strengthen the security and soli-

used for development of the third world, and that prices must remain at a fair level for such finance to be available. Moreover economic development can only take place in a situation of political stability such



Internationally Qatar plays its full part in supporting international IMF and the World Bank, as well as helping poorer countries through such means as the OPEC Special Fund and bilateral aid. This aid is given partly because it is a humanitarian duty, but in part also it is simply good sense that people should work together to build a new economy and open up new markets, which do not depend on old systems

Both domestically and in the foreign field however, Qotor is concerned that as yet the advanced industrial world is not prepared to see that the

Development does not mean loss

of identity for Qataris

darity of the Arab world as a as Qatar and the Arab Gulf have enjoyed for the past decade.

> All this however is threatened because of the agression of Israeli zionist leaders whose sole concern is to destroy the Palestinian nation and also to destroy the economic achievements of the Arab world as evidence by the attack on a nuclear plant in Iraq. The development of the Gulf, the Arab region and the entire developing world is vital to the peace and prosperity of mankind as a whole, including the people of the advanced industrial countries, who will also lose heavily if the world is plunged once more into warmongering of a small state which refuses to accept the decisions of international law or even basic

Oil fuels Qatar's Industrial Development

In February 1973, on the first anni- provide the financial boost necesversary of his accession, HH the Emir of Qatar Sheikh Khalifa bin nation to review post progress and to set the seal on a surge of development which would bring Qatar into the industrial world by the end of the decade. The plans outlined included urban development, expansion of electricity and water supplies, road networks, telecommunications housing, hospitals and perhaps most important of oil, in the light of Catar's desire to secure an econamic base for the post-oil erg, concentrated investment in the new industrial estate at Llarm Said. The Umm Said industrial estate was to be devoted to heavy industry, making use of cheap energy and edstack from oil and gas to produce highly marketable export prod-

1973 was a turning point for Qatar's 1974 saw the NODCO oil refinery

sary to get massive industrialisation

at slightly lower levels in accordance with the state policy of preserving its natural wealth and balancing production as far as possible with the state's economic requirements.

Before 1973 some industry geored towards the domestic market had already begun production, notably a tory at Umm Bab which was vital to the construction programme to follow. But from 1973 onwards industridisation gathered pace.

In that year the first plant for Qatar Fertiliser Company began production, producing ammonia and urea for the export market. The Company witnessed a major expansion in 1979 when a \$300 million second facility went into production.

11,000 barrels a day providing

diesel oil and pasolines for the local

market as well as jet fuel for the

duction in 1978 and has proved to

industries, producing reinforcing

bars for the construction industry

most of which are exported to

While these companies formed a

solid beginning to industrialisation

the real dream was yet to be

realised. As early as 1974 studies

began, in conjunction with French

Company CdF Chemie, to establish

a world scale petrochemicals project

(Octor Petrochemical Company) in

Umm Said. The plant which has cost

a total investment of around \$675

million was formally inaugurated

along with the accompanying NGL

Il plant in February 1981 by HH the

Emir Sheikh Khalifa bin Hamad al

neighbouring Soudi Arabia.

be one of the state's most successful

eel Corporation began pro-

increasing traffic at the airport.



completion of all the basic elements of Qatar's heavy industrial sector, but also confirms the state's place as an exporter of industrial sector, but also confirms the state's role as an exporter of industrial goods other than all and its immediate deriva-

For a desert state which has passed into the technological age without all the stages of industrialisation experienced by most advanced dustrial nations, the creation of the Umm Said compled on a stretch of barren desert relieved only by the presence of a natural harbour, is something of a mirade, especially in time spor of little moree than a

That it has been achieved successfull is a testament to the sound judgement and planning on which it is and determination of the government to succeed despite the obstades and difficulties which have inevitably arise, and which might have tempted a less committed nation to abandon their dreams.

From the beginning HH the Emir, stressed the need for planning, and the Industrial Development Technical Centre was established with help from UN ogency experts in 1972 to ministries and to provide feasibility studies and marketing advice.

But Octor also knew that such ambi-

tious industrialisation could not be achieved without outside help in the form of technology, management and marketing experience. Yet the government wanted to be sure that such costly requirements would not be a waste of vital revenues, with foreign companies simply looking to make quick profits rather than help in Oatar's long term development. The entire Gulf, including Qatar, had experienced such problems during the readory rush for development in the mid-seventies, and the Qatar government had swiftly stopped inflated contracts before able surroundings equipped with the

damage was inflicted on the econ-

invested in heavy industry were large and irrevocable the nature of arrangements with foreign componies was critical. The Qatar government decided that limited partnership arrangements, with the foreign comany concerned holding a minority share in the project, would be in the best interests of all concerned. Moreover the international parties concerned are drawn from a number of different countries, the Qatar government being fully aware of the dangers of putting all their eggs in

one basket. Now as Qotar calebrates its tenth anniversary there is time to look back with pride on the progress of its infant industry, but there is no respite from the inexorable process of building a totally secure economy before the flow of oil revenues dwindles. .

A high powered government commission is currently studying a variety of proposals for the exploitation Qatar's North Field natural gas reserves, estimated to be among the largest single concentrations of gas in the world. If the proposal to set up a Liquified Natural Gas project is accepted, this will be Qatar's largest single investment involving a total capital areater than all the existing industrial facilities, and requiring

The decision is vital to Qatar's economic future and will be made in the near future. Meanwhile no less important is the encouragement being given by the state to the private sector to establish light inclustries to reduce the volume of imported manufactured goods, another step on the road to self-sufficiency. As yet most industry has been achieved by the state sector alone, and the enthusiasm of the private sector will be the acid test for how far Qatar's industrialisation has succeeded in transforming the commercial mentality of the society in

There can be no more appropriate Qatar did not lose their identity as tribute to the social and culture the technology of the outside world the post ten years than the opening

of the National Theatre. Qatar's National Theatre stands in a superb position overlooking the blue seas of the bay of Doha, and forming an integral part of the array of architecturally pleasing government buildings which line the Corniche, which itself is undergoing a rapid transformation to become the focus of leisure activities as the city of Doha looks to the year 2000. The National Theatre will offer the community a chance to enjoy their own traditional culture in comfort-

of the pearl-diver and the people of Ancient ffintlocks and muskets ornately decorated with pearl and silver bring to life the battles fought

A team of leading citizens was

asked by HH the Emir to visit the

older people throughout the country

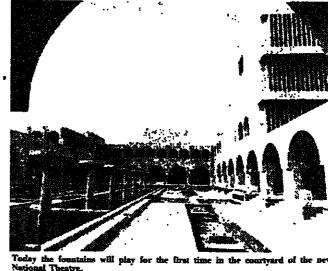
and persuade them to donate their

artefacts from the post way of life

so that the entire spectrum of life in

the pre-oil era could be reflected in

the museum. Audio visual aids also offer filmed reconstruction of the life



opment in the Arab World and

very latest stage technology. But it will also provide a venue for visiting companies from the Gulf, the Arab world and beyond. For despite the wide availability of video and television in most homes here, even the younger generation prefer live This preference is demonstrated at

every festival and state occassion when poets, musicians and dancers gother to perform in the open air near the National Museum, Huge crowds gather to join in singing the ballads of the sea and chants of the desert which have not lost any of their popularity despite the changes that have overtaken the society in its The National Museum, housed in the

restored compound of buildings which in former times was the Rule of Qatar' Palace and residence, stands at the opposite extremity of the bay to the National Theatre and provides a fine counterbalance. Where the Theatre is a fine example of modern islamic architecture at its best, the museum buildings are virtually unique as an example of original Qatari architecture of the post

The museum was established in the mid-seventies for the precise purpose of ensuring that the people of invaders. While in a special aquarium hundreds of varieties of brightly coloured fish are a reminder that the Gulf hides other treasures apart

The folklore of Qatar is integrally bound with that of its neighbours on the coast of the Arabian Gulf, and in recognition of this bond. Qatar is host to g new gulf project to prethe heritage, much of it oral poetry and music stored away in the phe nomenal memories of the few remaining traditional sailors and pearl-divers. It is a monumental task which must be carried out at speed before all trace of a proud and multi-faceted culture is lost.

The traditional arts are popular, but there is also a growing movement in the modern, arts especially among the western educated young. A number of Qataris are studying fine art at various centres around the world and are also producing vivid convases showing the changing line of their country. Interestingly they do not seem to wish to engage in the abstract art which has attracted young painters in other Arab countries but they are looking for the Islamic geometric patterns as reflected in every day scenes of life, to understand the relationship of



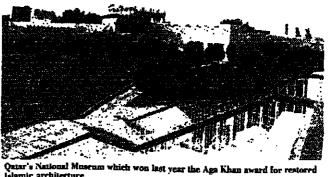
traditional arabesques to the world

the state which organises frequent exhibitions and arranges for the young artists to show their work broad. Recently a studio was set up where people young and old can go to learn the rudiments of artistic expression in an atmosphere of fun and relaxation, and emphasis is now being placed on artistic appreciation

For the wider audience, Octor Television has now made considerable headway in producing its own promentaries. During the holy month of Ramadhan recently, several major series entirely produced by the Qatar television studios company were shown and much appreciated both for their quality and content. But again it was noticeable that there is a strong emphasis on tradition and the past. The most according series. Dana, concerned the life of a community of fishermen and pearldivers in one of Qatar's coastal vil-

lages. Beautifully filmed on location it was a strong reminder of how A major stabilising factor in Qatar's

cultural formation is the adherence of the people to their belief in Islam. Islam is more than a set of dogma, it is a complete way of life regulating social behaviour, law and justice, commerce and trade, every possible aspect of existence. It thus provides a secure framework within which the individual can develop without fear of losing his identity. This factor, which provides the cement for the entire society and prevents the feeling of alienation commonly experienced in many developed countries. explains why the people of Qatar have passed through one of the most dramatic social and economic transitions in the world, yet still mointain on inner peace and tranand hospitality, reminiscent of the old days when the page of life was much slower and the world was not



per cent, thus realising a fair price for its sole source of wealth for the first time. In addition, with all its major an-share and aff-share fields in production, Octor in 1973 achieved its highest rate of oil exports at 27.05 million long tons to

economic development in many

ways, in accordance with decisions

of the Organisation of Petroleum

Exporting Countries (OPEC) which

Qatar had joined at its second meet-

ing in 1961, the state had begun

negotiating partnership arrange-ments with the oil companies who

had previously only paid royalties

and totally controlled the oil indus-

try. A holding company, Qater

National Petroleum Company, was

established to look after the state's

interests—this later became Gatar

General Petroleum Corporation, By

July 1976 Octor's oil interests were

At the end of 1973, Qctor was

party to the OPEC decision to raise

the price of crude oil by some 300

totally nationalised.

Thani. The plant not only marks the

and the manifestation of the contract of the c

Chinese Party Leaders Chastise Intellectuals For Criticism, Warn of Limits to Expression

Lor Angeler Times Service
PEKING — The Chinese Communist Party is moving to rein in the country's writers, artists and other intellectuals who, it believes, are questioning its leadership.

Deng Xiaoping, the party's dep uty chairman, in a speech published Monday, called for renewed criticism of "bourgeois liberalism" among the Chinese intelligentsia. He made it clear that strict limits would be enforced not only on open dissent but on freedom of expression as well.

The essence of bourgeois liber-

alism is opposition to leadership by the party." Mr. Deng said.

PEKING - The first U.S. government-spon-

Chinese officials backed down from their de-

sored art exhibition in China opened here Tues-

day after U.S. officials refused last-minute de-mands by their Chinese hosts to remove 13 mod-

mands after the U.S. organizers threatened to can-cel the exhibition unless all 70 paintings, covering

the range of American art on canvas from coloni-

al to contemporary periods, were shown in accor-

Most Serious Clash

sides attempted to downplay the dispute at the opening ceremonies, which were delayed one hour

in a face-saving protest by Chinese cultural offi-

cials. U.S. officials were reportedly prepared to

delay or cancel the signing of Chinese-American cultural exchange agreements for the coming year if the Chinese side did not allow the show to go on

It was the most serious confrontation over free-

dom of expression and U.S. attempts to represent

an accurate picture of the United States to the

Chinese public since the two nations normalized diplomatic relations in 1979. The decision to al-

low the exhibition to proceed intact was reported

China's Harvest of Early Rice Shows

Improvement Over Last Year's Yield

After a weekend of tense negotiations, both

ern abstract paintings from the show.

dance with prior agreements.

PEKING — China harvested more than 50 million metric tons

of early rice this year, one million

metric tons more than last year,

the Chinese news agency reported.
The report said the increase was

achieved despite a drop in the area

sown after more emphasis was put on cash crops. It attributed the rise

in output per acre to improved sci-

entific farming methods and eco-

nomic reforms giving more incen-

Foreign experts said China probably would not meet its pro-

duction target this year of 332.5

million metric tons. The early rice

harvest, about a third of the annu-

al total, was better than expected

after unfavorable reports from the

eastern provinces of Jiangsu and

Guangdong, but was in line with

year's grain harvest in Sichuan,

The news agency also said this

⊈гаі

earlier estimates, they said.

argest

London Carnival

Ends in Flare-Up

Reacts

LONDON — Violence flared briefly after the annual Notting

Hill street carnival ended Monday

night, but the police said the festi-val of West Indian music and mas-

querade had been generally peaceful.

two civilians were injured when

about 150 youths threw stones and

bottles at police in riot gear several

hours after the main events of the

carnival in the West London dis-

A spokesman described the inci-

dent as a "brief flare-up."

trict had ended.

They said three policemen and

tives to peasants.

"Without party leadership, there would be no Socialist system. Both party leadership and the Socialist system should be improved, but bourgeois liberalism and anarchy are impermissible."

"erroneous tendencies cannot be criticized now," he said, "and once they are, this is called using a big stick."

What he would like to see, he told a conference of party officials, and anarchy are impermissible."

"erroneous tendencies cannot be or at least cast the party in a poor light.

Hu Yaobang, the party's new chairman and Mr. Deng's top lieutenant, singled out the film scenarios "Unrequited Love," written by a particular together."

'A Big Stick'

Mr. Deng said there should be no massive political campaign against the critics, as in the past under Mao. However, he indicated strongly that the critics would no longer enjoy the freedoms they have had for most of the last three years under Mr. Deng's own liber-

The liberalization has gone too

U.S. Opens Art Show in China Over Official Objections

province, which was hit by severe

floods in July and August, was ex-

pected to be no less than in 1980.

tic because only 10 percent of

Sichuan's farmland was affected

Russia Said to Try

To Block Afghan

Exhibit in Jakarta

exhibition of photographs depict-

ing the Soviet intervention in Af-

The Soviet charge d'affaires, Anatoly Chmelnitsky, made re-

stopped, and Moscow sent a for-

mal protest note about it, the

The three-day display, which

opened Tuesday in a Jakarta mosque, was mounted by the In-donesian-Afghanistan solidarity committee. About 250 photo-

graphs and films depict anti-Soviet

guerrillas and conditions in Af-

ghan refugee camps.

Soviet protests included implied

threats that Moscow would change

its attitude to abstentions by Soviet bloc countries in UN voting on

East Timor, the sources said. Mos-

cow has consistently voted against Indonesia in the annual UN de-

bate about the former Portuguese

territory incorporated into In-donesia in 1976, but has permitted

several Soviet bloc countries to

change their votes from "against" to "abstain."

Tuesday.

sources said.

said local experts were optimis-

political theorists and intellectuals. is an active give-and-take with ev-eryone free to criticize anyone else. as long as the fundamental principles of China's commitment to Socialism and the party's leadership are not challenged.

But Mr. Deng and other party leaders at the conference expressed their strong displeasure over recent plays, movies, novels and essays that they believe have raised popufar, Mr. Deng said. As a result, lar doubts about these principles,

by Chinese sources to have been made at senior levels.

um of Fine Arts to arrange the show from its

stock of American paintings. Besides such artists as James Whistler and John Singer Sargent, work

by such contemporary artists as Franz Kline. Hel-

en Frankenthaler and Morris Louis were includ-

Realtions with Foreign Countries previewed and

agreed to the exhibition, once the paintings were

hung and ready for viewing senior Chinese offi-

cials objected. They suggested that since the Unit-

ed States had supplied only black and white pho-

tographs of the paintings, they did not realize that they were in color and had no idea of the dimen-

Among the works objected to were those by John Marin. Adolph Gottlieb, Jackson Pollock, Hans Hoffmannn. Mr. Kline and Miss Franken-

After Tuesday, the show is supposed to be open to the public, but U.S. officials were concerned

about whether the government would restrict en-

trants or, perhaps, cover over the paintings the party found offensive. The exhibition is scheduled

to be shown in Peking to Sept. 30, and then moved to Shanghai from Oct. 20 to Nov. 19.

Although the Chinese Commission for Cultural

The U.S. government asked the Boston Muse-

work its title. "This is not an isolated matter." Mr. Hu said of the script. "It rep-resents a wrong tendency and should be criticized."

Bai Hua, as a particular target for

criticism because of the doubts it

openly expresses about the future

love the motherland, but does the motherland love you?" a persecut-

ed intellectual is asked by his

daughter in a scene that gave the

China under Socialism

Mr. Hu's declaration is particularly significant, for he inter ened last spring to halt a campaign of criticism against Bai Hua, a wellknown army poet, dramatis: and

scenarist. Both Mr. Deng and Mr. Hu spoke during a special conference in the second half of July called by the party's propaganda depart-ment on instructions from the policy-making Central Committee, which met in late June. The party newspaper. People's Daily, published an account of the meeting on Monday, although informed Chinese sources disclosed its general thrust a month ago.

These circumstances have led to two explanations for the crack-

 As part of the price for ousting Hua Guofeng from the party chairmanship and winning reaffir-mation of his basic policies, Mr. Deng has had to appease conservatives within the party ranks with tougher measures against the questioning writers, artists, political theorists, journalists and other intellectuals.

 Party officials, both in Peking and the provinces, have had little success in ending what Mr. Deng 18 months ago dubbed the "crisis of confidence" and are blaming the intellectuals for undermining the party's leadership, particularly among the young, by calling atten-tion to its failures and shortcomings and criticizing its new poli-

The two explanations are, in fact, complementary, as is a third offered by foreign analysts here who see a recurrent pattern of checking the radical leftists within the party forcefully, as was done by the Central Committee, along with a balancing feint toward the right wing of the party, usually represented by the intelligentsia.

Sri Lanka Gives

Minority Tamils

The Associated Press

Sri Lankan government in an ef-

fort to stem widespread racial vio-

lence, has agreed to give the mi-

nority Tamils a greater voice in

The agreement was announced

Monday by the information,

broadcasting and aviation minis

ter, Anandatissa de Alwis, after a

meeting between the government and the opposition Tamil United

Liberation Front.
The broad outlines of the agree-

ment worked out after the meeting

net ministers and the Tamil leaders

cils, elected last June, more power

over regional affairs, sources said.

Specifics of the agreement were

dene declared a state of emergency

on Aug. 17 after 15 persons were

killed in riots. He called for negoti-

ations with the Tamils. The emer-

gency decree is still in effect.

President Junius R. Jayewar-

- the third between senior Cabi-

- gave district development coun-

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka — The

Greater Power

running district councils.

From Agency Dispatches PEKING — Foreign journalists in China were advised Tuesday to

stay away from political dissidents.
They were warned that "it's better
not to report" on underground
publications because it could be considered unfriendly to China.

Zhong Xidong, in charge of the information department, advised foreign correspondents "not to have anything to do with the illegal things which are happening in Chi-

Reases

JAKARTA — The Soviet Union tried unsuccessfully to prevent the In response to questions, he said he was referring to underground publications and "individuals who ghanistan, diplomatic sources said would like to use foreign friends as a cover in order to attain their inglorious purposes." But he said said that China did not intend to peated requests to the Foreign Ministry to have the exhibition restrict journalists, or normal ac-

> erged during the democracy move-ment of 1978 and 1979, but since then most of their authors and editors have either gone underground or have been arrested.

2 in U.S. Deny Selling Technology to Russia

ized U.S. citizens have pleaded not guilty to charges that they sold high-technology equipment to the

Soviet Union, and Sabina Tittel, 31, from West Germany, entered the pleas Monday at their arraignment on charges of conspiracy, perjury, and violation of export, arms control and income tax laws.

Chinese Advise Foreign Press to Avoid Dissidents

The deputy foreign minister,

cess to Chinese people.

United Press International
LOS ANGELES — Two natural-

Soviet Union.
Anatoli Maluta, 61, born in the

Entertainment

Discreet Modern Rules Dim Lahore's Red Lights

By Stuart Auerbach

Washington Pos: Service AHORE. Pakistan — Lahore's street of dancing girls, fabled in song and story as the most glamorous and beguiling redlight district of the Mogul empire, still survives despite Pakistan's new puritanism.

At 11 each night, shuttered doors along the street are flung open, revealing the heavily made-up and bejeweled girls within. They sit in pairs on cushions or sofas in small, drab rooms with their musicians and business agent, usually an older women who used to be a dancer herself.

The girls with second-story rooms sit on balconies overlooking the street, smiling down at the men below. There is none of the hustle here of Bangkok's blocks of massage parlors and topless bars. By tradition, rather than puritanism, it is all very discreet.

But the government of President Mohammed Zia ul-Haq has vastly reduced the number of hours the street can operate. The dancing-girl dens are restricted to two hours a night — from 11 p.m. to 1 a.m. That, along with new strict bans on prostitution enforced by public floggings, has served to reduce the number of customers.

Shadow of Former Self

"It's a shadow of what it used to be," said a middle-aged Pakistani. Making his first visit to the street in many years, he recalled playing a sitar in houses there during its modern heyday 25 or 30 years ago.

The street does look kind of shopworn, but it is a minor miracle that it continues to operate considering the current climate of the country, where the government is moving to ban the use of women as models in television and magazine advertisements, and women TV newscasters now must cover their heads with scarfs when they appear on the air.

The street of dancing girls, however, is deeply rooted in the history of the Indian subcontinent, which from about 1530 to 1760 was ruled by Mogul emperors with Lahore as its political, cultural and artistic capital. Then as now, the red-light district stood near the massive red fort and the city's main mosque, one of the largest and most magnificent in the Moslem world.

From that time on, visiting the dancing girls was "one of the most respected pastimes of the aristocracy," said a Lahore autorney. Many of the young princes, or nawabs. received their training in manners from the courtesans who also plied their trade as dancing girls, or nautch dancers.

To a limited degree, the custom of respect-able business and professional men going out for a night on the town to the street of the dancing girls still holds, but the dancing girls complain that it happens with decreasing frequency these days. Occasionally businessmen will hire a fancy house with well-known dancers for a night's entertainment.

The neighborhood of the dancing girls—

called hira mandi, or the diamond market feels like a Pakistani version of New Orleans Bourbon Street or New York's 52d Street during the jazz era, where music, food and sex mingle in a smoky atmosphere. The smell of spicy food is everywhere. Freshly killed chicken mixed with hot peppers is being fried at one open stall, while at another a man is cooking a mixture of livers, kidneys, onions and tomatoes at a big round griddle. Just across the street, discs of flat bread are being baked in an open oven.

The area pulsates while the rest of the city sleeps. Cycle rickshaws and horse-drawn carts, or tonges, both decorated with designs punched in tin, sit in a square, and young boys and girls change old torn money for crisp new bills, keeping a small commission. It is unclear, though, just how much

outright sex is actually peddled. Before the Zia government's crackdown on prostitution, women were reported to be readily available Now, according to a local newspaper report-er, there is simply more looking. It is possi-tile, he said, to discreetly approach one of the dancing girls who after hours will go to a nearby room, but the added expense of having to pay to watch an evening of dancing, coupled with the stringent penalties for en-gazing in prostitution, discourages both the men and women, the reporter said.

The dancing girls certainly do not appear to be trying to entice men to their rooms.

Their dress, if anything, is demure—the traditional Pakistani women's garb of long tunic, or kami:, and loose, even baggy tropsers called a salwar, with a long scarl called a dputte around the neck.

When a group of men enter the small room, cooled by a ceiling fan, the musiciana quickly drive out nonpaying onlookers and bolt the door. One of the women, the lead dancer, fasters 3-inch-wide bands of jinging bells to her ankles while the musicians — one playing a harmonium, another beating table drums and a third banging metal clappers—

A true habitue, called a tumasheen, literally translated as a merry-go-round but in this case meaning onlooker, reclines on the floor to watch the dancing, which is traditional rather than sensual.

As they move, the two women sing is Undu, sometimes traditional love ballads but most often popular Pakistani songs with a bit of a rock best. It is all very pleasant and exotic, but sery it is not. In fact, Labore's bigger hotels have discos in which Pakistani women, many dressed exactly like the dancing girls, move far more suggestively on the

Films

George Hamilton Puts Swishbuckling Mark on 'Zorro'



Actor Hamilton touching up as the gay blade.

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

International Floraid Tribune DARIS — In "Zorro, the Gay Blade" the Robin Hood of Old California is taken for a ride in a free-wheeling spool of his derring-do.

Zorro has had a long and prosperous career and his name is an evocative as that of Sherlock Holmes, Oliver Twist or Babbitt. The elder Douglas Fairbanks introduced him to the streen with "The Mark of Zorro," derived from Johnston M. McCully's flam-boyant yarn. This drew so strongly at the box office that Fairbanks followed it with a sequel, "Don Q. Son of Zorro," which transported the masked liberator to the intrigues of the Madrid court.

Tyrone Power brought the beloved Z to the Technicolor talkies in a Rouben Mamoulian version, referred to jocularly as "The Mark of Zanuck." More recently Alain Delon has donned the cloak and black sombrero.

The 1981 edition presents Zorro and his fabulous feats as a high camp joke. The avenging caballero, you may remember, was a

by his father to join the British Navy to increase his masculinity. He returns from sea service a simpering lop, a blade gay in the latter-day use of the adjective Hamilton as both brothers right the social wrongs to establish democracy in the community.

The premise of the scenario is fairly armsing in its sending up of costumed heroics, but the humor is often strained. The broad bee lesque even invades the sound

conscience-troubled noble who

disguised himself as a highwayman

by night to stamp with his blacksnake whip the last letter of

the alphabet on the hides of tyran-

The part is therefore a double

one, but George Hamilton was now undertakes it (and who has produced the film) has stretched

the role to include a third party.

Not only does he impersonale the

highborn society dandy and the

night rider, but also Zorro's week-

This third person was ordered

ling brother, hitherto unknown.

nical officials and their hench

track with shiver music for suspense, triumphant trumpets lot assaults on villainy and guitar strumming for courtship. Limited Hutton is the idealistic herome who would better the lot of the downtrodden peasantry and Ron Liebman plays the local Hirler for laughs. A farceur of wider range than Hamilton displays in in triple duties might have made absurd adventures of the revision Zorro far funnier. (At the Nomandie, the Marignan and the UGC Odéon in English.)

Bob Rafelson's is the third try to distill a satisfactory movie in distill a satisfactory movie from James M. Cain's tense, tough take of adultery and murder, "The

of adultery and murder. The Postman Always Rings Twice. When it was first filmed the American cinema was obliged to conform to the Hays office rates and the concessions hampered and bead-on approach, though By Garnett's direction was shaper theatrically than Rafelson's and Lana Turner and John Garfield the murderous lovers approximated their assignments. A subsequent Visconti version abandoned California setting so vividly pro-tured by Cain, shifting the scene to

Operating without the census much of the torrid cross sequences, but his adaptation is loose and baggy, so wanting a dramatic drive that the neces electric orgency is lost. Jestis Lange plays the sluttish wife with unadorned candor, but Jack N choison is too mature for the part of the youthful drifter who meet his doom in what he fancies is a passing affair. (At the Har-tefetille, the Marignan-Concerns and the Mayfair in English)

Two new French films are late The first, "Les Hommes preferent les grosses," is a mildly entertain ing minor comedy of a fat girl's quest for affection and of her our stant struggle to forego the plea-sures of the table and look gland-rous. Jean-Marie Poiré has dinarous. Jean-Marie Pone has discreted it with any humor and sheet observation of contemporary he havior and fads and it is pleasingly played by a company of droit youngsters. (At the Borist, the Collisce and the Gaumont-Richelins)

Alain Comesu's "Le Cash de sures" is another of the ofsett Gallic imitations of the Holywood gangster melodramas of several decades ago in which Edward Co Robinson, Humphrey Bogst and James Cagney used to participate. The late Jean-Pierre Meridian Comments of the Carnet Meridian Carnet Ca gained a formidable reputation of the ille a French reproduction of the ilk and his system of manufacture has been copied to the left here. The film's draw is not dime-novel plot but the present of Yves Montand, Gersel Depart dien, Michel Galabra and Calle rine Deneuve (At the Paramount Mariyaux, Publicis Change-Eye ces and the Grand Rex.)

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This is a reasonable assumption, and indeed was my own before I started investigating the history of this fruit. Since England is a European country, and the lime an Old World fruit, it was normal to suppose that British ships started using lime juice as a protection against scurvy on their east-west voyages to the New World. But they didn't. They started using it on their west-east voyages, when they discovered the lime in the West Indies. The next question is how did

Waverley Root

Origin of 'Limeys': Transatlantic Squeeze

it get to the West Indies? Several books suggest that Columbus or his immediate followers planted them there. We know they planted oranges, and I suspect limes were tossed in for good measure, on the assumption, which was once mine, that the Moors should have planted them in Spain along with the other citrus fruits they introduced to Andalusia. I had, indeed, in my earlier article, expressed surprise that they didn't and suggested that the reason may have been that the lime was not well adapted to the climate.

Co DID NOT British sailors gain their name limey due to their onetime penchant for the

fruit? So limes have not always been unknown in Eu-

rope." a reader wrote to the Letters department of

this paper [IHT, Aug. 6], apropos of my article on the

absence of limes from the European continent [IHT,

Portuguese Discovery

This seems to have been a near miss or a good Ins seems to have been a near miss or a good guess, however you choose to classify it. A letter from another reader, a Spanish diplomat, indicates that the Moors did plant limes in Spain, but they apparently did not hold out very well. "In Spain not many people know or like them," he wrote, "but they are grown and you can find them in good fruit shops in Madrid" — just as you can find them in good fruit shops in Paris.

"The Portuguese were among the first to discuss the state of t

The Portuguese were among the first to discover that citrus truits prevented [scarvy]." The Horizon Cookbook reported, "and they established plantations of oranges and limes on St. Helena, an island convenient to the caravels en route to India's Mala-bar Coast." I suspect that here again, the lime was thrown in for good measure, almost inevitably since the subject was scurvy. If the Portuguese did plant limes on St. Helena, they seem to have disappeared since. St. Helena is unpropitious to trees. When Napoleon died there was not enough suitable wood on the island to make him a coffin. His jailor, Sir Hudson Lowe, had to sacrifice for this purpose the oak dinner table he had imported from England, a piece of information I had about 30 years ago from a des-cendant of Sir Hudson's. In any case, St. Helena lies too far south to have been a stop on the European-

There are, moreover, no reports of ships on this route, British or otherwise, issuing lime juice to their crews, or any records of limes in the West Indies until nearly three centuries after Columbus. It was about 1795 that British ships began using limes instead of lemons regularly as a scurvy preventive on their West Indian routes, though actually limes are inferior to lemons for this purpose, since lemons contain two to three times as much Vitamin C. Why did they change? It seems to have been because limes had become handy in the West Indies. But that they were still a strange fruit for Europeans is indicated by the very fact that the British ships were nicknamed "limejuicers" and their crews "Limeys." The unfamiliar fruit made an impression on the public imagination as the familiar lemon had not. Nobody called the ships "lemonjuicers" nor the sailors "Lemoneys" be-fore the lime turned up. The other ingredient of the British seaman's grog (ignoring the third, water) was In short, European ships began to use limes when Europeans found them in the West Indies; but it was not Europeans who planted them there. Then who did? The answer may seem a little surprising -- New This happened because of the curious fact that from 1783 to 1803 the world capital of the spice trade

was Salem, Mass.! (Samuel Eliot Morison referred to it as "the Salem East Indies"). It was at this period that American sailing ships were the fastest in the world. Salem not only handled such unlikely products for its climate and location as cinnamon, nntmegs, cloves and the like, but also some exotic fruits, including limes. Early American cookbooks recall this period with recipes calling for mangoes and achars (Indian brine pickles). They are explained away nowadays as imitations, and perhaps they were after Salem lost its supremacy, but in the beginning they were the real thing.

Salem Specialty

Salem's own specialty was pickled limes, which were still cherished there at the beginning of this century, though everybody today seems to have forgotten it except Daniel V. Thompson, who wrote an article entitled "Chronicle of a Sweetmeat" in Gournet magazine for January, 1978, drawing on the childhood memories of his grandmother. Sarah Miller, daughter and wife of Salem sea captains. "In little Sarah's memory," he wrote, "all faded in

comparison with one constant symbol of her father's return — the pickled lime! . . No youngish person, perhaps, has ever seen a pickled lime. Until about 40 years ago they were for sale everywhere - in parks. at circuses, on the beach, wherever one might want long-lasting portable refreshment. And then they disappeared." (It would be my gness that they disappeared more than 40 years ago; 55 years ago I was living in the right place for them — Fall River, Mass.—and I never encountered one.)

The ships of Salem were fast enough to transport not only pickled limes, but fresh ones too, which may have arrived, after their long voyage from the East Indies, forlorn, battered and far from beautiful to the eye, but their seeds were alive and would produce trees wherever the climate was cooperative, as it was at circuses, on the beach, wherever one might want

trees wherever the climate was cooperative, as it was, generously, in the West Indies. Ships from New England carrying salt cod to feed the slaves on the West Indian sugarcane plantations (and bringing back the molasses which created the New England rum industry), also took limes along, which were planted there and flourished. The first document which records the presence of limes aboard a ship leaving the West Indies is dated 1790, seven years after Salem's ascendancy — just about long enough for the lime to have become established in the West Indies.

If my reference above to The Horizon Cookbook If my reference above to The Horizon Cookbook should send you to that source, you may come upon an item about the lime which would seem to knock this account of the lime's New World origin into a cocked hat. It occurs in a recipe for almond tartlets written by a versifying pastry cook named Ragueneau, which includes these lines:

Beat your eggs, the yolk and white, Very light. Mingle with their creamy fluff Drops of lime juice . . .

Ragueneau died in 1654, B.S. (Before Salem). I managed to find the original of this poem in French and found that the word translated as "lime" had been cedrat. This is not the lime (Cirus aurantifolia, Citrus acida or Citrus limetta), but the citron, (Citrus medica). Poetic license.

©1981, Waverley Root

Page 7 Wednesday, September 2, 1981 +S

Trusthouse Forte in 1-for-4 Rights Issue

LONDON - Trusthouse Forte said Tuesday it will raise a net £84.3 million through a one-for-four rights issue of 77.8 million shares at 112

The company plans to recommend a final dividend of not less than 4½ pence a share for the year ending Oct. 31, equal to last year's final after adjusting for the recent capitalization issue.

Trusthouse Forte said higher investment spending has increased fi-nancing charges and will result in lower pretax profit than last year's £66

Toray Develops New Material for Semiconductors

TOKYO - Toray Industries said Tuesday it has developed an entirely new photoreactive, heat-resistant coating material for use in the semiconductor and electronics industries.

It said it plans to market the new coating material, which will replace inorganic materials such as silicon dioxide used to insulate and protect layers for semiconductors, from later this year. It said the material named Photoneece, uses material which is heat resistant an electrical

Sime Darby Says Malaysian Group Holds 19.7%

SINGAPORE — Sime Darby said Tuesday the Malaysia Mining Corp. has held 113.36 million of its shares, representing 19.7 percent of its issued capital, since Aug. 22.

Sime Darby in another disclosure to the Singapore stock exchange said that Permodalan Nasional, Malaysia's national unit trust, is the beneficial owner of 30.13 million Sime shares, representing about 5.2 percent of its issued capital.

United Motor Works, Toyota in Franchise Pact

KUALA LUMPUR - The Malaysian engineering and vehicle distribution group, United Motor Works (Malaysia) Holdings, will be the majority partner in a new company formed to take over the overall Toyota franchise in Malaysia, a UMW announcement said Tuesday. Toyota Motor Sales has appointed UMW as project manager for the new venture, which should be in operation by Jan. 1, 1982, subject to the necessary approvals by the Malaysian government, the announcement

It was earlier announced that Inchcape, which had held the franchise since 1968, would continue with all existing retail operations for Toyota vehicles under new five-year agreements.

RCA Unit in \$180-million Satellite Pact

PRINCETON, N.J. -- RCA American Communications, an RCA subsidiary, said Tuesday it agreed in principle to supply Alascom with satellite communications services through 1991.

RCA American said it will sell its Satcom V communications satellite

now under construction to Alascom and provide tracking, telemetry and command services under the agreement. The RCA unit said the value of the contract over the 10-year period was about \$180 million.

The RCA unit said it also will provide Alascom, its largest customer, with communications services over Satcom II. The RCA unit said Satcom V is slated for launching in October, 1982.

Japan Forecast to Surpass U.S. in Per Capita Income

TOKYO - Japan will outstrip the United States in per capita na-tional income by 1990, a Japanese private research body, the Re-search Institute of National Econ-

omy, said Tuesday.

The institute said in a projection on the Japanese economy for the 1990s that the dollar will drop to 130 year by 1990 from the present

It also said Japan's real economic growth will rise by an annual average of 4.5 percent, compared with 2 percent in the United States, 2.1 percent in West Germaceut in Britain.

Japan's nominal gross national product will rise to \$3.57 trillion in 1990 from \$1.05 trillion in 1980 with per capita national income increasing to \$29,100 from \$8,990, the institute said.

U.S. nominal GNP will grow to \$6.75 trillion in the period from \$2.56 trillion, and its per capita national income will rise to \$27,730 from \$10,577, it said.

The prediction is based on the assumption that the world oil market will continue easy throughout the decade, with consumer countries' oil consumption holding around present levels, it said.

There is a danger, however, that world expenditure on arms may in-

COMPANY REPORTS

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local

Australia		
CR/	\ Ltd	
1st Half	1981	1980
Revenue	872.80	. 1,110.
Profits	16.02	100,03
Per Share.,	0,039	0.262
Denmark		
Novo !	ndustri	
ist Half	1981	1980
Revenue	1,060.	716.0
Profits	140.0	71.0
Per Share	36.43	29.77
Netherlands		_
Hein	eken ·	
1st Half	. 1 98 1	1980
Revenue	1,760. 46.89	1,480. 30.30

crease rapidly from the present level of \$500 billion a year, spurr-ing inflation and disturbing the private sector economy.

Separately, Toshio Komoto, di-rector general of Japan's Economic Planning Agency, said-Tuesday it is still necessary to take new measures to stimulate the economy even if state finances are weak.

He told a press conference that his agency will analyze various economic indicators more precisely later this month. Mr. Komoto noted Japan's eco-

nomic recovery is still slow while its current-account surphis is larger than expected.

The Finance Ministry reported

meanwhile that budget requests by government agencies, in response to a squeeze on public spending requested by Premier Zenko Suzuki, will show a rise of only 5.7 percent for the 1982 financial year starting next April.

This is the lowest year-to-year rate of increase since the Second World War, the sources said. In a report on the private sector,

the semi-official Japan Develop-ment Bank said Japanese indus-tries plan active capital outlays this year and next, indicating they are heading for a new period of expansion after overcoming the impact of higher oil prices.

A survey made by the bank last month of 1,817 leading companies showed they plan to increase capital spending by 12.3 percent in fiscal 1981 ending next March and by 10 percent in fiscal 1982.

The sustained increase in equip-ment investment, after rises of 10 percent in fiscal 1978 and 9 percent in fiscal 1979, reflects Japanese industries' strategy to open a new era of expansion taking advantage of latest technological developments, the bank said.

Whereas Japan's economic growth in the 1960s featured simple expansion of production capacity, present new capital outlays are aimed at research and development, introduction of new processes, and saving of energy as well as capacity increases, it said.

Specific targets of capital spending include seamless steel pipe manufacturing, new steel production processes for energy conservation, switching of oil-burning pow-er plants to coal or liquefied natucompact cars, it said.

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BUSINESS NEWS BRIEFS Businessmen Gloomier on Outlook in U.S. Than Reagan

AP-Dow Jones
NEW YORK — A survey of nearly 40 U.S. corporate executives shows that most corporations are predicting next year's growth in the gross national product to be

Resgan administration. The executives are a bit more optimistic on inflation, but few corporate inflation assumptions fall substantially below the administration forecast of an 8.25-percent increase in the consumer price index in 1982. Most executives say their 1982 budgets assume inflation of 8-to-10 percent, 9 percent is a typical figure, although some assump-

somewhere in the range of 2 to 3 percent, less than the 4.2 percent forecast by the

tions run above 10 percent. Most of the executives questioned favorably view the Reagan tax and economic program. Eventually, they say, it will help bring about increased productivity and prosperity, but they still see large federal deficits and borrowing with reduced, but still lofty, inflation and interest rates taking the edge off

Though welcome, the Reagan program does not seem especially influential when it comes to the executives particular business decisions. "The tax cut program could be helpful in general," says Paul O'Neill, vice president for planning at International Pa-per, "but it isn't likely to help us directly in terms of real numbers." He sees 1982's real GNP rising "marginally lower" than admin-istration forecasts and inflation marginally

Trade Gains **Cut Deficit**

WIESBADEN, West Germany West Germany's current-ac-count deficit narrowed in July to 3.1 billion Deutsche marks from a 3.8-billion-DM deficit in June while the trade surplus more than doubled, the Federal Statistics Off-

In Germany

ice reported Tuesday.
From Frankfurt, the Bundesbank said that after adjustment for seasonal factors, the current ac-count was "rather near" balance in

The statistics office said the July current-account deficit was smaller than the 4.9-billion-DM shortfall in the year-earlier month.

The cumulative deficit for the first seven months of 1981 was 17.6 billion DM compared with 17.3 billion DM in the year-earlier period. This comprised a 10-billion-DM trade surplus, a 12.5-bil-lion-DM deficit on services and a 15.1-billion-mark deficit on trans-

The trade surplus in July rose to 3.7 billion DM from a 1.7-billion-DM surplus in June and a 98-million-DM surplus in July 1980: July Exports totaled 36.3 billion

DM and imports 32.6 billion DM, up 24 and 12 percent, respectively, from July 1980. Exports in the first seven months rose to 224.6 billion DM, up 9 percent on the year-earlier period, while imports climbed 7 percent to 214.6 billion DM, the

Swiss Again Raise Rates in Inflation Fight statistics office said. The Bundesbank said the overall

balance of payments swung into a surplus of 1.3 billion DM in July, after a deficit in June of 1.46 billion DM. The capital account showed a surplus of 5.7 billion DM in July after a 1.92 billion-DM surplus in June. Separately, the Bundesbank an-

nounced that the federal govern-ment plans to issue 1.6-billion-DM of 10-year bonds bearing a coupon of 10% percent and an issue price of 99.25 to yield 10.88 percent - a level most market participants deemed too low to find ready ac-

French Wholesale Prices

PARIS - French wholesale prices rose 1.2 percent in July after an upwardly revised 1.6-percent June increase, the National Statistics Institute said Monday. The year-onyear rise was 13.3 percent against 12.2 percent in June.

Theodore Eck, chief economist for Stan-dard Oil of Indiana, remains firmly sold on the Reagan program. Noting Wall Street fears over the size of the federal budget deficit and its effect on borrowing and interest rates, he says, "Wall Street is wrong. The tax bill, in effect, will create the savings that will

finance the deficit." Indiana Standard's operating plan for 1982 projects a rise in real GNP of 3 per-cent, Mr. Eck says, "a modest decline in interest rates before year's end and a slow de-scent throughout 1982," and a 1982 inflation rate between 8 and 10 percent.

Bliss & Laughlin, the construction firm, is especially optimistic about inflation. The company sees it dropping to 6 percent next year. Real GNP will advance by 3.7 percent the company expects, less than the administration forecast. But all that, E.T. Collinsworth Jr., chairman and chief executive officer cautions, is subject to rapid change.

We're either going to go up or we're going to have a dramatic downturn," he adds. "I don't really see an in-between." The course of interest rates is the chief cause of uncertainty. Many executives ex-pect a decline from recent prime rates of around 20 percent on short-term loans to solid businesses, but the amount of the decline is guesswork. Some executives think the prime rate could fall as low as 10 percent next year. Most expectations cluster loosely around 15 percent. Long-term rates are fore-

By John M. Geddes

BONN - West German banks, abandoning a

AP-Dow Jones

long-held position, have decided to launch their

own credit card in a bid to protect their market

from what they see as inroads by outsiders, partic-

Traditionally, West German banks have warned that credit cards draw business away from branch banks, endangering the banking structure. Moreover, they have contended that the cards

threaten the economy by spurring inflationary spending and turning credit decisions over to de-

partment stores and gasoline companies.

They have also resisted credit cards as a harb-

inger of electronic banking, which could require

an expensive conversion.

This year, however, disappointing financial results have forced many West German banks to

take a closer look at their branch networks and to

consider electronic banking's cost-cutting bene-

fits. Adding impetus to the move is a renewed push in West Germany by Visa International,

long blocked from the market by the solid opposi-

Upgrading Check Card

is being set up by the German Bankers Associa-

tion, whose members hold some 80 percent of all

deposits. The system, still in its planning stages, is likely to link all banks under one company,

through which credit cards, travelers checks and

One proposal under discussion, officials said, would upgrade a widely used check-guarantee card for use in both automatic banking and cred-

"If there already is a tendency toward plastic

automatic banking systems would be launched.

The framework for the new credit card system

tion of West Germany's banking community.

ularly Visa International Inc.

cast at perhaps 12-to-15 percent. But some executives also expect that any hig decline in rates will be followed by another rise of unk-

nowable severity and duration. "Interest rates are definitely going to be higher next year than I would have anticipated earlier this year," says William Seidman, vice president of Phelps Dodge, a mining company. "The government hasn't yet proved it can do anything about the deficit, and that'll keep the outlook weak for lower

J.C. Penney, the third largest U.S. retailer, expects the economy to improve in 1982, with an increase in real GNP of only 3.5 percent. The chief economist for American Telephone & Telegraph, Kenneth Militzer, says, "We expect GNP to grow about 2 or 3 percent, helped by the two tax cuts. We see some improvement in inflation, but not a lot." At Savin, which makes copiers and word-processing machines, Daniel Gotthilf, senior vice president for finance, sees 9 percent inflation and "a small reduction" in GNP in 1982. Like many others, Savin is budgeting only a modest increase in capital spending next year, to around \$100 million from 95 million in 1981.

'Depressing Effect'

Textron makes no single economic fore-cast. The diversified company requires each of its 25 divisions to make its own forecast. Nonetheless, says William Ledbetter, executive vice president for finance and planning. Textron expects "slight growth, under 3 per-

cards," a spokesman for the bankers association

said, "then it should at least come" from West

Banks have been successful so far in resisting

credit cards because of consumers' tendency to save money and avoid buying on credit. West

Germans save about 13 percent of their earnings.

The only credit cards to gain a foothold here, American Express and Diner's Club, have direct-

ed their appeal mainly at more affluent consumers

Closing Ranks

threatened in the mass market by Visa. After being rebuffed in its efforts to find a West Ger-

man bank to issue its card. Visa turned to Bayer-

ische Motoren Werke, the maker of BMW cars,

for help in soliciting new cardholders. West German bankers fret that other sponsoring companies

The bankers have responded by closing ranks,

A long-standing rift among banks about sponsor-ing a travelers check was suddenly healed last week, when West German commercial banks

withdrew from a European plan to sponsor a con-

tinent-wide traveler's check. Instead, they joined

West German savings banks and signed a three-year contract with American Express Co. to sell

That three-year contract may be only a stop-gap measure. With West Germans spending the

most money internationally on travel, banks are

unlikely to pass up the chance for launching their

lows the banks to concentrate on new programs

for electronic banking and credit cards, the areas

tary policy.

levels, threatening its tight mone-

ly curb their lending activity.

the last 10 days of August.

The National Bank also said

Tuesday that Switzerland's for-eign-exchange reserves fell 1.96 bil-

lion Swiss francs to 19.2 billion in

own travelers checks when the contract ends. Until then, the American Express agreement al-

posing the most immediate threat.

could quickly be lined up.

Now, however, West German banks are being

and have tended to ignore the general market.

cent," in the GNP, and is "hoping for 8 to 9 percent" inflation.

At W.R. Grace, the chemical concern, senior vice president and chief economist Leonard Kamsky, who is enthusiastic about the Reagan program, expects a real GNP increase around 2.5 percent. "High interest rates are having a very depressing effect," he says. He does expect interest rates and infla-tion to decline in 1982.

Another enthusiast of the Reagan program is James F. Smith, chief economist for Union Carbide, which expects a 3.3-percent increase in real GNP in 1982 and a 4.2-percent increase in 1982.

"Interest rates are overdue to plummet," he says. He expects the prime rate to average 15 percent in 1982 and to hit 13-to-14 percent by the end of the year.

Three appliance makers, Whirlpool, Sunbeam and Maytag give high marks to the Reagan program. None says it has creat-ed major changes in corporate budgets, however. "We will reexamine our plans after we see the effects of the first round of tax cuts on Oct. 1," says Andrew Takacs, vice president for government and public rela-tions at Whirlpool. But chairman John Platts says that partly because of the tax cuts, he expects a 4-percent increase in real GNP in 1982. Sunbeam expects a slight increase, Maytag a "very slow and modest increase." However, unit sales by the appli-ance industry are expected, at 6 or 7 per-cent, to exceed next year's growth in GNP.

New Orders In U.S. Rise 1.3% in July

From Agency Dispatches
WASHINGTON — Conflicting
indications of where the U.S. economy is headed were reported Tuesday with factory orders in July ris-ing while construction spending

The Commerce Department said new orders received by manufacturers rose \$2.18 billion, or 1.3 percent, to a seasonally adjusted \$173.09 billion in July. The increase followed a 0.9-percent rise

The department said shipments fell \$1.21 billion, or 0.7 percent, after rising 2.4 percent in June.

The backlog of unfilled orders rose \$3.83 billion, or I percent, to \$328.7 billion. Unfilled orders de-

clined 0.2 percent in June. The department said durable goods industries accounted for the total July increase in new orders, going up \$2.2 billion, or 2.5 per-

cent, to \$90.5 billion.

Within durable goods, aircraft and parts industries orders, which the department said are quite volatile from month to month, rose \$2

billion, or 50 percent, to \$6.1 bil-lion after declining 30 percent in The department reported that construction spending fell 1.5 percent in July to a seasonally adjust-ed annual rate of \$235.1 billion af-

ter a revised 0.4 percent decline in June. Originally, June construction spending had been reported off 1.5 percent. Despite the July decline construction spending was up 8.6 percent from a year earlier. Construction spending, as mea-

sured in inflation-adjusted dollars, fell 1.9 percent in July to a seasonally adjusted \$152.4 billion. July spending was 2.1 percent higher than a year earlier. Meanwhile, a Conference Board

report Tuesday said new authorizations of capital spending by the 1,000 largest U.S. manufacturing companies rose 5 percent in the second quarter, to a seasonally adjusted \$29.1 billion. Actual capital spending among

the 1,000 firms rose only 2.5 percent in the second quarter over the first quarter, it added.



17-percent coupon,
Hydro Quebec's debt offering 17.40 percent.

Foreign markets were acting if there would be little easing in interest rates in the United States. Gold fell on international markets and the dollar remained firm

NYSE Prices Close Mixed

From Agency Dispatches
NEW YORK — Bargain-hunting
gave the New York Stock Exchange a respite from its summer slide Tuesday, with prices ending mixed after moving in a narrow range all day.

The Dow Jones industrial average, which fell 70 points last month, closed up 1.24 at 882.71. Other indices were fractionally higher, but declines led advances by about 890 to 580. Volume swelled to some 45.1 million shares from 40.4 million Monday. Analysts expect the market to

remain in its general downtrend, however, until investors are sure interest rates are dropping. Harry Laubscher of Paine

Webber said the gain in the Dow Jones average and the increased volume were due to buyers moving back into the market to search for bargains. The market got little encouragement when both Citibank and Manufacturers Hanover said they would hold their prime lending

rate at 201/2 percent despite cuts to 20 percent by two major banks.
Also, the closely watched federal funds rate, on overnight loans be-

tween banks, rose to a high of 171/2 pct from Monday's close of 17 per-

In the credit markets, Indiana Bell Telephone Co.'s \$75 million of 40-year debentures were being offered at 99.40 to yield 17.10 per-cent, a record for any triple-A rated Bell issue, lead underwriter Warburg Paribas Becker Inc. said. Earlier, the underwriter won the bonds with a bid of 98,849 and a

was increased to \$250 million from \$200 million and priced to yield

against other major currencies.

Certified quality diamonds have Certified quality diamonds have appreciated in value tremendously during the past years with constant increase in value. IDS at the diamond center of the world is the feading direct source diamond company offering fine quality diamonds and jewelry for investment, gifts and personal use at International Diamond Sales Head office: 50-52, Hoveniersstraat 2000 Antwerp, Belgium Tel, 031-31 77 64, Telex 35395 indisa-b LONDON: Inn on the Park Hamilton Place - Park Lane London W1 - Tel. 01-409 1844

The National Bank said it would a gesture of the authorities' deteralso reduce the amount of liquidity nation to tackle inflation. it makes available to the banks at the end of each month. Both this and the increase in rates potential-

Tuesday raised its key interest rates by one percentage point in an attempt to slow inflation, which has reached a six-year high in Swit-

it-card transactions.

The discount and Lombard rates, which apply to credits the central bank makes to commercial banks, had already been raised three times this year and will stand at 6 percent and 7.5 percent, respectively.

The move caught foreign ex-change markets unawares, briefly forcing the dollar lower against all major currencies. But after falling to about 2.1450 Swiss francs, the U.S. currency rebounded to 2.1610, the same as it was before the announcement. The dollar closed at 2.1565 Swiss francs.

Dealers said the effect was mainly psychological since markets were already nervous because of recent swings in U.S. interest rates, which are still much higher discount and Lombard credit be-

West German Banks Develop Credit Card

They said the impact of the Swiss increases was in practice limited, representing little more than

Swiss inflation, which in the autumn of 1978 was zero, is now running at an annual 6.6 per cent, which is higher than in West Germany or Japan.
Switzerland is bearing the conse-

quences of an overheated economy, bank economists said. While much of the rest of the world has been in recession, the Swiss economy grew 3 percent last year, and it suffers from a labor shortage rather than unemployment. Last weekend, Swiss National

Bank officials forecast that both inflation and interest rates would rise further before the end of the

In Tuesday's statement the National Bank said commercial banks had been making frequent use of

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NYSE Nationwide Trading Closing Prices Sept. 1

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5,000,000 Shares METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER FILM CO.

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Common Stock

New Issue / August , 1981

E.F. Hutton & Company Inc. **Bache Halsey Stuart Shields**

Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc.

Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Drexel Burnham Lambert Lazard Frères & Co.

Blyth Eastman Paine Webber

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group

L.F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Salomon Brothers

Warburg Paribas Becker

Wertheim & Co., Inc.

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

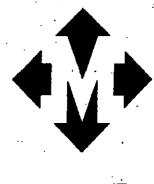
Dean Witter Reynolds Inc.

Bank Julius Baer & Co. AG

Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements

Vereins- und Westbank

Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas



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By Robert Woodward

The state of the s

BONN - West German salesmen are packing their bags for the Leipzig Trade Fair with less enthusiasm than usual in the face of declining East German interest in their wares.

Trade with East Germany has helped West Germany become the leading trading partner of the East bloc, but West German firms fear a mixture of national and international factors could lead to a fall in

two-way trading.

The spring fair this year attracted more than 800 West German firms while the coming fair, to run from Sept. 8 to 12 under the theme "Free World Trade and Technical Progress," is expected to attract about 6,000 exhibitors from 46

Inter-German trade climbed 18.7 percent last year to 11.73 billion Deutsche marks (\$4.7 billion) due to increased exchanges of chemical products and large East German imports of engineering products to re-equip and modernize its factories.

Weakening Trend

But figures just released show trade between the two Germanies rose only 4 percent in the first half of 1981 to 5.95 billion DM after a 34-percent rise in the first half of

Ministry and industry sources say this weakening trend will con-tinue during 1981 so that trade this year may even fall below last

World recession and high interest rates in West Germany are re-sponsible for some of this downturn, but the bulk of the blame can be placed on a change in East Ger-man industrial policies and deteriorating East-West relations.

Growing Trade Deficit

East Germany's 1981-85 economic plan aims to increase na-tional income and industrial production by 30 percent and foreign trade volume by 26 percent within

But trade volume will be below the 61 percent growth it experi-enced under the last five-year plan, as emphasis is being put on reduc-

NEW ISSUE

Two Germanies See Trade Ebb

ing imports while increasing exports, and cuts in investment are

also envisaged.

A reduction in imports has been necessitated by the growing East German trade deficit of more than 17.3 billion DM in the last five years, of which nearly 15 billion DM has been in trade with Western industrialized countries.

While East Germany does not have Poland's debt repayment problems, it still pours a third of its hard-currency earnings into repaying interest on debts which to-taled \$10 billion at the end of

Swing Facility

East German trade with the Soviet Union, which supplies East Germany with 19 million tons of crude oil annually to fill 90 percent of its needs, is also sharply in defi-

While the cumulative East German trade deficit with West Germany totaled 3.9 billion DM at the and of 1980, part of this was fi-nanced through an interest-free credit facility called the swing, which totaled 850 million DM.

But this swing facility will be reduced to 200 million DM for the 1982-86 period unless the two sides agree to renegotiate the arrange-

Political relations between Bonn and East Berlin have been at an since Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's cancellation in August last year of a visit to East Germamy due to the Polish situation, coupled with sharp East German increases in the currency exchange requirement for West German visitors announced in October last

There are signs of a thaw in relations following Mr. Schmidt's confidential message to East German leader Erich Houecker at the end of July, but West German industry officials still fear the political situation could harm their prospects in

West German firms returned from this year's spring Leipzig Pair with tales of reluctant East

Competition on world markets has increased sharply this year due to the world economic slowdown, and the East Germans, facing a shortage of foreign currency, are making contract conditions tough-

East Germany is increasing "barter deals" with West German firms to save foreign corrency, but the firms are unenthusiastic about that, claiming the quality of East German goods is poor and spare parts are hard to obtain.

The firms say East Germany carrently appears to be sacrificing quality of imports for lower prices while uncertainty about the details of the next five-year plan, due to be decided by the end of this year, is bitting interest according is hitting interest especially is worth more than 25 million DM.

However, some sectors of West

German industry see favorable prospects for sales to the East. Falling deliveries of Polish steel have been compensated by increased German sales, and the problems in Poland also led East Germany to sign a contract earlier this year to increase imports of West German coal to about 1.7 million tons this year, almost dou-ble last year's 960,000 tons.

East Germany is to sharply in-crease coal production to reduce its reliance on imported oil, and West German industry expects to receive orders for coal-mining equipment worth up to 20 billion

DM in the next five years. Traditional exports to West Germany by the chemical and engineering industry are likely to continue strong, and the next five-year plan contains plans for 15 large installations worth more than 500 million DM and large-scale modernization of existing plant and equipment which West Gerall placed man companies will be well placed

More than 45,000 contracts are concluded annually between East and West German industry, most of them small trades requiring lit-tle if any foreign exchange, West German ministry sources said.

German buyers, hard bargaining sessions and increased foreign competition, and they see trading prospects at September's fair as subdued. Buys Stake In U.S. Firm In U.S. Firm

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Hanson Trust, a diversified British manufacturer and services supplier, has pur-chased 449,500 shares, or 5.04 percent, of Gulf Resources & Chemical Corp.

In a report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by Hanson Holdings Netherlands, a unit of the U.K. company, Hanson said it paid an average of \$22.50 a share, or \$10.1 million, for its

With the acquisition, Hanson becomes the third outside investor to own at least 5 percent of the common shares of the Houstonbased minerals company. Bel-Fran Investments Ltd. and HCI Hold-ings Ltd. of Canada, both of which are controlled by the Belzberg family, of Vancouver, said two weeks ago that they had acquired a 6.3-percent stake in Gulf Re-sources, which included the pur-chase of 387,000 shares at \$21.68 a

In 1980, a company owned by Nelson Bunker Hunt and William Herbert Hunt of Texas acquired nearly a 10-percent stake in the

Hanson said Monday that its purchase of Gulf shares was for instment purposes, but added that it might decide at any time in the future to try to increase or de-crease its holdings. Hanson also said it had met with Gulf Resources officials on Aug. 20 at Gulf's request, but that "no agreements or understandings" resulted from the meeting.

Hanson is involved in manufacturing and supply of agricultural products, building materials, con-struction equipment, tools, shoes, textiles and in othe areas. Gulf Resources, which is involved in mining coal, lead, silver, zinc, lithium and in oil and gas, said it had no ment on the Hanson purchase

or on the Aug. 20 meeting.
Gulf Resources "is always a stock that looks undervalued in terms of the value of its assets," said Robert Maloney, an analyst with Wood Gundy Inc.

1st September, 1981

Leipzig Fair: A Lack of Enthusiasm Hanson Trust Saudis Reduce Crude Oil Production by 10%

BAHRAIN - Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, cut its production by 10 percent Tuesday es a goodwill gesture to other OPEC countries, but oil experts forecast output might rise again later this year.

Sandi Oil Ministry sources said output had been cut to a little over 9 million barrels a day from about 10.3 million barrels pumped since Saudi Oil Minister Ahmed Zaki

Yamani announced output would be cut for September after OPEC oil ministers failed to agree on a new reunified pricing structure two weeks ago in Geneva.

Efforts to close the rifts in OPEC were renewed Tuesday as

Kuwait Oil Minister Ali Khalifa al-Sabah arrived in Saudi Arabia Tuesday for talks with Sheikh Yamani. A Kuwaiti government spokesman said over the weekend Kuwait wanted OPEC to close ranks and avoid a split, and Gulf oil analysts speculated the meeting could focus on ways to reach a pricing agreement.

Keeping the Glut

While the Saudi cut in production is officially being seen as a conciliatory gesture to the other OPEC members, there is speculation the Saudis acted partly to protect their own price of \$32 a barrel, OPEC's lowest

According to a report in Petrole-um Intelligence Weekly, Sheikh

Yamani fears the present glut could force oil prices even below the Saudi benchmark.

However, Gulf oil analysts said it appeared unlikely Saudi Arabia would be willing to see its monthsold campaign to lower OPEC prices undermined by any signs of tightness in the market.

The beginning of the winter in Europe and the United States boosts demand for crude, and Sandi Arabia was likely to keep pressure on prices by slightly increasing its output nearer 10 million barrels a day, they forecast.

Saudi sources said the combined output of the Arabian American Oil Co. in Saudi Arabia and output from the Neutral Zone shared with Kuwait brought total Saudi

production to just under 9.2 million barrels a day.
Petroleum Intelligence Weekly

also reported that total OPEC crude output may have slipped be-low 20 million barrels a day in recent weeks and was likely to slide further in September unless others could boost sales following the Saudi output cut.

If the drop in overall output is correct, Saudi Arabia's production, despite Tuesday's cut, would still account for between 45 and 50

percent of OPEC output The oil journal said many analysts expected the OPEC total to decline towards 15 million barrels a day by 1990 raising doubts about whether it would ever be able to implement long-term plans that would steadily raise real oil prices.

U.S. Allows No-Penalty Conversions to Savers Certificates

New York Timer Service
WASHINGTON — Federal banking regulators have ruled that holders of six-month money market certificates can convert them into the new "All Savers" certificates on Oct. 1 without an early-

withdrawal penalty. The decision was announced late Monday, and details remained to be worked out among the several banking regulators. It affects \$500 billion invested in the popular money market instruments. which are issued in denominations of \$10,000 or more at interest rates

tied to Treasury bill rates. The ruling did not deal with the issue of whether the tax-free condition for some interest earned on the new "All Savers" certificate would apply to the bonus packages being offered by banks and thrift

institutions for early commitment to the certificates. Many banks and thrifts suspended or amended the bonus plans Monday after the Internal Revenue Service warned that they may jeopardize the tax-free status of the interest earned on the certificates.

The "All Savers" certificate, designed to aid the ailing thrift in-dustry, becomes effective Oct. 1 and will allow individuals to earn \$1,000 and married couples up to \$2,000 a year in tax-free interest. The 12-month certificate will offer a maximum interest rate equal to 70-percent of the current rate on one-year Treasury bills, which analysts expect to be around 15 per-

For the thrift industry, a switch from money market certificates to "All Savers" certificates would

cent Oct. 1.

lower costs. Money market certificates are paying around 16 per-cent, while the new certificate, at current interest rate levels, would only pay about 10 percent to 11 percent interest.

The lower rate would be attrac-

tive to consumers in tax brackets above 30 percent because the taxfree interest makes the after-tax yield equal to or higher than the present rates for money market certificates.

The ruling allowing the conversion without a penalty is consistent with prior banking rules, which permit such action if the money is out into a new certificate that offers a lower interest rate and has a maturity that is equal too or longer than the remaining maturity on the

The rulings were made separately by the Federal Reserve Board, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. and the National Credit Union Administration.

But while it was clear how the rulings would affect the six-month money market certificates, there was not immediately a firm ruling by all the regulators on how the shifts from other certificates, such as the 21/2-year certificate, would be affected. The Fed and the National Credit Union rulings covered all certificates of deposit while the Federal Deposit Insur-ance Corp. and the Home Loan Bank Board did not.

The Federal banking regulators said that the Internal Revenue Service had alsos approved the con-

These securities have been sold outside the United States of America and Japan. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

1st September, 1981

NITTO ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

(Nitto Denki Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha)

U.S. \$40,000,000 5³ per cent. Convertible Bonds 1996



Morgan Stanley International J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Société Générale de Banque

Crédit Lyonnais Sanwa Bank (Underwriters) **Swiss Bank Corporation International**

Abu Dhabi Investment Company Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Amro International Associated Japanese Bank (International) Banca Commerciale Italiana Banca del Gottardo Banca Nazionale del Lavoro Banco di Roma Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Bank Julius Baer International Bank Brussel Lambert NV Bank für Gemeinwirtschaft Bank Leu International Ltd. Bank Mees & Hope NV Bank of Tokyo International Banque Française du Commerce Extérieur Banque Gévérale du Luxembourg S.A. Banque de l'Indochine et de Suez Banque Nationale de Paris Banque de Neuflize, Schlumberger, Mallet

Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas Banque Populaire Suisse S.A. Luxembourg Banque de l'Union Européenne Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd. Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations James Capel & Co. Carr Sebag & Co Chase Manhattan Chemical Bank International Citicorp International Group Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements CBI Credit Suisse First Boston Creditanstalt-Bankverein Crédit Commercial de France Crédit Industriel et Commercial

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Dai-ichi Securities Co., Ltd. Daiwa Bank (Capital Management) Ltd. Daiwa Europe Dentsche Bank DG Bank Dominion Securities Ames Deutsche Gironzentrale The Development Bank of Singapore Deutsche Genos European Banking Company Financière Dewaay S.A. Robert Fleming & Co. Dresdner Bank Fuji International Finance

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Orion Royal Bank Osakaya Securities Co., Ltd. Phillips & Drew Pierson, Heldring & Pierson N.V. Privatbanken Aktieselskab Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken N. M. Rothschild & Sons Salomon Brothers International Sanyo Securities Co., Ltd.

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East Germany.

These securities have been sold outside the United States of America and Japan. This announcement

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KAWASAKI STEEL CORPORATION

(Kawasaki Seitetsu Kabushiki Kaisha).

U.S. \$100,000,000

53% Convertible Bonds Due 1996

Daiwa Bank (Capital Management) Ltd.

Wood Gundy

Yamaichi International (Europe) Lir

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Crédit Lyonnais

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Kuwait International Investment Co. s.a.k. LTCB International Limited National Bank of Abu Dhabi The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Alahli Bank of Kuwait K.S.C. Abu Dhabi Investment Company The Taiyo Kobe Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.

Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Associated Japanese Bank (International) Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Bank of Tokyo International Banca del Gottardo Bank Juitus Baer International Bank Mees & Hope NV Bauca Commerciale Italiana Ranque Française du Commerce Extérieur Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Banque Nationale de Paris Banque Internationale à Luxembourg Société Asseyme Banque de l'Indochine et de Soez

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Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank Chemical Bank International Group Christiania Bank og Kreditkass Cazenove & Co. (Overseas)

Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements CBI Continental Illinois Citicorp International Group Crédit du Nord Dai-ichi Securities Co., Ltd. Crédit Commercial de France Crédit Industriel et Commercial Dean Witter Reynolds Overseas Ltd. Deutsche Girozentrale

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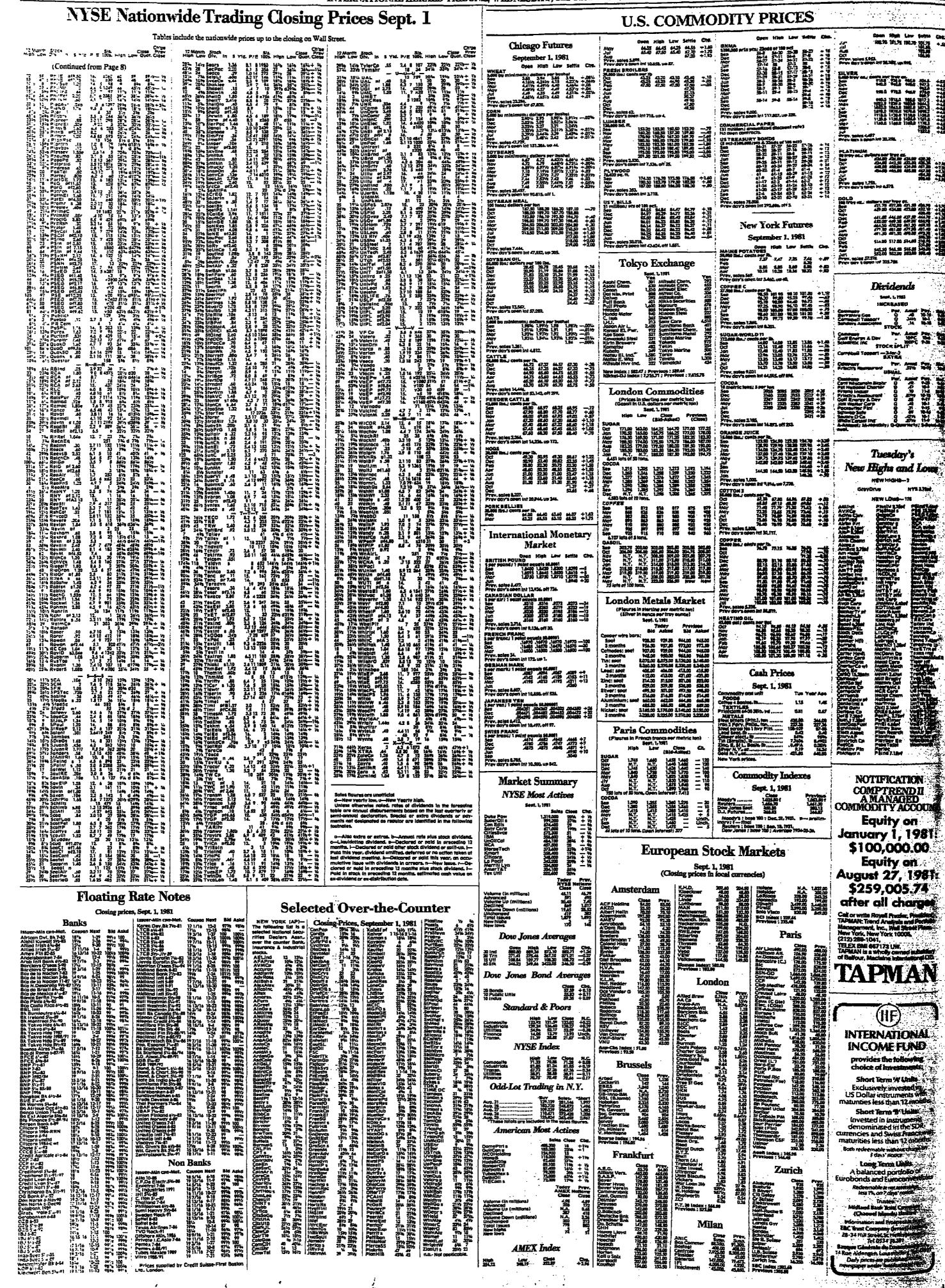
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Yokohama Asia Limited



Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street. 10 \$ YIL P/E 1000 Migh

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Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the toregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or table are all dentified in the following

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SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

General Establishment for the Exploitation of the Euphrates Basin N° /1611/M/D/3/

AN ANNOUNCEMENT for TENDERS

Basin announces its desire to promote Tenders for buying 10 Ten Hoeing Machines (digging ones) that turn in order to be used for hoeing Poplar Trees according to the Technical Specifications attached and in conformity with the following:

- Period of Delivery : As soon as possible.
- Temporary Deposits : 3% Three per cent of offer Value.
- Final Deposits : 5% Five per cent of the confirms-

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Tenders to be presented within a scaled envelope addressed with the name of General establishment for the exploitation of the Envelope (A) and contains the statements related with offer and

Envelope (B) that contains the Provisional Deposits and Specifica

Envelope (C) that contains Financial Statements.

To the General Establishment of the Euphrates Basin Department at AL-Thourah or AL-Rikkah/ AL-/Deri'eh or any of its centers in Aleppo - Damascus - Deir Ezzour - Tartous within a date that ends on Saturday 3/10/1981. No offer would be accepted after this date. AL-Thourah on 8/8/1981.

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Closing Prices, August 31, 1981

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Total sales 5,791,985 shares

Montreal Stocks Closing Prices, August 31, 1981

Total Sales 672,58e shares.

Canadian Indexes

Sept. 1, 1981

Montreal : Stock Exchange I Toronto : TSE 300 index.

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LONDON — Fujitsu Fanuc's
\$50-million, 15-year convertible
Eurobond was priced at par Tuesday bearing a coupon of 4½-percent, the lowest ever for a Japanese borrower. lead manager Nikko Securities said.

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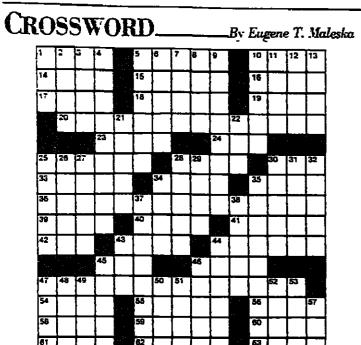
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ACROSS

water drink law, used by the Franks

10 Rebuff 14 "Hold horses!" 15 Historic town in Iraq 16 Bustle

17 Mickey and kin 19 Actor Skinner 20 Greet, in a way 23 Small drinks

24 Pique 28 Water plant 30 Bleak 33 Utopian 34 Region 35 River in

36 See 56 Across 39 Indian butter 40 Toward the 41 Decided for dawn 43 House at

Yorkshire

O.S.U. 44 Springs 45 Eur. country 47 Words after "Fragile 54 Shaped like a stadium

55 Headdress at Canterbury 56 With 36 Across, like a WEATHER

HONG KONG

JERUSALEM LAS PALMAS

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--Lenape Delaware

1 Training

5 Two-point

score in football

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*Oldtown Folks": 1869

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indian 59 Criminal offense 60 Madame Bovary 61 Yellowish

26 Baking potato 27 Dry periods 28 Enlightened Buddhist 29 Conduct 30 Public disorders 62 Certain tides 31 Napoleon's 63 Famed Grande' couturier group 32 Devil's-trum DOWN pets, e.g.

ground for Larry Holmes 2 Louis XV and XVI 3 Cry of pain 4 Superior, e.g.

38 Architectural order 43 Suffix with

34 Seaport in Spain

35 Drew in by

suction 37 Eric the Red

21 Eucalyptus

25 Tiny pest

eater 22 Spanish Mme.

44 Site of the University of Georgia 45 Talk-show

quip

46 Leather band 47 Where cargo goes 48 Assert 49 Darling dog 50 Fencing 51 "—boy!"

52 Nerve branches 53 Patron saint of sailors 57 Gibbon

LOW C F 16 61 Feir 20 65 Feir 17 52 Cleudy 12 54 Feir 20 68 Feir 26 77 Rain 24 75 Feir 14 57 Feir 14 57 Feir 14 57 Feir 15 Fei ALGARVE ALGIERS AMSTERDAM ANKARA ATHENS Cloudy Foggy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Fair Rain Overco Fair Fair Foggy Cloudy **MEXICO CITY** MIAMI MILAN MONTREAL MOSCOW MUNICH RUCKLAND BANGKOK BEIRUT BELGRADE **NEW DELHI** NICE OSLO PARIS PEKING CASABLANCA CHICAGO 17 63 Overcast
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September 1 1981					
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ALLIANCE INTLE/o Bk of Bermudo. — (d)Alliance IntLSRsvs.(51)	Berm.	Other Funds			
— (d)Alliance Infl.SRsvs.(51)	18.3pct [(w) Alexander Fund	\$13.25		
BANK JULIUS BAER & Co Ltd	CE (M) M	(r) Arab Finance I.F	5 974.80 5 689.18		
- (d) Conbor	SF (500.00	(w) Trustcor Int. Fd (AE!F)	SB.44		
- (d) Baerbond (d) Canbar (d) Canbar (d) Grabar (d) Stockbar	SF 92180 SF 1.083.00	(w) Bondselex - Issue Pr	SF 120.80		
		(w) CAMIT,	59.85		
BANK VON ERNST & Cle AG PE — (a) CSF Fund — (d) Crossbow Fund	\$F 18.57	(w) Capital Gains Inv			
- (d) Crossbow Fund	SF 7.25 S 13.49	(m) Cleveland Offshore Fd			
		(b) COMETE	\$964,00		
BRITANNIA, PO Box 271, St. Heller, J. — (w) Universal Grawth Fund — (w) High Interest Starting	1,219c	(w) Convert. Fd Int. A Certs	\$7,72		
— (w) High Interest Starting	ومطرعون	(d) Convert, Fd Int. B Certs	\$ 17.73 \$ 96.43		
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL		+(w) Currency Trust	120.00		
— (w) Capital In11 Fund	\$27.00 \$13.18 \$31.55	(w) Data Force intl	\$ 1.25		
- (w) Convertible Capital S.A	\$ 31.55	(w) D.G.C	\$49.42 ° \$25.10		
CREDIT SUISSE	*******	(w) Dreylus intercontinent	5.33.39		
— (d) Acrions Suisses	SF 724.00	(d) Europe Obligations			
LREDIT SOISSE - (d) Actions Suisses	SF 27125 SF 72400 SF 59.75 SF 80.75 SF 145.00	(d) Energy IntL N.V			
- (d Energie-Valor	SF 145.00	(w) First Eagle Fund	1 8,349.90 SF 185.50		
— (d) Ussec	5F 676.00 5F 106.25	(w) Formula Selection Fd	SF 83.78		
DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT		(d) Fonditalia	\$21.02		
—+(d) Concentro	DM ILI7	(d) FrankfTrust Interzins	DM 37.43 SF 4.77		
—+(g) Int'l Manuellon	DM 62.92	(d) Global Fund Ltd	DM 7.60		
FIDELITY PO Box 670, Hamilton — (m) American Values Common — (m) American Values Comm. Pref. (m) Evalue American Pref.	. Bermudo \$ 20.13	(w) Housemenn Hidgs, NV			
- (m) American Values Cum. Pref.	\$102,06 \$31,24	(0) Indosuez Multibonds A			
— (d) Fidelity Dir. Svgs_Tr	583.41	(d) Indosvez Multibonds 8 (d) Interfund S.A			
— (d) Fidelity For East Fd	5 30.87 5 30.83	(w) Intermarket Fund			
- (m) American values Cara. Prai (w) Fidelity Amer. Assets (d) Fidelity Dir. Svgs. 17	\$ 108.37 \$ 23.61	(r) Int'l Securities Fund	8 9.33 DAA 23.72		
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		(m) NSP FIT (BSP : \$124.44) (*) OBLI-DM	5 100.34 DJA 998 13		
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— (d) Intervalor — id) Japan Parriolo. — id) Sevasvolor New Ser — (d) Univ. Bond Select	5F 580.50 5F 209.50	(w) United Cap Inv. Fund	\$4,83° \$7,94		
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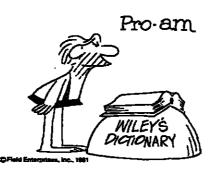
HEY BIG BROTHER, MY Worky is over! I just REMEMBERED SOMETHING ì Ũ

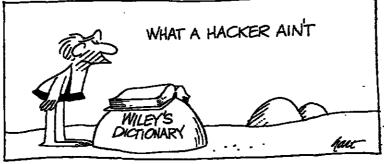


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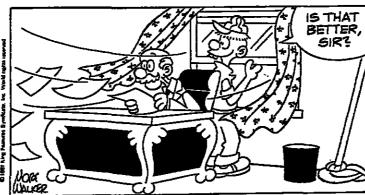


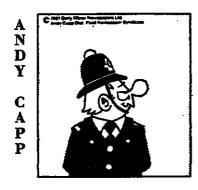


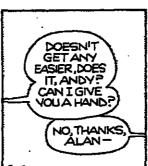


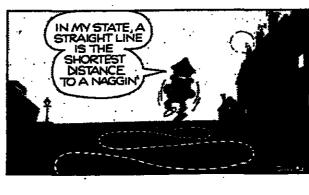




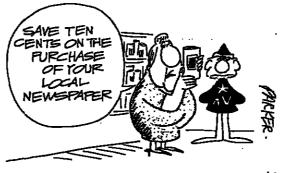








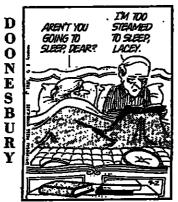








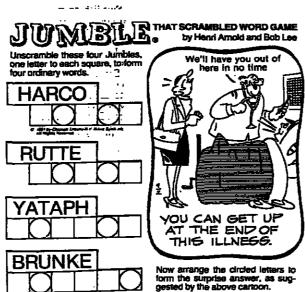












Answer here:

Jumbles: CRUSH SOUSE SADIST ACTING Answer: When they get together they're very cutting —SCISSORS

Imprimé par P.I.O. - 1, Boulevard Ney, 75018 Paris



"HEY, MR. WILSON! YOU'LL HURT YOUR EYES READIN' WITH THE PAPER SO CLOSE TO YOUR FACE!

BOOKS

ASKING FOR TROUBLE Autobiography of a Banned Journalist By Donald Woods, 373 pp. \$12.95.

Atheneum, Vreeland Avenue, Totowa, N.J. 07512.

Reviewed by Thomas Pakenham

FOR 12 years Donald Woods, edi-tor of South Africa's Daily Dispatch, and a zealous white liberal led a charmed life in the mine field. The old Dispatch had been a hundring provincial daily, a paper for fuddy-duddy whites (and a handful of

black and white liberals) in the empire-minded Eastern Cape. Woods gave it a passionate new voice and a dangerous new cutting edge. The Dispatch joined the frontline in the national crusade against apartheid. He hired black reporters. He drew in thousands of new black readers. He became the friend and admirer of Steve Biko, the banned leader of the Black Consciousness Movement. And when Biko died in 1977, casually beaten to death by the security police, it was Woods who stood up first to expose to the world the way Biko had died.

Predictably the paper then blew up in Woods' face. The government banned him. He was gagged as a journalist, put under virtual house-arrest. He broke free to Lesotho, wearing the soutane and biretta of a Catholic priest, and armed wand degree there. revolver. This cloak-and-dagger (biretta-and-Beretta) escape gives Woods story its climax. But it is more than a thriller. It is the story of a longer journey to freedom, of one man's war. 12 years long, against apartheid. To anyone who wants to understand that sys-tem, and count the cost, this book will be a revelation.

Born in Transkei

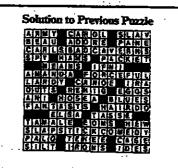
Woods was born in the Transker in 1933, the second son of a dealer doing a roaring trade near the small town of Elliotdale: hides and grain bought from Bomvana tribesmen in return for mirrors, beads, buckets and axes. From the beginning there were signs that young Woods would go far, if not too far. He spoke Xhosa like his Bomvana playmates. But in temperament he seemed to take after his irish forebears who rose against the British in 1798. The Christian Brothers in Kimberley, Irish themselves, found him impudent, and did their best, with the strap, to beat the impudence out of him. He came first in his grade in all South Africa. He played school-boy cricket for his state. He was a concert pianist and international chess player. The impudence re-

But in adult life it was channeled safely, it seemed - into journalism. At 31, after a few years as a cub re-porter, he grabbed the editorial chair of the Dispatch. He proved a master-ful editor. He roped in the prime minister. John Vorster, to help block a takeover by English-speaking rivals of his newspaper. He fought back against an attempted coup by one of his colleagues, threatening to take all the other staff out on strike. No wonder his employers seemed bemused by their editor. Fortunately Woods' provocative opinions made fat profits for the Dispatch.

At first the South African governpatience with Woods seemed to be asking for trouble. "Your liberals amuse me," began Vorster in one of the many Polonius-style lectures he gave him, hilariously recounted here. In fact Woods proved useful to the verligie (enlightened) wing of the Nationalists when the parry began to break up in the mid-70s. Woods made a deal with Piet Koornhof, the minister of sport, to work together to end apartheid in sport.

Long-Term Aims Different

Of course their long-term aims were poles apart. Koornhof planned domestic reforms in order to end the in-ternational sports boycott and take the heat off South Africa. Woods was out to smash the whole apartheid system. But the two men liked each other, and the dreaded General Van den Berg, the chief of BOSS (the security police) secretly sponsored Woods' trip to a chess conference in



Lucerne, paying his fare through shish fund.

It was the inendship with Sing Biko that changed everything in Woods. Until then he admin shares the woolly nopes of many liberal Apartheid, so they think, can be bear, en from within the system, using the qualified freedoms of press, paris ment and the law. For several years Woods joined in the elaboras characle of the appeal coarts, after bringing evidence against two men-bers of BOSS, and then delying the authorities to imprison him for refesing to name his sources.

His delense counsel might have prolonged these legal games inde-nitely. But meanwhile Steve Blo but brought him face to face with life mig is lived by black South Africans He now began to span two worlds. In the white world you talked of who hid dined with whom that week and is the black world of who had been rested and tortured.

Unrepentant

How does Woods today, ettlet to Britain with his wife and six children look back on these experiences? Una pentantly, of course, but without personal bitterness. He has paid the price for his courage in challenging the sytem. But implicit in his story — and the practice of apartheid — is the whitey in South Africa never suffer proportionalely with his black fellow countryman. If Woods had had a black skin he would not have sussed Mr. Vorster nor hobnobbed was General Van den Berg. He might have ended up a statistic; one more d those unexplained "suicides" in policy custody.

At the same time, Woods' expenences have confirmed his worst fram for his country's future. He down whether the verligies, with the best black aspirations. A war of liberation is, at believes, inevitable. "Only two things can be said about the develop-ing war in South Africa — that the whites will lose, and that the more fiercely they fight the more com-prehensively they will lose."

Thomas Pakenham is the outher of "The Boer War," and currently wrings a history of colonialism in Africa. He wrote this review for The Washington. Post.

Best Sellers

The New York Times This list is hasted on reports from more than LAC bookstores throughout the United States. With a flist are not necessarily consocutive. FICTION

THE THIRD DEADLY SIN by

4 GORRY PARK, by Martin Che S THE GLITTER DOME by lo-

scrib Wambaugh

6 GOODBYE, JANETTE, by Harold Robburs old Robbies.
7 THE CARDINAL SINS, by As-drew M. Gredry.
8 THE CLOWNS OF GOD, by

8 THE CLOWNS OF GOU, by Morris West.

9 TRADE WIND, by M.M. Kaye...

10 NIGHT PROBE, by Clive Casaler

11 GOD EMPEROR OF DUNE, by Frank Herbert.

12 THE LAST DAYS OF AMERICA, by Paul Endman...

13 LUCIANO'S LUCK, by Jack Higgs...

14 FREE FALL IN CRIMSON, by John D MacDonald IS LICENSE RENEWED, by John Gardner

NONFICTION THE BEVERLY HILLS DIET, by Judy Matel
THE LORD GOD MADE THEM

2 THE LORD GOD MADE THEM ALL, by James Herriot.

3 NEVER-SAY-DIET BOOK, by Rechard Simmons.

4 MISS PIGGY'S GUIDE TO LIFE, by Miss Figgy as told to Heary Beard.

5 THE HITE REPORT ON MALE SEXUALITY, by Share Rise.

6 LIVING ALONE & LIKING IT; by Lyan Shahen.

7 THE CINDERFELLA COMPLEX, by Colone BOOK, by Jane BRODY'S NUTRITION BOOK, by Jane BRODY'S NUTRITION BOOK, by Jane BRODY'S NUTRITION BOOK, by Jane BRODY.

10 HOW TO MARE LOVE TO A MAN, by Alexandra Penney.

11 THE EAGLE'S GIFT, by Carlos Costmoda.

THEORY Z. by William G. Outh

1) COSMOS by Carl Sagan.
14 KEEP IT SIMPLE by Marton Barros
15 MORNINGS ON HORSEBACK,
by David McCullough

BRIDGE

On the diagramed deal, after a weak two-spade bid from West, North had to find a way to show his minor two-suiter. The answer had to be four no-trump, since bids of two no-trump and three no-trump in this situation would be natural, not "unu-

South dutifully selected diamonds, and North took a reasonable shot at a slam by raising. His hand seemed to have only two likely losers, and South figured to have some strength in view

figured to have some strength in view of East's total passivity.

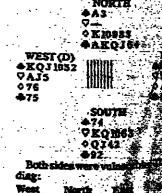
West's obvious lead of the spade king was the best for the defense and annoying for the declarer. South had to find a way of disposing of the spade loser before playing trumps. After winning with the spade ace he played three rounds of clubs, hoping that West would have three cinbs. When East followed to the third round, it was no use discarding the spade loser. Accordingly he ruffed spade loser. Accordingly be ruffed with the diamond jack and West was unable to overruff. He erred by dis-

carding a spade. This was a good sign, for since was now marked with the diame ace, there was a good chance to West held the heart ace. The he king was led, and West had to con Dummy ruffed, and another club of led. East discarded, and South nut. dummy's winner with the dismo queen to gain entry to her hand.

By Alan Truck The heart queen was cashed and The heart queen was cashed any spade loser was thrown from duality. Now, at last, trumps were played a drive out the ace, and dummy was a control. With any return duality could ruff, drawing the manual trumps and scoring the remaind chubs to make the slam.

It should be noted that West could have defeated the slam by distant.

have defeated the slam by distanti-hearts at every opportunity, lest the was not an obvious line of defeate. NORTH *A3 ♦ K10983



McEnroe, Lloyd Defend U.S. Open Tennis Titles

From Agency Disputcher
NEW YORK — The U.S. Open - the third leg of tennis' grand slam - began its two-week grind Tuesday with the world's top players aiming to dethrone defending champions John McEnroe and Chris Evert Lloyd. And history shows the top-seeded players face strong odds against winning the

McEarce, beginning his quest for a third straight U.S. crown, is seeded No. 1 for the first time; Lloyd, the women's top seed, is going after her sixth open title. Fourth-seeded Jimmy Comors, who won the Open in 1974, 1976

and 1978, was to play John Lloyd of Britain in an opening-day match while McEnroe was to meet Juan Numez of Chile.

Other seeded players playing Tuesday were to include fifth-seed ed José-Luis Clerc of Argentina and No. 8 Eliot Teltscher in men's singles, and, among the women, No. 2 Tracy Austin vs. No. 5 Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia, No. 6 Sylvia Hanika of West Germany vs. No. 9 Virginia Ruzici of Romania, No. 13 Regina Marsiko-va of Czechoslovakia vs. No. 16 Diame Fromholtz of Australia

Seeding for what was then the U.S. National Championships—the open, which allowed professionals to compete with amateurs, didn't come into being until 1968 began in 1927, and in the succeceding 54 years, only 17 men and 31 women seeded first have won singles titles. Only two unseeded players ever have won: Australians Mal Anderson in 1957 and Fred Stoile in 1966.

Stan Smith, other former champions competing this year are 1977 titlist Guillermo Vilas of Argentina, who is seeded sixth, and un-seeded like Nastase of Romania. the 1972 winner.

On six occasions since the 1968 open - the last time being the Bjorn Borg-McEnroe men's final last year - have the two top-seed-ed players reached the final. In only one instance, 1976, have both the top two seeds in both the men's and women's singles - Connors, Borg, Chris Evert and Evonne Goolagong — reached the finals. Since that year, at least one seeded player in the men's or women's singles event has been a first-

Wade Record Broken

Borg, the Swedish star, was seeded No. I for four consecutive years and has yet to win the open. He is seeded second this time. Brit-on Virginia Wade had her record string snapped this year when she was not seeded; she had been seeded in every open since 1968.

While seeking to become the first men's player in 56 years to win three straight U.S. titles, McEnroe will be more comfortable in Flushing Meadows than he was in England for his tempestuous Wimbledon,

And good fortune seems to mile on him here. For example, Bob Lutz, a potentially trouble some first-round opponent, with-drew last week, leaving McEnroe a possible free run before meeting



4 Phillie Home Runs Help Defeat Braves, 11-8

ATLANTA - Mike Schmidt hit his major-league-leading 23d home run of the year, good for three runs in the fifth inning and Keith Moreland followed with his sixth

BASEBALL ROUNDUP

as Philadelphia rallied to defeat the Braves, 11-8, here Monday night and stop at six games its longest losing streak since 1976.
Lonnie Smith and Luis Aguayo
also hit bases-empty homers as the
Phils produced 17 hits in support



Mike Schmidt ... No. 23

Major League **Standings**

Monday's Major League Line Scores

Montreal 200 100 131—8 12 2
Clacinnest 211 040 001—9 14 1
Burris, Soto (5), Fryman (7), Lee (8) and
Corter; Soto, Horse (7), Sofr (8) and O'Berry.
W—Bair, 2-1. L—Lee, 2-4. HRs— Montreal, Consono 2 (19), Milmer (5).
New York 001 000 000—1 9 3
Houston 200 070 025—6 8 0
Zochry, Segrops (7) and Sherres; Safton and New York, Mazzilli (4).
Philadehiblia 911 043 911—11 77 4
Affanta 409 004 900— 8 9 :
Ruthven, Reed (4) and Marelaud: Perry, Mon numers, 19-a. L.— Perry, 6-6; HRs—Philodel-phia, Smith (1), Schmidt (22), Mareland (4), Assure (1), Asiante, Hubbard (5). 006 NM 006-7 4 Kravec, Copilia (7). Martz (7) and Davis; Mura and Kennedy. W—Mura. 5-19. L—Kravec 1-I. HR—San Diego, Edwards (2). . .000 003 010 1—5.10 1237 000 000 D-4 9 Marian City 900 000 011—5 \$ 0 Konton City 900 010 000—1 9 1 Coldwell, Cleveland (7), Easterly (7), Fingers (7) and Yast's Leonard, Martin (9) and Wathen. W—Coldwell, +7, L—Leonard, 74, HRs—Kansas City, White (4), Milwaukse, Opilvia (8),

vived a grand-slam home run by Glenn Hubbard in the first and a four-run Atlanta rally in the sixth. Despite picking up his 10th vic-tory of the year, Ruthven surrendered all eight Atlanta runs and was not pleased with his 5%-inning performance. "We have the huxury of knowing we're going to be in the playoffs, but there's personal pride, too," Ruthven said. "I'm as

the way I pitched. It was just disgusting."
The Phillies trailed, 4-2, when Pete Rose and Bake McBride hit secutive singles in the fifth. After Schmidt's homer to center put Philadelphia ahead, Moreland put one into the seats in left, chasing Gaylord Perry (6-5). It was Perry's fifth unsuccessful attempt for his seventh victory and 296th career

grossed out as I've ever been with

victory. Agnayo ignited a three-run sixth with his homer off John Montefusco. With the Phils ahead 9-4. Atlanta chased Ruthven in the sixth on run-scoring hits by Rafael Ramirez, Rufino Linares and Clandell Washington.

Reds 9, Expos 8

In Cincinnati, Ray Knight's two-out single in the minth scored Ron Oester from second to give the Reds a 9-8 victory over Montreal. With one out, Oester singled off Bill Lee (2-4). One out later, pinch-hitter Mike Vail singled Oester to second before Knight hit a blooper that dropped just in in front of right fielder Warren Cro-

Astros 6, Mets 1

In Houston, Jose Cruz doubled home a run and a pair of errors by Dave Kingman allowed two more runs to score as the Astros beat New York, 6-1, and ran their winning streak to five games. Don Sutton (7-7) yielded nine hits and struck out eight in completing his third game of the year.

Padres 4, Cubs 1

In San Diego, Steve Mura not allow a hit until two were out pitched a six-hitter, stopping Bill in the fifth, when Sal Butera beat Buckner's hitting streak at 16 out a slow grounder that bounced

Templeton Hospitalized For Emotional Problems

From Agency Dispatches
ST. LOUIS — Shortstop Garry Templeton was hospitalized for 10 days to two weeks Monday for treatment of emotional problems, the St. Louis Cardinals an-nounced. "He has been hospitalized principally for his mental condition," team physician Dr. Stan London said of Templeton, suspended last week for making ob-

scene gestures to heckling fans.
The Cardinals removed Temple ton from the suspended list and placed him on the 15-day disabled list. The club said he would resume drawing his salary, but would still pay the \$5,000 fine levied by Manager Whitey Herzog after the inci-

BASEBALL American Leopee BALTIMORE—Recalled Mark Corey, outfleider, and Dave Ford, pitcher, from Rochester of the international Leopue. KANSAS CITY—Wolved Jerry Grote, catcher. Recalled Tim Ireland, infielder. Announced the oddition of Ken Phelps first basemas, Oalx Cascascion, shortstop; Parl Sheridan, outfleider; Grow Keatley, catcher; and Bilty Pascholl and Jett Schattlager, pitchers. TOCOLUTE_Slewest Tim Kuzinnin, third TORONTO—Signed Tim Kuziomka, Ithird TORON 10—signed in Kullonius, intra bosserium. ATLANTA—Recolled Latry McWilliams, pitcher, from Richmond of the interactional League. Placed Preston Hanna, pitcher, on the 1-day disabled list. NEW YORK—Reactivated Randy Jones, pitcher, Reactiled Ron Gardenbirs, infleider, from Tidewoler of the International League. PHILADELPHIA—Placed Larry Christesson, pitcher, on the 21-day disabled list. Activated Warren Brusster, pitcher, Released Ninn Espiness, pitcher, Activated George Vulgorich, outfielder. ST. LOUIS—Transferred George Vulgorich, outfielder. ST. LOUIS—Transferred George Vulgorich, outfielder. ST. LOUIS—Transferred George Vulgorich, pitcher, from Arkenues at the American Association. BASKETBALL

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	Biviewen, Monso (9), 5	piliner (7) and Hassey.
M -	Bando (8). W-Longian	d, B-B. L.— Biylaven. 9-4.
-	HRs-Ockland, Murphy	(11). Cleveland Kelly
3	m.	•
	Seattle	030 000 001-4 10 7
ď	Baltimore	010 002 000-3 7 0
	City, Anderson (8) 0	nd Bulline: McGregor,
	Stewart (2) and Demose	v. W—Anderson, 2-1 L—
9	Stewart, 3-5. HRs-Septile	Pondie (4) Bollimore.
3	Lowenstein (4).	
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	Minnesoto	900 000 000—0 3 Q
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-	Hobbs (4), Corbett (8) a	nd Butero, W—Righetti,
٠.	42, L. Williams, 3-7. H	R— New York, Gamble
	(10)	
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1.	(de derrith	000 000 000-0 7 2
	Texas	
	Stieb and Whitt; Jenk	ins, Johnson (9), Comer
5	(9) and Sundberg. W-Sf	eb. 7-9, L-Jenkins, 5-7.
	Detroit	802 100 000-3 9 0
2 .	Chicoso -	900 100 000—3 5 2
3 .	Wilcox and Porrish; B	aumgarien, Hickey (8),
	Hoyf (8) and Fish, W-W	
-	ten.5-7. HR-Chicago, Lu	ginski (76).
L	Mihitokes .	200 000 011

of Dick Ruthwen (10-5), who sur- sacrifice fly as the Padres beat Chi-

Pirates 5, Dodgers 4

In Los Angeles, Pittsburgh — at one point trailing, 40 — broke a seven-game losing streak on Bill Madlock's sacrifice fly in the 10th to edge the Dodgers, 5-4. Willie Montanez opened the inning with a pinch-single and Omar Moreno, attempting to sacrifice, was safe on third baseman Derrel Thomas' error. Lee Lacy bunted safely to load the bases before Maclock hit a fly deep to right field off reliever Dave Stewart (4-2).

Tigers 3, White Sox 1

In the American League, in Chicago, Steve Kemp had three hits, including a two-run triple in the third, to support Milt Wilcox's pitching as the Tigers beat Chicago, 3-1. The White Sox pulled off a triple along in the control of the sox pulled off a triple along in the control of the sox pulled off a triple along in the control of the sox pulled of the triple play in the second inning. With runners on first and second and a hit-and-run play on, Al Cowens hit a fly to right fielder Harold Baines; Baines threw to second baseman Tony Bernazard, who doubled Gibson off second before throwing to first baseman Mike Squires to triple up Lance Parrish. In the fourth, Kirk Gibson singled, went to second on Parrish's fly out and scored on

Cowens' single. Blue Jays 3, Rangers 0

In Arlington, Texas, Garth lorg singled through a drawn-in infield to break a scoreless tie in the eighth and start a three-run rally that carried Toronto and Dave Stieb (7-9) to a 3-0 win over the

Yankees 7, Twins 0

In Biocomington, Minn., Oscar Gamble hit a home run and Dave Winfield and Larry Milbourne each had three hits to help New York defeat the Twins, 7-0. Dave Righetti and Rich Gossage held Minnesota to three hits. Righetti (4-2) struck out four and walked one through eight innings. He did not allow a hit until two were out games, and Dave Edwards drove off third base. The Twins got two in two runs with a homer and a hits off him in the eighth; Gossage pitched the ninth.

A's 5. Indians 3

In Cleveland, Dwayne Murphy drove in four runs, including three with his 11th home run, and Tony Armas hit a run-scoring double to lead Oakland over the Indians, 5-3. The A's, 4-14 in road games with Eastern Division teams, stopped Cleveland's victory streak at five. Oakland Manager Billy Martin was ejected in the seventh by home plate umpire Don Denkinger. A's pitcher Tom Underwood got two

BASEBALL

BASKETBALL National Basketball Association
DETROIT—Signed Ron Les svort, to a mytti-

year contract.
WASHINGTON—Waived Austin Carr, suard,

FOOTBALL Notional Football League
ATLANTA—Walved Tim Mazzetti, kicker;
Billy Ryckman, wide receiver; Chuck, Herman,
sucard; and william Atlachel, lingbacker.
BALTIMORE—Walved Obed Artri, kicker;

and Frank Dark, defeasive back, Placed Brion

CHICAGO-Waived Hans Nielsen, kicker: Bri-

bupinshed thinking the state of the state of

strikes on Mike Hargrove but then delivered four straight balls. Mar-tin protested the calls and got the

Red Sox 4, Angels 1

single off Bruce Kison.

Brewers 5, Royals 1

In Kansas City, Paul Molitor and Cecil Cooper hit back-to-back doubles and Ben Oglivie hit a two-run homer in the first to pace Milwankee's 5-1 victory over the Royals. Mike Caldwell (9-7) gave up six hits in six innings; Rollie Fingers earned his 20th save.

Martin Regrets Umpire Assault, Drops Appeal

BOSTON — Billy Martin, manager of the Oakland A's, appeal of his one-week suspenion and \$1,000 fine for an incident in which he bumped and threw dirt at umpire Terry Cooney three months ago in Toron-

more games, that's it.

There was no word from the American League when Martin's suspension would resume. Cooney filed suit against Martin in a Toronto court, but Richie Phillips, executive director of the Major League Umpires Association, said the suit probably would be dropped after the Cooney received a formal apology.

In Boston, Jerry Remy drove in

two runs with a double and a sin-gle and Dennis Eckersley pitched a seven-hitter to lead the Red Sox to a 4-1 decision over California. Remy, batting 417 with runners in scoring position, drove in Boston's third run with a fifth-inning double off Dave Frost (1-4) and the fourth run two innings later with a

"I sent a letter to Lee McPhail [president of the American League] telling him that I was dropping my appeal in the best interest of baseball," Martin said Saturday. He had already served three days of the suspension. "The game is big-ger than all of us. I have great respect for Lee McPhail, and if he thinks I should sit out four

"In my letter I apologized to Lee McPhail and asked him to tell Terry Cooney I was sorry about the dirt incident. I made no apology for the bumping. That was accidental. I have no animosity toward Terry Coo-

ney whatsoever."

The Soccer Scene

Afoot: A Strong Pitch for a New Pitch

By Rob Hughes International Herald Tribune

LONDON - North American soccer, its nose bloodied after being prevented from altering the rules of play, now gains a wry con-solation on the other side of the Atlantic. The artificial playing surface used in NASL for almost two decades has just been unveiled in

Whether change is the equal of progress, whether synthetic pitches will unacceptably alter the European game, will take at least a season to determine. But at the London stadium of the Queens Park Rangers, the experiment is afoot.

It began Tuesday night when Jake Findlay, the 6-foot-1, 202-pound goalkeeper of second-division Luton Town dressed up grid-iron style — protective padding around the elbows, knees and hips and "a pair of wife's tights" become the first visiting goalie to hurl himself around on what amounts to a rubber carpet.

Fine Diving

"Diving is fine — it's not as hard as I thought," admitted Findlay after a practice session. But coming out sideways to get the ball off opponents' feet worries me. There's the problem of burn-

me. There's the problem of burning on the surface [hence those tights], and I reckon all goal-keepers will need protection."
Someone, sometime, is going to raise hell the day a hulking goal-keeper, clad in all that packaging, crunches an opponent in a goal-mouth scramble. Meanwhile, the state of ignorance, the argumentation, will surround QPR throughout its next 20 home matches. "I know all about grass," said Joe Namath, the onetime U.S. football great. "But I can't tell you about great. "But I can't tell you about Astroturi. I've never smoked it."

Actually, the new London pitch is of Canadian design — Omnituri, is of Canaman design — Ominion, made up of polyproplene fiber (not a term likely to fall from the lips of many soccer players), and costing £320,000 to lay.

And QPR, a maverick club with a maverick chairman, simply didn't wait for authority to give clearance. Last spring Chairman.

clearance. Last spring, Chairman Jim Gregory wrote to the soccer league and to the soccer association; be grew impatient, after waiting six weeks for a reply, and initiated this "historic progress" to a game played for over a century.

All Reasons, Alt Seasons

Eventually, swayed by the fiscal potential of a surface that permits multipurpose use — from seven-days-a-week, all-weather soccer to pop concerts — the league gave its blessing. The association is still de-liberating, its head perhaps stuck in the sand beneath the fibers.

Monetary, rather than esthetic proof, will win the argument. Even Terry Venables, the QPR coach and co-author of the soccer novel "They Used to Play on Grass," ailows, "The game can't turn its back on a development which can enable clubs to survive." Yet many fear that a surface im-

ported from the U.S.A.'s indoor stadiums may likewise synthesize the style of Europe's blend of skill and physical blood and thunder. I agree with Venables that the physical has somewhat overwhelmed the skillful, but the lack of balance in the NASL would be totally unacceptable on this side of the water. A really gifted team should beat

a lesser one no matter how alien the playing surface - as the Brazilian League champion, Gremio, demonstrated a few days ago by dismissing the New York Cosmos. 3-1, on the Astroturf of Giants' Stadium. Yet clearly there has to be adjustment.

Queens Park opponents have al-ready complained that it gives unfair advantage. Having weathered all types of surfaces, from cloying mud to bumpy early-season grass, a good team still makes a drastic adaptation to a smooth, carpeted surface. QPR counters that its players, who prefer fast, nonphysical action, have to make the transition week by week.

Encourage — and Expose

Recently, Jimmy Greaves, a nimble England sharpshooter of the sixties, sided with Omniturf advocates after a half-hour practice of running, shooting, twisting, turning, trapping and tackling. "It will encourage skillful players who master the ball," he declared, "and expose and embarrass the unso-phisticated and ponderous." A quick, positive judgment from a supremely decisive goal-scorer.

Transactions

Ron Rydolch, trekle; and John Skiblinski, futi-back. CLEVELAND—Walved Dan Cackroft, kicker; Terry Miller, dunning back; and Raymand Blach, offensive lineman. Placed Oliver Davis, Bloch, effensive lineman, Picced Oliver Davis, defensive back, on the Intrade reserve list. DALLAS—Treated Acron Mitchell, corner-back, to Tampa Bay for an undisclosed draft choice. Wolved Bruce Thornton, defensive end, and Scott Petitur, linebacker. Placed John Fitzperald, center, and Dector Cliniscole, line-backer, on the injured reserve list.

DENVER—Walved Jett Knapple, quarter-back, Aquired Steve DeBerg, quarterback, from Son Prancisco for an endisciosad dreft choica.
DETROIT—waived 80 Robinson, fullback;
John Arnold, wide receiver; and Burton Lawless, lineman, Piaced Steve Towle, linebacker;
and Don Greco, sward, on the injured reserve

SREEN BAY—Wolved Eric Torkelson, run-ning back, and Last'y Coomiss, center. KANSAS CITY—Wolved Mark Miller, quarter-back: Brad Oates, fackler; Ozzle Harryell, corner-

LOS ANGELES—Wolved Eivis Peacack, half-back; Mikes Clark, detensive end; and Marcus Anderson, wide receiver. Placed George Lillia, center, on the injured reserve list. MIAMI—Traded George Roberts, punter, to San Dieso for a sixth-round 1961 draft chalco. Placed Tam Henderson, linebocker; and Wil-tigm Intern. condensit, on the halfard reserveflom Judson, cornerback, on the injured reserve

NEW ENGLAND—Traded Bill Carrier, delen-sive back, to the N.Y. Glosts for on undisclosed draft choice. Placed Larry McGrew, linebacker; offensive lineman on the injured reserve list. NEW ORLEANS—Traded Tany Gaibreoth. NEW ORLEANS—I repeal tony controlled fullback. In Manassira for an undisclosed draft choice. Traded on undisclosed draft choice to Denver for Rab Nollma. Insebackor. Wolved Keu-in Williams wide receiver; Mila Spivey. corner-back: Jim Asmus. kicker; and Ray Costics, lineN.Y. GIANTS—Walved Lyle Blockwood and Jerome Kles, defensive bocks; Alvin Gorrett, wide reciever; Terry Falcan, oftensive lineman; and Cadric Brownlee, running bock. Obtained Bill Currier, strong safety, from New Ensland for an undisclased draft choice. Traded Kevin Turner, linebocker, to Washinston for an undisclased draft choice.

N.Y. JETS—Placed Ctark Gaines, running bock, on the injured reserve list. Walvad Paul Darby, wide receiver; Kirk Springs, defensive back; Steve Stephens, tight end; and Raiph De-Looch, defensive lineman.

book; Steve Septens, name and one capit De-Looch, defensive linetica. OAKLAND—Waived Don Pastorini, quarter-book; Gres Bracelin, linebacter; and Rich Mar-tini, wide receiver. Placed Kenny Hill, running book; and Willia Jones, defensive end, on the injured reserve list.

PHILADELPHIA—Waived Greg Laftwer.

tight end: Mike Curcle, ilnsbacker; Rich Gorze, suard: Sleve Howell, britisack; and Je Je Heath, detensive bock. SAN DIEGO—Traded Mike Wood, kicker, to SAN DIEGO—Tradad Alike Wood, kicker, to Boltimore for a future droft choice. Traded a fu-ture droft choice to Micmil for George Roberts, kicker, Walwas Jett Gossett, Punter. SAN FRANCISCO—Traded Jonnes Owens, wide receiver, to Tompe Boy for Johnny Davis, running back, Wolved Aboler Colline, fullback, Lewis Gilbert, tight end; Jimmy Wabb, defen-sive end; Matt Bouzh, wide receiver; and Ros DeBose and Eddia Williely, fight ends.

DeSoze and Eddle Whitely, tight ends. TAMPA BAY-Walved Isooc Hopins, wide recaiver; James Hunter, offeesive linemon: Bruc Rooterd and Steve Furniss, defensive linemen and Jeff Delany, defensive back, Pologi Deve Selmon, linebacker, on the injured reserve list.

HÖCKEY MINNESOTA—Signed Joil Washson, Acri Keneryo and Ari Yugʻi Lenters. WINNIPEG—Nomed Mile Smith coach of Tulso of the Central Höckey League.

TENNIS TEAM TENNIS Nomed Bille Jean King COLLEGE

where the Detroit Express played its soccer, is any guide, the smoothness will deteriorate. In Detroit, while the ball skidded across the surface and quickened players' responses, the carpet's many ridged joints made for dreadful, unnerving bounces. The ball suddenly leaped like a lizard over players' boots, making them look

What ultimately may sway the debate is the injury factor. Goalie Findlay talked of "burns," and

anyone who has seen NASL players will know of the grazes, the
welts, the leg and thigh blemishes.
With the wife's tights, such injuries need not trouble the £1,000-aweek star. But a few words with Franz Beckenbauer, Robbie Rensenbrink and Klaus Toppmöller,

Too quick, perhaps. For if the three Europeans who found the letes regularly performing on synsurface at the Pontaiac Stadium, jarring NASL surfaces too much thetic surfaces suffered in some for their ankle and knee joints. may be worrisome.

QPR's Venables dispels this fear, waving a Wisconsin study that suggests the injuries on artificial surfaces are minor and superficial. But the intensity of physical combat in the NASL is tepid in comparison to European, and in particular England, league play.

And a certain Dr. Ludwig Prokop, a medical profesor at the University of Vienna, has produced an unparalleled and uncontradicted research on "acute and chronic tear circumstances in tissues and motion apparatus of the human body" in track athletes. He found that 80 percent of track aththetic surfaces suffered in some way — their complaints ranging from ruptured Achilles tendons to painful vertebrae injuries.

Track athletes accept the risks in exchange for the irrefutable improvement on rubberized tracks. That case is not made for soccer, and cannot be, as QPR points out. at least until the end of one full, season. "The opinions I shall resays Coach Venables, "will be of those who complain when they win here or say something good when they lose."

He doesn't say what his own re-action will be if Clive Allen, his million-pound striker, needs an Achilles tendon operation next winter. His Wisconsin file suggests the fear is unfounded.

Team USA Braces for Canada Cup

From Agency Dupatches

EDMONTON, Alberta — A
year and a half ago, the United
States was gripped by the achievement of 20 underdog youngsters
who took on the amateur hockey
world and took home Olympic
gold medals.

For the Canada Cup tourna-ment, which was to begin here Tuesday, Coach Bob Johnson has assembled seven players from that Lake Placid squad, has recruited goalie. Tony Esposito and has added several Américan-born National Hockey League veterans. But he doesn't expect another miracle.

'Not World-Class'

"They are not world-class players," said Johnson, coach of the NCAA -champion University of Wisconsin. "Well, some of them are, but our plan is to play with excitement, to be emotional and at the same time not make mistakes.

"We have put together a sound defense. We don't have the scoring punch of the Canadians, the Swedes or the Soviets, so we have to play big-game hockey all the way. Each game is D day."
Winnipeg's Dave Christian is teamed with Hartford's Mark Howe and Philadelphia's Tom Gorence, giving Team USA an NHL line that scored a combined 71 goals, compared to Team Cana-da lines that average between 130-

Robbie Ftorek of Quebec will skate with Rob McLanahan and Tom Younghans and Steve Christoff combines with Neil Broten and Dean Talafons. The Team USA defense, built around Montreal's Rod Langway and New York Islander Dave Langevin, has been given a boost by the presence of Esposito, 37, a longtime Chicago Black Hawk,

since Aug. 10. Time for a Change

one the finest goalies Canada has ever produced and a U.S. citizen

Esposito said he became a naturalized American at the behest of various Team USA officials. "Besides," he added, "maybe it's time I voted a little bit. I've paid a lot of

and we'll be competitive," said Johnson, who has his son Mark, forwards Christoff, Christian, Broten and McClanahan and defensemen Ken Morrow and Bill Baker

from the 1980 Olympic team.
"You know," he added, "I wish
we could have our team together for two years or so, the way European countries do. We've got some great players and they're young. I wish we could keep them together. Now that would be interesting."

"I think as a team we're close," said Christoff. "We're the sleepers. Americans are a minority in the NHL. It's easier for us to come together. Team spirit, cohesiveness are not lacking. It's one of our strong points." But Team USA faces a more dif-

ficult task over the next two weeks than did the Olympic team. The opposition is far more formidable. Team Canada is filled with NHL stars — scoring sensations Wayne Gretzky, Mike Bossy, Guy Lafleur and Marcel Dionne, defensemen Denis Potvin, Larry Robinson and Ray Bourque; checkers Bob Gamey and Butch Goring and goaltenders Mike Liut and Billy Smith.

Wings Steve Shutt and Mike Gartner were the final two cuts announced Monday, reducing Cana-

da's roster to the required 20 skaters and three goaltenders. Swedes Strong

The Swedish entry is the strongest that country has ever sent into international competition, with the likes of centers Kent and Ulf Nilsson and defensemen Stefan Pers-

The Soviet Union and Czecho-Finland, which has molded 11 NHL players onto its 23-man roster, among them Risto Siltanen, Jan Kurn and Matti Hagman of

the Edmonton Oilers. The best Cezchoslovak line the Stastny brothers — comes from the NHL's Quebec Nordiques. Without them and several other veterans of international play, Czechoslovakia would be hard-pressed to get to the cup semifinals. The Czechs always seem to come up with a top goalie and this year it's Jiri Kralik. The defense has veterans Miroslav Dvorak and Milan Chalupa, while the attack is geared around youngsters like Jiri Lala, Jiri Dudaceck and Darius

Rusnak. Inexperience



Minnesota defenseman Craig Hartsburg kept Montreal's Guy LaFleur in check in a recent Team Canada exhibition match.

the Mikhailovs. Sergei Babinov, Valery Vasiliev and Vicheslev Fer-isov are well-known defensemen in Many believe this may be this international circles, but only four year's cup will be his last taste of names on the forward lines spring to the fore - Helmut Balderis, Sergei Kapustin, Alexander Maltsev and Victor Zhluktov.

international hockey.
"I will play as long as I can. or they let me," said Tretiak. "I feel I can still contribute to our team. Vladislav Tretiak, the goalie Look at Tony Esposito — he is still who seems to save his best for the good despite his age."

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Ireland son and Borje Salming. slovakia have sent their national teams to the round-robin competi-tion, which concludes Sept. 13 in Montreal. Both have been rebuilding since disappointing showings at Lake Placid. The final entrant is

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Everyman's Ed Meese

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — The last straw was the police waking me out of a sound sleep at 3 o'clock in the morning. They had caught a burglar going down the fire escape with my television set. "So put the TV set back and shut the window,"

I said, in very bad humor. What rankled was this: If I had

been President Reagan, they wouldn't have dared wake me up. They would have awakened said, "Since we didn't lose the

Ed Meese, and Ed would have TV set, I don't see any reason to

Baker wake him up at this hour of the night. I'll tell him at breakfast and we'll see that a case of bourbon gets around to the

Y

Thanks to Ed Meese, the president didn't get roused out of his bed when those Navy pilots shot down the Libyan planes and, as the president said, with my total approval, "Why wake me up since it wasn't our planes that were shot down?" or words to that effect. * * *

If you have an Ed Meese, he will handle these predawn nuisances for you. So next morning I said, "I'm tired of being waked up at 3 a.m. every time a burglar doesn't get away with the TV set. I'm going to get an Ed Meese."

The agency sent one over that afternoon. He took one look at the house and said I had better take two weeks vacation immediately so

he could put things in order.
"Go to the woods," said the Ed
Meese, whose name was actually Flinders. "They've got sharks at the seashore." "Now look here, Flinders," I

started to protest. started to protest.

"It's very unprofessional to be called by my given name," said he.

"The agency insists that all of us Ed Meeses be called Ed."

"Ed." said I, "they may have sharks at the seashore, but at the

woods they've got bears."

"Not to worry," said Ed, and he went ahead to the woods and cleared out all the bears before we arrived, and then went back to the house and balanced the check-book wiped the dirty finger smudges off the woodwork and replaced all the cracked plates. The

place looked tip-top when we got back, but Ed said there was trouble brewing.

"Your grandmother has asked for an appointment," he said.
"Also two of your children."

I told him to send in Granny first. Ed let her in. "Why can't I ever reach you on the telephone any more?" she asked.

Well, Granny, I didn't know you've been calling or I'd have —" "You don't have to answer any questions," said Ed, taking me by the elbow and guiding me into the kitchen. From the parlor, Granny was shouting. "Are you coming over for Sunday dinner?"

Ed said he would handle things, returned to the parlor, showed Granny out and said, "Not to worry," as he had agreed to attend Sunday dinner at Granny's in my place, if I promised to stay home watching TV games and not answer the telephone.

"Why can't I answer the tele-phone, Ed?"

"Because two of your children will be trying to call for money and you can't afford to give them any. Since you're too soft hearted to say no, I'll have to do it for you. You go out in the back yard and clear some brush while I reorgan-ize your business."

"But I don't have any business to be reorganized, Ed."
"You do now," he said. "I'm set-

ting you up in the brush-clearing business. The sales campaign starts next week with ads targeted into media along the Appalachian mountains. They've got thousands of square miles of uncleared brush up there. Within five years you'll be the biggest thing in the brush industry since the Fuller brush

Well, talk about exciting prospects. Having an Ed Meese opened new horizons. "With a guy like you, Ed," I said, "I could be president and and "I could be president about." dent some day."

Ed took me by the elbow and guided me to bed. "I'll see that you get some ideas in the morning." he said. "If you're bothered by any during the night, call for me and I'll get rid of them for you."

I am writing this under the blanket by candlelight and the phone is ringing downstairs. Probably somebody selling a course of dancing lessons. Let's hope Ed doesn't sign me up for any.

A 'Stoic' Goes to Harvard

Japanese-American Morley Robertson Mixes 'Hell Week' And New-Wave Rock in an Academic Photo Finish

We are the stoic boys in urban society at the turn of the century Oh, what a pity I am a stole boy from a Japanese university. —lyric by Morley Robertson

By Christine Chapman

International Herald Tribune TOKYO — Morley Robertson thinks he belongs in the Guinness Book of Records. "It's the first time in history," somebody at the university told him, that an American got into Todai, the prestigious University of Tokyo, by way of Japan's rugged entrance examination

But that's only part of the record. Early this spring the 18-year-old Robertson was a media personality in Japan, for he was also accepted by six top-ranking U.S. universities — Harvard, Massachusetts

Institute of Technology, Yale, Princeton, Stanford, and the University of California at

And, to fulfill a teen-ager's fantasy, CBS-Sony, a Japanese company, offered to publish a record of his songs, for the ambinous Robertson is also a musician. He plays the electric guitar, he writes words and music, and he sings. He is not quite a one-man band, but backed up by four other players he has produced his first record, a single called "Stoic," released Aug. 1 by CBS-

Robertson and the recording company call the music new wave, a combination of British punk rock and Jamaican reggae. Morley sees himself as an international, an American who is also Japanese, a young man who believes he must wake up Japan, and maybe the United States too to the possibilities of internation-

talist or political. I'm just trying to get everybody to understand what's happening. I want to do human beings good. To get them

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realize who they are. Everybody is living in an international world, but the majority of Japanese don't have that sense.

ness Morley Robertson is ingenuous and idealistic.

As a student, Robertson planned to enroll at both Todai

him credits equivalent to a junior year abroad. Although Robert-son entered the University of Tokyo in April, when the Japanese school year began, he dropped out in June to cut his record. Todai allowed him a year of grace, to re-enroll if he wishes next April. At the moment Robertson uncertain whether he will re-

vard on Sept. 6. "I think Harvard's more international than Todai. At Tokyo the students are homogenous in their manner and thinking. They have no identity. I didn't have any identity either until I went through 'exam hell.' The others were programmed to it by their parents and society. I pushed

turn to Tokyo. He enters Har-

Lived in Hiroshima

In Japanese Robertson is a hafu, or "half," the child of an American father, a doctor who is the administrative director of re-search at the U.S. Public Health Service Hospital in San Francisco, and a Japanese mother who was a Fulbright scholar. He is an American citizen fluent in both languages. Between the ages of 5 and 13 he lived in Hiroshima, where his father served on the Atomic Bomb Casualty Commission. Returning to Japan for the final three years of high school, Robertson was graduated from Takaoka High School in Toyama prefecture in northeastern Japan, hich his mother and grandfather had also attended.

On a vacation he studied for a few weeks at Sundai, a juku or special preparatory school in Tokyo famous for getting its stu-dents successfully through juken jigoku, or the "exam hell" of comprehensive and highly competitive university entrance exeminations.

In Japan one is admitted to a university on the basis of these test scores. Students intent on Todai will often study for years beyond high school in order to pass the examinations because Todai is the most difficult university to enter. Some repeat the process for several years until they succeed or give up. Known

in Japan as ronin, after the masterless samurat of history, these students without a university number about 200,000. Onethird of the University of To-kyo's entering class each year is made up of ronin. They may in-deed be "stoic," as Robertson calls them in the title song of his

"At Sundai there were old guys studying, men in their 20s with dark beards. The lecture room was so crowded that those who sat in the back used binoculars to see the blackboard." Robertson recalled.

"The study is totally inhuman. I took the science course exams and I learned self-discipline, but my eyesight deteriorated. I didn't have much time for extracurricu-lar activities although I did play in a band."

Lack of Identity

When he goes into his punk rock act, Robertson wears dark glasses and a black leather jacket. He sings about the unawareness;
of the Japanese. In a number like
"Sleepy," he describes people
dozing on the subway who "don't really know that they're fast asleep." Or, he laments the lack asiesp." Or, he laments the lack of personal identity in a song like "Akamon Rock," which tells of students passing through Todai's gate, not knowing who or what they are.

To the unappreciative ear Robertson's page mayor music with

bertson's new wave music with its strong beat and repetitive lyr-ics is no better, or no worse, than dozens of other rock records. Its difference lies in the fact that Ro-bertson has appointed himself the critic of his generation.

"My songs are all message songs," he said. "The kids of my generation have lost a chance to find their own identity because their parents have brought them up so as not to be hurt. They don't want their children to have the same pains they did. They've deprived them of a chance to col-lide with reality and expand.

"My philosophy is stoic. A stoic person does not escape from reality. He finds identity from the force of facing reality." After television appearances and concerts to promote the record, Robertson's trip back to

reality begins with a reunion with his parents and 10-year-old brother in San Francisco. After that he heads for Cambridge and the life of a college freshman. The Japanese press reported that he would study electronics. "I haven't made up my mind," he said. "I may go into any-

PEOPLE: Doria Divers Fina Gusti In Hull; Safe Search Ends

Doria and made preparations to end their expedition. Teams of weary divers worked extended shifts in a last-ditch effort to find and raise a second safe that could contain a fortune in jewels and currency. But their leader, depart-ment store heir Peter Ginbel, decided to give up the search. Divers located one safe Thursday and were keeping it immersed in water for fear its contents would disintegrate if sea water had seeped into the safe and were allowed to leak out. The expedition's second goal — to determine why the "unsink-able" Andrea Doria went down also was achieved. Divers late Sunday discovered "massive damage" to the hull, astonishing shipwreck experts who assumed the liner sank because one of its watertight compartment doors had been care. lessly left open. Spokeswoman Li-tian Pickard said Gimbel and an-other diver explored three decks other diver explored three decks down through the ship in search of the wateright door, but found an "enormous hole, larger than ever before thought" leading to the outside of the ship. "It did not matter whether the door was open or not," Pickard said. "The ship would have made accuracy." would have sunk anyway."

Ingmar Bergman, 63, said in an interview published in the newspaper Aftonbladet in Stockholm that per Aftonbladet in Stockholm that he plans to quit making movies because "I have made so many films since 1941 and I am starting to get old. The Bergman epoch is finished." His latest movie, "Fanny and Alexander," is just starting shooting in Stockholm. Another movie, which he described as his "absolute last," is scheduled for filming in Munich in 1983. In the interview, Bergman said he plans to retire to his home on the island to retire to his home on the island of Faeroe, "take it easy" and catch up on a lot of unread books. The retirement will not be total, however. Bergman plans to continue in the theater.

Actress Lyan Redgrave filed a \$10.4 million suit in Los Angeles against MCA-Universal studies, claiming she was fired from the television series "House Calls" because she wanted to breast-feed her baby. Universal spokesman Ben Hainern said the squabble was over money — not breast-feeding. "Her problem with breast-feeding is she doesn't want to breast-feed at less than twice her last salary," he said. "She turned down another

Divers abandoned their treasure 56,000 a week. It's hard to breast-hunt for a second safe in the ruins feed on that salary." Holding her of the sunken huntry liner Andrea 6-week-old daughter, Annabel. Redgrave told reporters the studio refused to allow her to bring the infant into her dressing from for breast-feeding because it would "hold up production." "It's an incredible length to go to," the 38-year-old English-born actress said after filing suit in Superior Court and sex discrimination charges with the state against the studio. Halpern said Universal does not prohibit actresses from breast-feeding their infants at the studio and that Susan St. James had done so during production of the "McMillan and Wife" series. He said Redgrave's husband-manager. John Clark, had demanded her John Clark, had demanded not contract be terminated because the studio refused his demands to double her salary. "Universal proposed a suitable arrangement for Miss Redgrave to breast-feed the baby," Halpern said. . . Actor Cary Grant has filed a \$10-million libel suit against the National Enquirer because it implied in an artiquirer because it implied in an arti-cle that his wife forced him into cle that his wife forced him into marriage. Grant, 77, and his wife Barbara Harris Grant, 30, filed the complaint in Los Angeles, charging a May 12 article entitled "The Untold Story: Why Cary Grant Married Again" was false and defamatory. The tabloid and the writer of the article, Allan A. Zullo, were named as defendants. Sorrel Trope, Grant's lawyer, said the Grants were outraged by the article's implication that Mrs. Grant pushed a reluctant Grant into marriage. "The idea that their relationriage. The idea that their relation-ship was created out of anything other than romantic love is factual ly false," Trope said.

> It took eight years and they covered 45,000 miles, but Ray and Shirley Triplett made their dream come true: they sailed around the globe on their 46-foot ketch. "We wouldn't trade those eight years for anything in the world." Triplett said as the ketch, Morning Star, bobbed gently at a slip in San Francisco. The Tripletts are both 59 and have been married for 40 years. Since sailing through the Golden Gate in June, 1973, the Tripletts have fought storms, survived a coral reef grounding and faced pirates off Sumatra. The Tripletts sailed to Hawaii, across the Pacific through the Indian Ocean to the Red Sea, the Mediterranean, through the Straits of Gibraltar, down the west coast of Africa, across the Atlantic, through the Panama Canal, west to Hawaii again and, finally, San Francisco.

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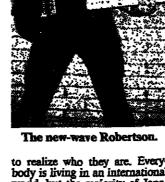
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al citizenship. 'Too Many Conflicts' "Through my music I'm trying to change the system to make a better environment. For myself first of all. There are too many conflicts in my life. As an international person, I'm seeking a double identity. To conform to a

certain country would mean I'm suffocating the other side of myself. I want to be flexible. "I'm not totalitarian or capi-



Under the adolescent brash-

"He doesn't do anything halfway," said Tetsuro Fujita, a producer at CBS-Sony. "He has a strong power of concentration."

and Harvard, spending a total of six years on the two campuses. The University of Tokyo said it was impossible; he must study there for four academic years. Harvard agreed only to allow

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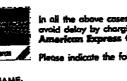
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